

# Human NKp46/NCR1 APC-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG<sub>2B</sub> Clone # 195314 Catalog Number: FAB1850A

20	
Catalog Number:	FAB1850A
100 TESTS	, 25 TESTS

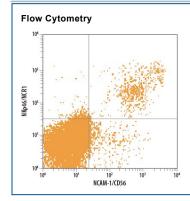
DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human NKp46/NCR1 in direct ELISAs and Western blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2B</sub> Clone # 195314
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse T cell hybridoma transfected with human NKp46/NCR1
Conjugate	Allophycocyanin Excitation Wavelength: 620-650 nm Emission Wavelength: 660-670 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Concentration	I
Flow Cytometry 10 μL/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below

### DATA



Detection of NKp46/NCR1 in Human Blood Lymphocytes by Flow Cytometry. Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with Mouse Anti-Human NKp46/ NCR1 APC-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB1850A) and Anti-Human CD56/NCAM-1 PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB2408P). Quadrant markers were set based on control antibody staining (Catalog # IC0041A). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

#### PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

## BACKGROUND

NKp46, along with NKp30 and NKp44, are activating receptors that have been collectively termed the natural cytotoxicity receptors (NCR) (1). These receptors lack significant sequence homology to one another. They are expressed almost exclusively by NK cells and play a major role in triggering some of the key lytic activities of NK cells. The CD56<sup>dim</sup>CD16<sup>+</sup> subpopulation that makes up the majority of NK cells in the peripheral blood and spleen expresses NKp46 in both resting and activated states (2). The main NK cell population of the lymph node (CD56<sup>biright</sup>CD16<sup>-</sup>) expresses low levels of NKp46 in resting cells, but expression is up-regulated by IL-2. NKp46 is a type I transmembrane protein with two extracellular Ig-like domains followed by a short stalk region, a transmembrane domain containing a positively charged amino acid residue, and a short cytoplasmic tail. Through its positive charge in the transmembrane domain, NKp46 associates with the

ITAM-bearing signal adapter proteins, CD3 $\zeta$  and Fc $\epsilon$ R1 $\gamma$ , which are able to form disulfide-linked homodimers and heterodimers (3, 8). Studies with neutralizing antibodies indicate that the three NCRs are primarily responsible for triggering the NK-mediated lysis of many human tumor cell lines. Blocking any of the NCRs individually resulted in partial inhibition of tumor cell lysis, but nearly complete inhibition of lysis was observed if all three receptors were blocked simultaneously (4).

NKp46 has also been implicated in recognition of virus-infected cells through its capacity to bind to viral hemagglutinins (5–7). Human NKp46 shares 58% and 59% amino acid sequence identity with the mouse and rat proteins, respectively.

### References:

- 1. Moretta, L. and A. Moretta (2004) EMBO J. 23:255.
- Ferlazzo, G. et al. (2004) J. Immunol. 172:1455.
- Augugliaro, R. et al. (2003) Eur. J. Immunol. 33:1235.
- 4. Pende, D. et al. (1999) J. Exp. Med. 190:1505.
- 5. Arnon, T. et al. (2004) Blood 103:664.
- 6. Arnon, T. et al. (2001) Eur. J. Immunol. 31:2680.
- 7. Mandelboim, O. et al. (2001) Nature **409**:1055
- 8. Moretta, A. et al. (2001) Annu. Rev. Immunol. 19:197.



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