

## Kaliotoxin 1

<b>Product name:</b> Kaliotoxin 1	<b>Synonyms :</b> KTX1
<b>Catalog # :</b> 08KTX002	
<b>Product description</b> <p><b>Kaliotoxin-1 (KTX1)</b> has been isolated from the venom of the Scorpion <i>Androctonus mauretanicus mauretanicus</i>. <b>Kaliotoxin-1</b> shows a high structural affinity with <a href="#">Iberiotoxin</a> and <a href="#">Charybdotoxin</a> that inhibit <math>K_{Ca}^{2+}</math> channels activity. According to several studies, it appears that <b>Kaliotoxin-1</b> has a weak inhibitory effect on <math>K_{Ca}^{2+}</math> channels, but it is a potent and selective inhibitor of voltage-activated potassium channel (<math>K_v1.1</math>, <math>K_v1.2</math>, <math>K_v1.3</math>).</p>	
<b>Product specifications</b> <p><b>AA sequence:</b> Gly-Val-Glu-Ile-Asn-Val-Lys-Cys<sup>8</sup>-Ser-Gly-Ser-Pro-Gln-Cys<sup>14</sup>-Leu-Lys-Pro-Cys<sup>18</sup>-Lys-Asp-Ala-Gly-Met-Arg-Phe-Gly-Lys-Cys<sup>28</sup>-Met-Asn-Arg-Lys-Cys<sup>33</sup>-His-Cys<sup>35</sup>-Thr-Pro-Lys-OH  <b>Disulfide bonds:</b> Cys<sup>8</sup>-Cys<sup>28</sup>, Cys<sup>14</sup>-Cys<sup>33</sup> and Cys<sup>18</sup>-Cys<sup>35</sup>  <b>Length (aa):</b> 38  <b>Formula:</b> C<sub>171</sub>H<sub>284</sub>N<sub>56</sub>O<sub>48</sub>S<sub>8</sub>  <b>Appearance:</b> White lyophilized solid  <b>Molecular Weight:</b> 4149.04 Da  <b>CAS number:</b>  <b>Source:</b> Synthetic  <b>Counterion:</b> TFA salts  <b>Solubility:</b> Water or saline buffer, 5 mg/mL maximum (recommendation)</p>	
<b>Formulation</b> <p><b>Storage/Stability:</b> Shipped at ambient temperature under lyophilized powder. Store at -20°C (-4°F). Do not freeze-thaw. Aliquot sample if required and store at -80°C (-112°F).  <b>Expiry date:</b> One year  <b>Use restrictions:</b> For laboratory use only. Not for drug, household or other uses. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.</p>	
<b>Related products</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Margatoxin - #08MAG001</a>: blocks <math>K_v1.3</math> (IC<sub>50</sub> around 30 pM)</li> <li>• <a href="#">HsTx1 - #08NEU001</a>: blocks <math>K_v1.3</math> (Kd around 10 pM)</li> <li>• <a href="#">Maurotoxin - #08MAR001</a>: blocks <math>K_v1.1</math>, <math>K_v1.2</math>, <math>K_v1.3</math> and SK channels</li> <li>• <a href="#">ShK - #08SHK001</a>: blocks <math>K_v1.1</math>, <math>K_v1.3</math>, <math>K_v1.4</math> and <math>K_v1.6</math> at subnanomolecular concentrations</li> <li>• <a href="#">(Dap<sup>22</sup>)-ShK - #13SHD001</a>: selective blocker of the voltage-gated potassium channel <math>K_v1.3</math> (IC<sub>50</sub> ~ 23 pM)</li> <li>• <a href="#">ADWX-1 - #13ADW001</a>: blocks <math>K_v1.3</math> (IC<sub>50</sub> around 2 pM)</li> </ul>	
<b>References</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ladjel-Mendil A., <i>et al.</i> (2013) Neuropathophysiological effect and immuno-inflammatory response induced by kaliotoxin of androctonus scorpion venom. <i>Neuroimmunomodulation</i>.</li> <li>• Lange, A., <i>et al.</i> (2006) Toxin-induced conformational changes in a potassium channel revealed by solid-state NMR. <i>Nature</i></li> <li>• Lange, A., <i>et al.</i> (2005) A concept for rapid protein-structure determination by solid-state NMR spectroscopy. <i>Angew Chem Int Ed Engl</i></li> <li>• Gairi, M., <i>et al.</i> (1997) 3D structure of kaliotoxin: is residue 34 a key for channel selectivity? <i>J Pept Sci</i></li> <li>• Fernandez, I., <i>et al.</i> (1994) Kaliotoxin (1-37) shows structural differences with related potassium channel blockers. <i>Biochemistry</i></li> <li>• Crest, M., <i>et al.</i> (1992) Kaliotoxin, a novel peptidyl inhibitor of neuronal BK-type Ca(2+)-activated K<sup>+</sup> channels characterized from <i>Androctonus mauretanicus mauretanicus</i> venom. <i>J Biol Chem</i></li> </ul>	

For laboratory research use only