## **CAD** Antibody

Catalog No: #24037



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

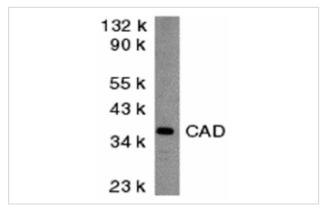
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Product Name	CAD Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Purification	Affinity chromatography purified via peptide column	
Applications	E WB IHC	
Species Reactivity	Ms Rt	
Immunogen Type	Peptide	
Immunogen Description	Raised against a peptide corresponding to 17 amino acids near the center of murine CAD.	
Target Name	CAD	
Other Names	DFF40 (I17)	
Accession No.	O54788	
Formulation	Supplied in PBS containing 0.02% sodium azide.	
Storage	Can be stored at -20°C, stable for one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated	
	freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.	

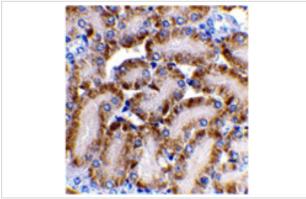
## **Application Details**

Predicted MW: 40 kd

## Images



Western blot analysis of CAD in mouse kidney tissue lysate with CAD antibody at 2 ug/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of CAD in mouse kidney tissue with CAD antibody at 2  $\mbox{ug/mL}$ .

## Background

Apoptosis is related to many diseases and induced by a family of cell death receptors and their ligands. Cell death signals are transduced by death domain containing adapter molecules and members of the caspase family of proteases. These death signals finally cause the degradation of chromosomal DNA by activated DNase. A mouse DNase that causes DNA fragmentation was identified recently and designated CAD (for caspase activated deoxyribonuclease). The human homologue of mouse CAD was more recently identified by two groups independently and termed CPAN and DFF40. Human DFF45 and its mouse homologue ICAD are the inhibitors of CPAN/DFF40 and CAD, respectively. Upon cleavage of DFF45/ICAD by activated caspase, DFF40/CAD is released and activated and eventually causes the degradation of DNA in the nuclei. Activation of CAD/DFF40, which causes DNA degradation, is the hallmark of apoptotic cell death.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.