# FAK(phospho-Tyr576/Tyr577) Antibody

Catalog No: #11545

Package Size: #11545-1 50ul #11545-2 100ul #11545-4 25ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

$\overline{}$			4.5	
	esc	rın	tioi	
-	-5	пυ	τιυι	П

Product Name	FAK(phospho-Tyr576/Tyr577) Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates.	
	Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho	
	specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.	
Applications	WB IF	
Species Reactivity	Human Mouse Rat	
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of FAK only when phosphorylated at tyrosine 576/577.	
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH	
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of tyrosine 576/tyrosine 577 (S-T-Y(p)-Y(p)-K-A) derived from	
	Human FAK.	
Target Name	FAK	
Modification	Phospho-Tyr576/Tyr577	
Other Names	FADK 1; FAK1; PTK2	
Other Names Accession No.	FADK 1; FAK1; PTK2 Swiss-Prot: Q05397NCBI Protein: NP_005598.3	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: Q05397NCBI Protein: NP_005598.3	
Accession No. Concentration	Swiss-Prot: Q05397NCBI Protein: NP_005598.3  1.0mg/ml	
Accession No. Concentration	Swiss-Prot: Q05397NCBI Protein: NP_005598.3  1.0mg/ml  Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02%	

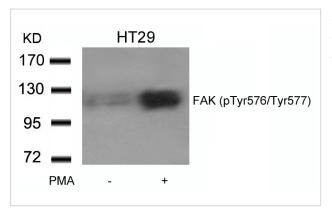
## **Application Details**

Predicted MW: 125kd

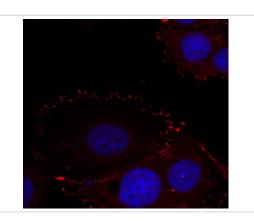
Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000

Immunofluorescence: 1:100~1:200

### **Images**



Western blot analysis of extracts from HT29 cells untreated or treated with PMA using FAK(phospho-Tyr576/Tyr577) Antibody #11545.



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed Hela cells using FAK(phospho-Tyr576/Tyr577) Antibody #11545.

### Background

Non-receptor protein-tyrosine kinase implicated in signaling pathways involved in cell motility, proliferation and apoptosis. Activated by tyrosine-phosphorylation in response to either integrin clustering induced by cell adhesion or antibody cross-linking, or via G-protein coupled receptor (GPCR) occupancy by ligands such as bombesin or lysophosphatidic acid, or via LDL receptor occupancy. Plays a potential role in oncogenic transformations resulting in increased kinase activity.

Parsons, J.T. et al. (2000) Oncogene 19, 5606-5613

Schaller, M.D. et al. (1994) Mol. Cell. Biol. 14, 1680-1688.

Cobb, B.S. et al. (1994) Mol. Cell. Biol. 14, 147-155.

Chen, H.C. et al. (1996) J. Biol. Chem. 271, 26329-26334.

#### **Published Papers**

Jun-shan RUAN, Yu-ping LIU, Lei ZHANG el at., Luteolin reduces the invasive potential of malignant melanoma cells by targeting B¦F 3 integrin and the epithelial-mesenchymal transition., Acta Pharmacologica Sinica., 33: 1325B°C1331(2012)

PMID:22983392

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.