

# Human IL-7 Rα/CD127 PE-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG<sub>1</sub> Clone # 40131

Catalog Number: FAB306P 100 TESTS, 25 TESTS

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human IL-7 Rα in Western blots. In Western blots, approximately 5% cross-reactivity was observed with recombinant human (rh)	
	IL-10 R, rhIL-2 R $\beta$ , rhIL-5 R $\alpha$ , and rhIL-6 R.	
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>1</sub> Clone # 40131	
Purification	Protein A or G purified from ascites	
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human IL-7 Rα	
	Extracellular domain	
Conjugate	Phycoerythrin	
	Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm	
	Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm	
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.	
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Shee	
	(SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.	

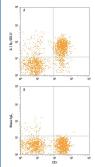
#### **APPLICATIONS**

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μL/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below

#### DATA

### Flow Cytometry



Detection of IL-7 Rα/CD127 in Human Blood Lymphocytes by Flow Cytometry. Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with Mouse Anti-Human CD3 $\epsilon$  APC-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB100A) and either (A) Mouse Anti-Human IL-7 Rα/CD127 PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB306P) or (B) Mouse  $\lg G_1$  Phycoerythrin Isotype Control (Catalog # IC002P). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage Protect from light. Do not freeze

• 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.





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### BACKGROUND

Interleukin 7 Receptor alpha (IL-7 R $\alpha$ ), also known as CD127, is a 75 kDa hematopoietin receptor superfamily member that plays an important role in lymphocyte differentiation, proliferation, and survival (1, 2). Mature human IL-7 R $\alpha$  consists of a 219 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD) with one fibronectin type-III domain and a WSXWS motif, a 25 aa transmembrane segment, and a 195 aa cytoplasmic domain (3). Alternate splicing of human IL-7 R $\alpha$  generates a secreted soluble form of the receptor (3). Within the ECD, human IL-7 R $\alpha$  shares 67% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat IL-7 R $\alpha$ . IL-7 R $\alpha$  associates with the common  $\gamma$  chain ( $\gamma$ ) to form the functional high affinity IL-7 receptor complex (4). The  $\gamma$ 0 is also a subunit of the receptors for IL-2, -4, -9, -15, and -21. Human and mouse IL-7 show cross-species activity through the IL-7 receptor (3, 5). IL-7 R $\alpha$ 1 is expressed on double negative (CD4/CD8) and CD4+ or CD8+ single positive T cells as well as on CD8+ memory T cells and their precursors (6, 7). It is expressed early in B cell development, prior to the appearance of surface IgM (6). In mouse, IL-7 activation of IL-7 R $\alpha$ 1 is critical for both T cell and B cell lineage development (8). In human, by contrast, it is required for T cell but not for B cell development (9). IL-7 induces the downregulation and shedding of cell surface IL-7 R $\alpha$ 10). IL-7 R $\alpha$ 2 additionally associates with TSLP R to form the functional receptor for thymic stromal lymphopoietin (11, 12). TSLP indirectly regulates T cell development by modulating dendritic cell activation (2, 13). Knockout of TSLP R in mice provokes minor changes in B and T cell development compared to those seen with IL-7 R $\alpha$ 4 deletion (8, 14). The complexity of IL-7 R $\alpha$ 6 biology is suggested by the competition between IL-7 and TSLP for receptor binding and by the ability of IL-7 R $\alpha$ 6 to form functional complexes with SCF R and HGF R (11, 12, 15, 16).

#### References:

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