

PSGro® Human iPSC / ESC Growth Medium

PSGro[®] is designed for human induced pluripotent stem cells (iPSCs) and human embryonic stem cells (ESCs). It is serum-free and chemically-defined as all of its ingredients are synthetic chemicals or purified recombinant proteins. PSGro[®] supports feeder-free growth and maintenance of human iPSCs or human ESCs on extra-cellular matrix proteins (e.g., BD Matrigel™). Its performance is comparable to the market-leading mTeSR™1 in growth rate, characteristic morphology, pluoripotent markers, normal karyotype, and differentiation to germ layers.

Content and Storage PSGro[®] (Cat. # PGro-500) contains two components:

Components	Size	Storage	Shelf Life
Basal Medium (on gel ice)	450 mL	2 to 8°C. Keep from light	6 months
10x Supplement (dry ice)	50 mL	-20°C or below. Keep from light	6 months

Additional key reagents required or suggested

- Extracellular matrix proteins, such as Matrigel™ (BD, cat# 354277) or equivalent
- Accutase (Millipore, SCR005) or Collagenase IV (Invitrogen, 17104) or equivalent
- ROCK inhibitor Y-27632 (StemRD, Y-01/-05/-25) or Thiazovivin (StemRD, Thia-01/-05/-25)

Medium Preparation

- 1. Thaw PSGro® Supplement at room temperature or overnight at 4°C. If desired, thawed Supplement can be aliquoted and stored at -20°C or below, but further freeze-thaw should be avoided.
- 2. To make PSGro® complete medium, add 1 part of Supplement to 9 parts of Basal Medium. Mix.
- 3. Antibiotics can be added to the complete medium if so desired.
- 4. Once made, PSGro[®] complete medium is stable for 2 weeks when stored in dark at 2 to 8°C.

Coating plates with extracellular matrix proteins, such as Matrigel™

Refer to manufacturers' instructions. For BD Matrigel™, the following procedure can be followed:

- 1. Thaw Matrigel™ on ice. Dilute Matrigel 1:50 with pre-chilled DMEM medium.
- 2. Immediately use the diluted Matrigel[™] solution to coat tissue culture plates. For a 6-well plate, use 1 mL of diluted Matrigel[™] solution per well, and swirl the plate to spread the solution evenly.
- 3. Let the plate stand for 1 h at 37°C or overnight at 4°C.

Adaptation of growing feeder-free cells to PSGro®

Human iPSC or ESCs that have been grown in most commonly-used hiPSC/ESC media can be easily adapted into PSGro[®]. One round of 1:1 dilution of serum-containing or serum-free medium with PSGro[®] is generally sufficient. However, for certain media and cell lines, a longer and more graduate adaptation may be required.

Adaptation of growing feeder-dependent cells to PSGro®

- 1. Dissociate cells with Accutase, Collagenase IV or equivalent.
- 2. Add the previously-used medium and gently scrape off cells as aggregates. The ideal aggregate size is similar to other media and single cells from excessive pipetting may lower plating efficiency.
- 3. Transfer the suspension with cell aggregates into a 15 ml tube.
- 4. Centrifuge at 200 x g for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 5. Discard Matrigel™ solution, immediately add PSGro® (e.g., 2 mL/well for a 6-well plate).
- 6. After centrifugation, discard the supernatant, gently resuspend the pellet with 2 mL of the previously-used medium. *Note: Adding ROCK inhibitor (Y-27632 or Thiazovivin) to the medium is shown to increase the survival and plating efficiency.*
- 7. Transfer the cell aggregates in the previously-used medium to the wells with PSGro[®]. Mix. Gently.

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- 8. Culture the cells at 37°C, with 5% CO2 and 95% humidity.
- 9. On the next day, change medium to 4 mL fresh PSGro[®].

Recovery of frozen cells in PSGro®

- 1. Quickly thaw hiPSCs or hESCs in a 37°C water bath, transfer the contents to a 15 mL tube. Add 10 mL of the medium previously-used for the cells drop-wise to the tube with gentle mixing.
- 2. Centrifuge cells at 200 x g for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 3. Discard Matrigel™ solution, immediately add PSGro® (e.g., 2 mL/well for a 6-well plate).
- 4. After centrifugation, discard the supernatant, gently resuspend the pellet with 2 mL of the previously-used medium. *Note: Adding ROCK inhibitor (Y-27632 or Thiazovivin) to the medium is shown to increase the survival and plating efficiency.*
- 5. Transfer the cell aggregates in the previously-used medium to the plate with PSGro[®]. Mix gently.
- 6. Culture the cells at 37°C, with 5% CO2 and 95% humidity.
- 7. The next day, change medium to 4 mL fresh PSGro[®].

Passaging cells in PSGro® under feeder-free condition

- 1. Look under microscope to identify regions of differentiation. Mark the differentiated colonies using lens marker on the bottom of the plate (e.g., 6-well plate)
- 2. Remove regions of differentiation by scraping with a pipette tip or by aspiration.
- 3. Aspirate medium from the cell culture and rinse with PBS.
- 4. Add 0.5 mL per well of Accutase or Collagenase IV. Let stand at room temp for 1 2 min.
- 5. Remove Accutase, and gently rinse 2 3 times with 2 mL PSGro® to remove remaining enzymes.
- 6. Add 2 mL/well PSGro[®] and scrape colonies off with a cell scraper.
- 7. Transfer the detached cell aggregates to a 15 mL conical tube and rinse the well with an additional 2 mL PSGro® to collect any remaining aggregates.
- 8. Centrifuge at 200 x g for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 9. Aspirate the supernatant. Resuspend pellet in 4 mL PSGro® by pipetting gently. **Note: Adding ROCK inhibitor (Y-27632 or Thiazovivin) to the medium is shown to increase the survival and plating efficiency.**
- 10. Plate the cell aggregates with PSGro® onto a new plate coated with Matrigel™.
- 11. Culture the cells at 37°C, with 5% CO2 and 95% humidity.
- 12. Change medium daily. *Note: If the colonies are at an optimal density, the cells can be split every 5 7 days using 1:5 to 1:10 splits.*

Cryopreservation of cells in PSGro®

- 1. Prepare freezing medium which contains 90% PSGro® and 10% DMSO. **Note: Adding ROCK** inhibitor (Y-27632 or Thiazovivin) to the medium is shown to increase the survival and plating efficiency.
- 2. Perform steps 1 8 from Passaging cells in PSGro® under feeder-free condition
- 3. Gently aspirate the supernatant taking care to keep the cell pellet intact.
- 4. Gently resuspend the pellet in freezing medium, taking care to leave the cell aggregates larger than would normally be done for passaging.
- 5. Transfer 1 mL of cell aggregates in freezing medium into each labeled cryovial.
- 6. Place vials into an isopropanol freezing container and place the container at -80°C overnight.
- 7. Transfer to a liquid nitrogen tank the next day for long-term storage.

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