

Human/Mouse SSEA-4 Fluorescein-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG₃ Clone # MC-813-70

Catalog Number: FAB1435F 100 TESTS

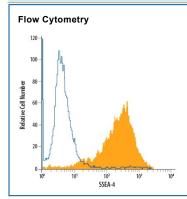
DESCRIPTION			
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Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse		
Specificity	Recognizes a carbohydrate epitope of SSEA-4 (1, 2).		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₃ Clone # MC-813-70		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	2120Ep human embryonal carcinoma cell line		
Conjugate	Fluorescein		
	Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm		
	Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm		
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μL/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



Detection of SSEA-4 in NTera-2 human testicular embryonic carcinoma cell line by Flow Cytometry. NTera-2 human testicular embryonic carcinoma cell line was stained with Mouse Anti-Human/Mouse SSEA-4 Fluorescein-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB1435F, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # IC007F, open histogram). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

SSEA-4 is expressed on the surface of human embryonal carcinoma (EC) cells (the pluripotent stem cells of teratocarcinomas), human embryonic germ cells (EG), and human embryonic stem cells (ES). Expression of SSEA-4 is down-regulated following differentiation of human EC cells. In contrast, the differentiation of murine EC and ES cells may be accompanied by an increase in SSEA-4 expression (1-4).

References:

- Shevinsky, L.H. et al. (1982) Cell 30:697.
- 2. Kannagi, R. et al. (1983) EMBO J. 2:2355.
- 3. Thomson, J.A. and J.S. Odorico (2000) Trends Biotechnol. 18:53.
- 4. Draper, J.S. et al. (2002) J. Anat. 200:249.

