Human AGTR-2 PE-conjugated Antibody Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 364805



Catalog Number: FAB3659P

100 TESTS

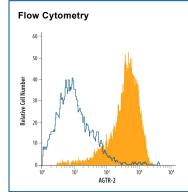
DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human AGTR-2. Stains human AGTR-2-transfected cells but not irrelevant transfectants.		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 364805		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	HEK293 human embryonic kidney cell line transfected with human AGTR-2 Met1-Ser363 Accession # P50052		
Conjugate	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm		
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μL/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



Detection of AGTR-2 in NS0 Mouse Cell Line Transfected with AGTR-2 by Flow Cytometry. NS0 mouse myeloma cell line transfected with AGTR-2 was stained with Mouse Anti-Human AGTR-2 PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB3659P, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # IC0041P, open histogram). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze

12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

AGTR-2, also known as AT2, is a 7-transmembrane protein that belongs to family 1 of G protein-coupled receptors. Both AGTR-2 and AGTR-1 bind Angiotensin II and function in the control of hemodynamics. In contrast to AGTR-1, which promotes vasoconstriction and cell proliferation, AGTR-2 inhibits growth and promotes apoptosis. In addition, Angiotensin II-induced AGTR-2 signaling induces the release of nitric oxide in the heart, kidney, and brain and participates in tissue morphogenesis and repair. Human AGTR-2 shares 92% amino acid sequence identity with mouse and rat AGTR-2.

