Human TIM-3 Antibody

Monoclonal Rat IgG_{2A} Clone # 344823 Catalog Number: MAB2365

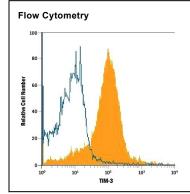
DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
•	Detects human TIM-3 in direct ELISAs and Western blots. Does not cross-react with recombinant human (rh) TIM-1, rhTIM-4, recombin mouse (rm) TIM-1, rmTIM-2, rmTIM-3, rmTIM-5, or rmTIM-6.		
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2A} Clone # 344823		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human TIM-3 Ser22-Arg200 Accession # Q8TDQ0.2		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.		

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	2.5 μg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



Detection of TIM-3 in Human Monocytes by Flow Cytometry. Human peripheral blood monocytes were stained with Rat Anti-Human TIM-3 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB2365, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # MAB006, open histogram), followed by Phycoerythrinconjugated Anti-Rat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0105B).

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.		
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C		
Stability & Storage	lise a manual defrost freezer and avoid reneated freeze-thaw cycles		

- bility & Storage
 Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thav
 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
 - 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
 - 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUNI

TIM-3 (T cell Immunoglobulin and Mucin domain-3) is a 60 kDa member of the TIM family of immune regulating molecules. TIMs are type I transmembrane glycoproteins with one Ig-like V-type domain and a Ser/Thr-rich mucin stalk (1-3). Mature human TIM-3 consists of a 181 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD), a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 78 aa cytoplasmic tail (4). An alternately spliced isoform is truncated following a short substitution after the Ig-like domain. Within the ECD, human TIM-3 shares 58% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat TIM-3. TIM-3 is expressed on the surface of effector T cells (CD4+ Th1 and CD8+ Tc1) but not on helper T cells (CD4+ Th2 and CD8+ Tc2) (4, 5). In chronic inflammation, autoimmune disorders, and some cancers, TIM-3 is upregulated on several other hematopoietic cell types. The Ig domain of TIM-3 interacts with a ligand on resting but not activated Th1 and Th2 cells (5, 6). The glycosylated Ig domain of TIM-3 binds cell-associated galectin-9. This induces TIM-3 Tyr phosphorylation and proapoptotic signaling (7). TIM-3 functions as a negative regulator of Th1 cell activity. Its blockade results in increased IFN-y production, Th1 cell proliferation and cytotoxicity (5, 6, 8), regulatory T cell development (5), and increases in macrophage and neutrophil infiltration into sites of inflammation (9).

References:

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- 6. Sabatos, C.A. et al. (2003) Nat. Immunol. 4:1102.
- 7. Zhu, C. et al. (2005) Nat. Immunol. 6:1245.
- 8. Koguchi, K. et al. (2006) J. Exp. Med. 203:1413
- 9. Frisancho-Kiss, S. et al. (2006) J. Immunol. 176:6411.

