# Anti-Phosphotyrosine Catalog# SMC-157D

Size: 100µl

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# StressMarq Biosciences Inc.

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This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals

Product	Murine phosphotyrosine
	(ascites), monoclonal
Clone	13F9
Immunogen	Phosphotyrosine conjugated to KLH
Host and Subclass	Murine IgG₁ Kappa
Cited Applications	ELISA (7), WB
	Not tested but should work in:
	RIA, flow cytometry, IHC, IP
Specificity  Species cross-	Reacts with phosphotyrosine, and detects the presence of phosphotyrosine in proteins of both unstimulated and stimulated cell lysates. Does not cross react with phosphoserine or phosphothreonine.  Not species specific.
reactivity	not species specific.
Format	Clarified ascites containing 0.02%NaN <sub>3</sub>
Working dilution	1:2000 to 1:10000
Storage and	-20°C; 1 year+; shipped on
stability	cold packs or ambient

#### Scientific Background

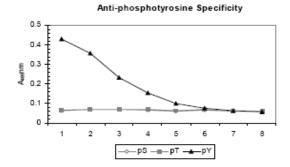
Protein phosphorylation is an important posttranslational modification that serves many key functions to regulate a protein's activity, localization, and protein-protein interactions. Phosphorylation is catalyzed by various specific protein kinases, which involves removing a phosphate group from ATP and covalently attaching it to to a recipient protein that acts as a substrate. Most kinases act on both serine and threonine; others act on tyrosine, and a number (dual specificity kinases) act on all three. Because phosphorylation can occur at multiple sites on any given protein, it can therefore change the function or localization of that protein at any time (1). Changing the function of these proteins has been linked to a number of diseases, including cancer, diabetes, heart disease, inflammation and neurological disorders (2-4).

In particular, the phosphorylation of tyrosine is considered one of the key steps in signal transduction and regulation of enzymatic activity (5). Phosphotyrosine can be detected through specific antibodies, and are helpful in facilitating the identification of tyrosine kinase substrates (6).

#### **Selected References**

- 1. Goto H. et al. (2005) Nature Cell Biology 8: 180-187.
- 2. Blume-Jensen P. and Hunter T. (2001) Nature 411:355-365.
- 3. Downward J. (2001) Nature 411: 759-762.
- 4. Pawson T. and Saxton T.M. (1999) Cell 97: 675-678.
- Frackelton A.R. Jr., Ross A.H., and Eisen H.N. (1983) Mol Cell Biol. 3: 1343-1352.
- 6. Ross A.H., Baltimore D., and Eisen H.N. (1981) *Nature* 294: 654-656.
- 7. Ostrovsky PC. (1995) Genes Dev. 9(16): 2034-2041.

## Certificate of Analysis



ELISA results of Mab anti-phosphotyrosine antibody tested against BSA conjugates of pT, pY and pS. Each well was coated with 0.1µg of conjugate. The starting dilution of antibody was 1:1000 and each point on the x-axis represents a 2-fold dilution. HRP conjugated Gt-a-Mouse IgG (H&L) and TMB substrate was used for detection.

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### Material Safety Data Sheet

### Anti-Phosphotyrosine (Monoclonal Antibody) SMC-157

This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals

The below information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. StressMarq shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See the Technical Specification, Packing Slip, Invoice, and Product Catalogue for additional terms and conditions of sale.

#### **Hazardous Ingredients**

The physical, chemical and toxicological properties of these components have not been fully investigated. It is recommended that all laboratory personnel follow standard laboratory safety procedures when handling this product. Safety procedures should include wearing OSHA approved safety glasses, gloves and protective clothing. Direct physical contact with this product should be avoided.

Known Hazardous ComponentsCAS NumberPercentSodium Azide26628-22-80.02

#### **Physical Data**

This product consists of ascites containing 0.02% azide shipped on gel packs. The physical properties of this product have not been investigated thoroughly.

#### Fire and Explosion Hazard and Reactivity Data

#### NOT APPLICABLE

#### **Toxicological Properties**

May be harmful by inhalation, ingestion, or skin absorption. The toxicological properties of this product have not been investigated thoroughly. Exercise due caution.

#### **Preventative Measures**

Wear chemical safety goggles and compatible chemical-resistant gloves. Avoid inhalation, contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Spill and Leak Procedures**

Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

- Wear protective equipment.
- Absorb on sand or vermiculite and place in closed containers for disposal.
- Dispose or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

#### First Aid Measures

- If swallowed, wash out mouth with water, provided person is conscious. Call a physician.
- In case of skin contact, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If a rash or other irritation develops, call a physician.
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, call a physician.
- In case of eye contact, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while separating the eyelids with fingers. Call a physician.

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