**IRGC** Antibody

Catalog No: #24945

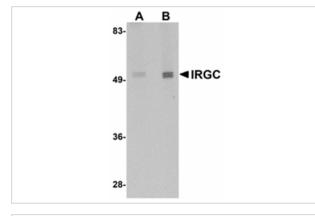
Description



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## Product Name **IRGC** Antibody Host Species Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Purification Affinity chromatography purified via peptide column E WB ICC Applications Species Reactivity Hu Ms Rt Specificity Two isoforms of IRGC are known to exist; this antibody will recognize both isoforms. Immunogen Type Peptide Immunogen Description Raised against a 12 amino acid peptide near the carboxy terminus of human IRGC. Target Name IRGC Other Names Immunity-related GTPase cinema 1, Interferon-inducible GTPase 5, ligp5, CINEMA Accession No. NP\_062558 Formulation Supplied in PBS containing 0.02% sodium azide. Can be stored at -20°C, stable for one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated Storage freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

## Images



Western blot analysis of IRGC in mouse brain tissue lysate with IRGC antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 ug/mL.



Immunocytochemistry of IRGC in A20 cells with IRGC antibody at 2.5 ug/mL.

## Background

Immunity-related GTPases (IRG) (also known as p47 GTPases) are a family of GTPase proteins found in vertebrates, which play critical roles in mediating innate resistance to intracellular pathogens. IRG genes have been found in a number of mammals and lower species including mice, rats, zebrafish and humans. Most of the mouse genes contain interferon-stimulated response elements which mediate transcriptional activation by IFNs. In humans, only two IRG genes have been found: human IRGC encodes a full-length IRG protein that, like the mouse homologue, is constitutively expressed in testis, while human IRGM encodes a considerably truncated protein that is constitutively expressed in cultured cells including some macrophage cell lines. As the two human genes IRGC and IRGM are not subject to IFN control, it has been suggested that the host resistance mechanism supported by IRG proteins in the mouse is lacking in humans.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.