

DESCRIPTION

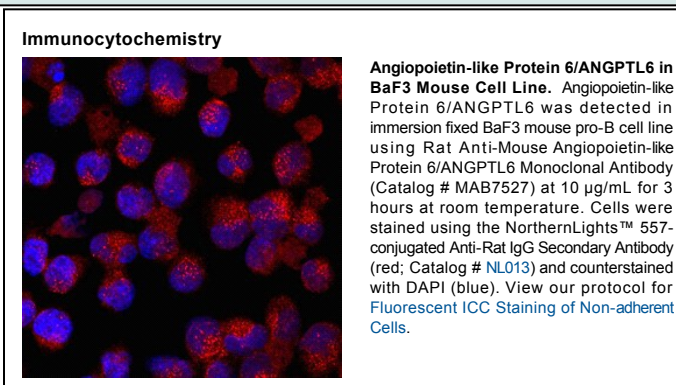
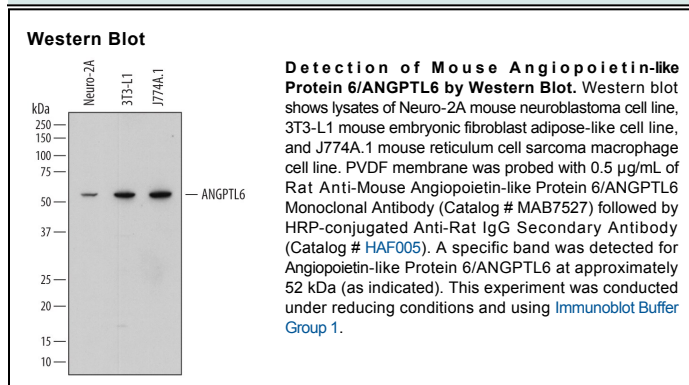
Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects mouse Angiotensin-like Protein 6/ANGPTL6 in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant human Angiotensin-like 6 or recombinant mouse Angiotensin-like 2 is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2A} Clone # 766544
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant mouse Angiotensin-like Protein 6/ANGPTL6 Ala25-Leu457 Accession # Q8ROZ6
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	0.5 µg/mL	See Below
Immunocytochemistry	8-25 µg/mL	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Sterile PBS to a final concentration of 0.5 mg/mL.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Angiotensin-like 6 (ANGPTL6), also known as angiotensin-related growth factor (AGF), is a secreted 50 kDa protein that contains a coiled-coil domain (aa 51-77, 126-164) and a fibrinogen-like domain (aa 238-456). A conserved Integrin-binding RGD motif is located within the fibrinogen-like domain. This enables ANGPTL6 to promote skin wound healing by mediating the adhesion and migration of keratinocytes, fibroblasts, and endothelial cells. ANGPTL6 also promotes the chemotaxis of vascular endothelial cells resulting in increased vascular permeability and angiogenesis. ANGPTL6 is also secreted by hepatocytes. It inhibits gluconeogenesis in these cells and promotes insulin sensitivity and energy expenditure in mice fed high fat diets. Serum levels of ANGPTL6 are elevated in metabolic syndrome, diabetes, and preeclampsia but are decreased in chronic renal failure. ANGPTL6 is additionally produced by several hematopoietic cell types including megakaryocytes, platelets, mast cells, and uterine NK cells. Mature mouse ANGPTL6 shares 75% and 95% sequence identity with human and rat ANGPTL6.