

~The Kit for a new type smear preparation~ Smear Gell ®

 $\sim$  Please read this manual before use  $\sim$ 

Product Number: SG-01

Lot Number: See labels of each reagent tube

<u>Product</u>: Kit for solidifying various types of cell suspensions including cultured cells, blood cells,3D culture cells and extremely small samples.

Shipment: Shipped frozen in dry ice (-20°C)

Storage: Store reagents (I-solution and II-solution) at -20°C immediately upon arrival.

Do not store in frost-free freezer with automatic thaw-freeze.

Components of Kit:

Reagents: I-solution (One tube -  $25 \mu \times 4$  for 40 tests including extra 4  $\mu$ L for trial )

II-solution (One tube  $-60 \,\mu L \times 4$  for 40 tests including extra 10  $\mu L$  for trial )

Accessories: 40 Slides

Product Manual

<u>Warranty</u>: One year after receiving the product.

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## §1. Preparation

#### 1. Sample

1) To prepare cell suspension, re-suspend cells in small amount of cell culture medium or neutral buffer after centrifugation.

- \* Fig. 1 is rough standard for concentrations of cell suspension. If the suspension looks to have enough conc. (approx.  $4 \times 10^3$  cells/µL), it is unnecessary to carry out centrifugation and re-suspension.
- \* When the cell sample is fixated, centrifuge it and discard the fixative. After washing the cells with PBS, re-suspend with mediums or buffers.
  - Re-fix the smear preparation with an appropriate fixative, after solidifying the sample on slideglass.
- \* When the cell suspension contains cryoprotectant like "Cell Banker" or Glycerol, wash the cells and resuspend with mediums or buffers.
- 2) Prepare 3µL of cell suspension per one slideglass.

<Table-1 Volume of mixture (cell suspension and solutionI) required for each number of slide >

		Number of slideglass				
		one	two	three	five	ten
Use as mixture	Cell suspension	3 µL	6 µL	9 µL	15 µL	30 µL
	Solution I	2 µL	4 µL	6 µL	10 µL	20 µL

\*Use  $5\mu L$  of solutionIIper one slideglass

## 2. Reagents and Others

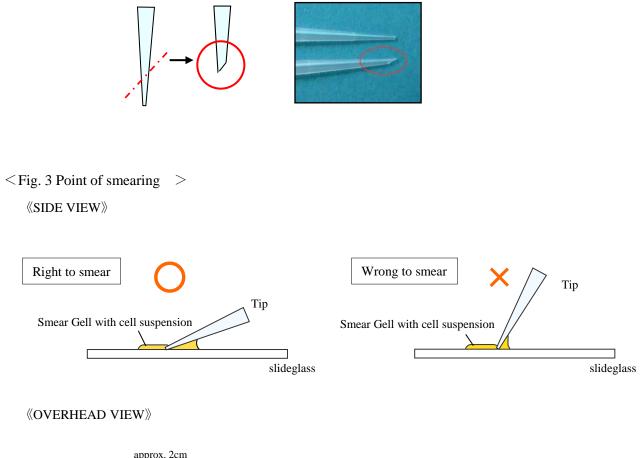
- 1) Thaw reagents (solutionI, II) of the Smear Gell kit in hands, just before to use and keep them at room temperature.
  - \* SolutionIand II are able to repeat only 2 ~ 3 times FREEZE-THAW cycles.
- 2) Prepare the APS coated slideglasses (MATSUNAMI).
  - \* If you use slideglasses of kit attachment, return them to room temperature before use.
- 3) Prepare an appropriate fixative.
  - \* When you fix smear preparations using this kit on slideglasses, soak them whole in the fixative.
  - \* Choose appropriate fixative suitable for your staining method. DO NOT USE ACETONE for this kit.

