

CHP Antibody

Catalog No: #34517

Package Size: #34517-1 50ul #34517-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.comSupport: tech@signalwayantibody.com

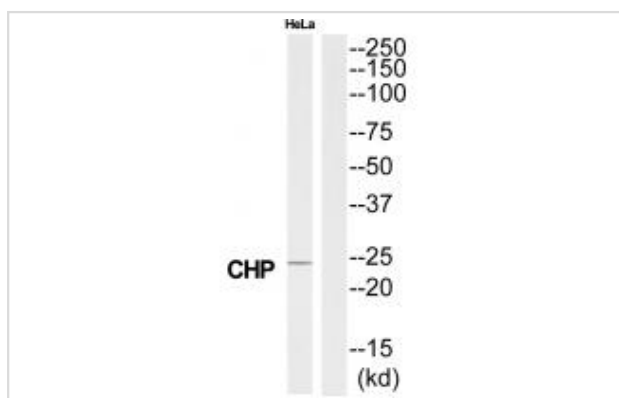
Description

Product Name	CHP Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Applications	WB
Species Reactivity	Hu
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total CHP protein.
Immunogen Type	Peptide
Immunogen Description	Synthesized peptide derived from N-terminal of human CHP.
Target Name	CHP
Other Names	Calcineurin B homolog; Calcineurin homologous protein; calcium binding protein P22; Calcium-binding protein CHP; Calcium-binding protein p22
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: Q99653NCBI Gene ID: 11261
SDS-PAGE MW	22kd
Concentration	1.0mg/ml
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C

Application Details

Western blotting: 1:500~1:3000

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells, using CHP antibody #34517.

Background

Calcium-binding protein involved in different processes such as regulation of vesicular trafficking, plasma membrane Na⁺/H⁺ exchanger and gene transcription. Involved in the constitutive exocytic membrane traffic. Mediates the association between microtubules and membrane-bound organelles of the endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi apparatus and is also required for the targeting and fusion of transcytotic vesicles (TCV) with the plasma membrane. Functions as an integral cofactor in cell pH regulation by controlling plasma membrane-type Na⁺/H⁺ exchange activity. Affects the pH sensitivity of SLC9A1/NHE1 by increasing its sensitivity at acidic pH. Required for the stabilization and localization of SLC9A1/NHE1 at the plasma membrane. Inhibits serum- and GTPase-stimulated Na⁺/H⁺ exchange. Plays a role as an inhibitor of ribosomal RNA transcription by repressing the nucleolar UBF1 transcriptional activity. May sequester UBF1 in the nucleoplasm and limit its translocation to the nucleolus. Associates to the ribosomal gene promoter. Acts as a negative regulator of the calcineurin/NFAT signaling pathway. Inhibits NFAT nuclear translocation and transcriptional activity by suppressing the calcium-dependent calcineurin phosphatase activity. Also negatively regulates the kinase activity of the apoptosis-induced kinase STK17B. Inhibits both STK17B auto- and substrate-phosphorylations in a calcium-dependent manner.

Lin X., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:12631-12636(1996).

Ebert L., Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Ota T., Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.