

# Mouse CD8α Fluorescein-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Rat IgG<sub>2A</sub> Clone # 53-6.7 Catalog Number: FAB116F 100 TESTS, 25 TESTS

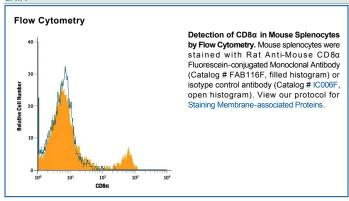
DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Mouse		
Specificity	Detects both the $\alpha$ and $\alpha'$ chains of mouse CD8 (1).		
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG <sub>2A</sub> Clone # 53-6.7		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Mouse thymus or spleen		
Conjugate	Fluorescein Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm		
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μL/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below

#### DATA



### PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

# BACKGROUND

CD8, also known as Ly-2, is a heterodimeric glycoprotein consisting of an  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  chain. It is expressed on cytolytic T cells and functions in conjunction with the T cell receptor in the recognition of MHC/peptide complexes. Mouse CD8 (containing an  $\alpha$ /L y-2 or  $\alpha$ /Lyt-2 chain) is an antigen co-receptor on the T cell surface which interacts with MHC I molecules on antigen presenting cells (1). CD8 $\alpha$  $\beta$  heterodimer is expressed on a subpopulation of mature T cells (2, 3). CD8 $\alpha$ , without CD8 $\beta$ , has been detected on subsets of  $\gamma\delta$  TCR-bearing T cells (4), intestinal intrathymic lymphocytes (5, 6) and dendritic cells (7, 8).

## References:

- 1. Bierer, B.E. et al. (1989) Annu. Rev. Immunol. 7:579.
- 2. Ledbetter, J.A. et al. (1980) J. Exp. Med. **152**:280.
- 3. Hayakawa, K. et al. (1994) Science 263:1131.
- 4. MacDonald, H.R. et al. (1990) Eur. J. Immunol. 20:927.
- 5. Rocha, B. et al. (1992) Immunol. Today 13:449.
- 6. Wang, J. and J.R. Klein (1994) Science 265:1860.
- 7. Vermec, D. et al. (1992) J. Exp. Med. 176:47.
- 8. Suss, G. and K. Shortman (1996) J. Exp. Med. 183:1789.

