

Mouse IL-27 Rα/WSX-1/TCCR PE-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Rat IgG_{2B} Clone # 263503

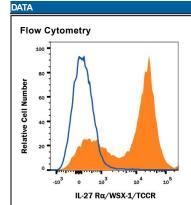
Catalog Number: FAB21091P

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Mouse		
Specificity	Detects mouse IL-27 Ra/WSX-1/TCCR in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse gp130 or recombinan human IL-27 Ra/WSX-1/TCCR is observed.		
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2B} Clone # 263503		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse IL-27 Rα/WSX-1/TCCR Gly29-Lys510 Accession # O70394		
Conjugate	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm		
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Shee (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 μg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below



Detection of IL-27 Ra/WSX-1/TCCR in Mouse Splenocytes by Flow Cytometry. Mouse splenocytes were stained with Rat Anti-Mouse IL-27 Ra/WSX-1/TCCR PEconjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB21091P, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # IC013P, open histogram). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

• 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.





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BACKGROUNI

IL-27 Rα, also known as WSX-1 and TCCR, is a 85-95 kDa member of the type I, group 2 cytokine receptor family (1-6). Mature IL-27 Rα is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein that contains a 486 amino acid (aa) extracellular region, a 21 aa transmembrane segment and a 92 aa cytoplasmic domain. Consistent with type I cytokine receptors, the extracellular region contains four positionally conserved cysteine residues, a WSxWS motif (for receptor folding and ligand binding), and three fibronectin type III repeats. The intracellular domain contains a "box-1" motif that may be involved with Janus kinases (3). In mouse, a soluble 33 kDa splice form that shows a 20 aa substitution for aa 251-623 has been identified (7). The mouse IL-27 Rα extracellular region shares 63% amino acid identify with the human IL-27 Rα extracellular domain (2, 3). IL-27 Rα is expressed in mast cells, endothelial cells, NK cells, macrophages, monocytes, B cells, dendritic cells, and naïve T cells (1, 2, 4, 8). Typical of other class I cytokine receptor chains, the ligand binding IL-27 Rα molecule is known to heterodimerize with a signal-transducing subunit (gp130) to form a functional IL-27 receptor (9, 10). In addition, IL-27 Rα is reported to complex with CNTFRα and gp130 form a humanin receptor on neurons (7, 11), and to complex with gp130 and IL-6 R to form a receptor for a p28:CLF heterodimeric cytokine on lymphocytes (12). Studies using IL-27 Rα/WSX-1-/- mice reveal that IL-27 has the ability to suppress T cell activity during infection, and to mediate an inhibition of both type 1 and type 2 T cell immunity (4, 13, 14). In particular, IL-27 is known to act on naïve T cells, blocking their differentiation into a Th17 phenotype. Notably, cells committed to a Th17 phenotype, although they express a functional IL-27 receptor, are unresponsive to the effects of IL-27 (15). Activated T cells that are CD4+ and CD8+, and which express the IL-27 receptor, can be induced by IL-27 to form a double-positive CD25+ FoxP3- IFN-y plus IL-10 secreting phe

References:

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