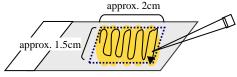
<Fig. 1 Rough standard for concentration of cell suspension >

7.5 × 10 <sup>4</sup> cells / slide	$1 \times 10^4$ cells / slide	$1 \times 10^3$ cells /slide		
(= 2.5 × 10 <sup>4</sup> cells / $\mu$ L)	(= 3.3 × 10 <sup>3</sup> cells /µL)	(= 3.3 × 10 <sup>2</sup> cells /µL)		

Hematopoietic cells (almost leukocyte) mag.  $\times$  100

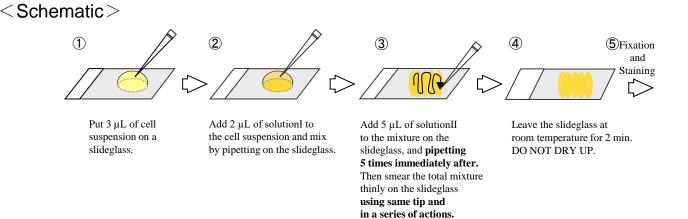
<Fig. 2 Tip>





It is suitable for smearing at appropriate thickness to make the tip shuttle about 5 times in approx.  $2\text{cm} \times 1.5\text{cm}$  area. DO NOT CARRY OUT RE-SMEARING. Finish smearing in one action.

### § 2. Method of preparing smear preparation using Smear Gell



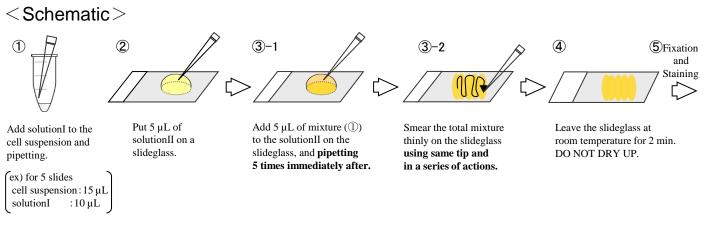
# [Protocol]

1. Put 3  $\mu$ L of cell suspension on a slideglass.

[Preparing only one slideglass at once]

- 2. Add 2  $\mu$ L of solutionI to the cell suspension and mix by pipetting on same slideglass.
- Add 5 μL of solutionII to the mixture on same slideglass, and pipetting 5 times immediately after, and furthermore smear the total mixture thinly with same tip, in a series of actions. It is easier to smear that the tip is slanted like Fig. 3.
  - \* Do not pipetting more than 5 times when you mix "mixture A" and solutionII, and start smearing no sooner after finish 5 times pipetting.
  - \* If you feel difficulty in smearing with normal tips, cut the head of tips like Fig. 2 and try to use it in Step 3.
- 4. Leave the slideglass at room temperature for 2 minutes to solidify the gel. AVOID DRYING.
  \* Do not leave more than 2 minutes.
- 5. Soak the slideglass in an appropriate fixative which suitable for your objective staining method.
   \* About 15 ~ 30 minutes fixation is enough.

## [Preparing some slideglasses at once]



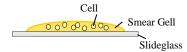
# [Protocol]

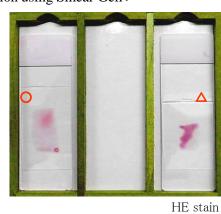
- Add solutionI to the cell suspension and pipetting well. (→ mixture A)
   \* See Table-1
- 2. Put 5  $\mu$ L of solutionII on a slideglass.
- Add 5 μL of mixture A to solutionII on the slideglass, and pipetting 5 times immediately after, and furthermore smear the total mixture thinly with same tip, in a series of actions. It is easier to smear that the tip is slanted like Fig. 3.
  - \* Do not pipetting more than 5 times when you mix "mixture A" and solutionII, and start smearing no sooner after finish 5 times pipetting.
  - \* If you feel difficulty in smearing with normal tips, cut the head of tips like Fig. 2 and try to use it in Step 3.
- 4. Leave the slideglass at room temperature for 2 minutes to solidify the gel. AVOID DRYING.
  \* Do not leave more than 2 minutes.
- 5. Soak the slideglass in an appropriate fixative which suitable for your objective staining method.
   \* About 15 ~ 30 minutes fixation is enough.

#### <Fig. 4 Example of smear preparation using Smear Gell>

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- \* Uniformly spreaded and appropriate thick Smear Gell containing cells.
- \* Cells were almost monolayer.
- $\ast\,$  It is easy to observe by a microscope.



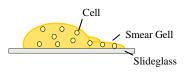




\* Smear Gell is likely to unstick due to its inequality.

\* Cells were multi-layer.

\* It seems difficult to observe by a microscope.



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