DuoSet®IC

Human Total ROR1

Catalog Number DYC2000-2 DYC2000-5

For the development of sandwich ELISAs to measure Receptor Tyrosine Kinase-like Orphan Receptor 1 (ROR1) in cell lysates.

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product. For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This DuoSet® IC ELISA contains the basic components required for the development of sandwich ELISAs to measure Receptor Tyrosine Kinase-like Orphan Receptor 1 (ROR1) in cell lysates. An immobilized capture antibody specific for human ROR1 binds both tyrosine-phosphorylated and unphosphorylated ROR1. After washing away unbound material, a biotinylated detection antibody specific for human ROR1 is used to detect captured receptor, utilizing a standard Streptavidin-HRP format.

MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE CONDITIONS

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use past kit expiration date.

| DESCRIPTION | PART# | CATALOG # DYC2000-2 | CATALOG # DYC2000-5 | STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL | |
|--|--------|------------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Human Total ROR1 Capture Antibody | 843440 | 1 vial | 2 vials | Store for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C or aliquot and store at ≤ -20 °C for up to 3 months in a manual defrost freezer.* | |
| Human Total ROR1 Detection Antibody | 843441 | 1 vial | 2 vials | | |
| Human Total ROR1 Standard | 843442 | 3 vials | 5 vials | Use within one hour of reconstitution. Use a fresh control for each assay. | |
| Streptavidin-HRP | 890803 | 1 vial | 1 vial | Store for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C. DO NOT FREEZE. | |

^{*} Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

DYC2000-2 contains sufficient materials to run ELISAs on at least two 96 well plates.[†] DYC2000-5 contains sufficient materials to run ELISAs on at least five 96 well plates. [†]

- † Provided the following conditions are met:
- The reagents are prepared as described in this package insert.
- The assay is run as described in the General ELISA Protocol on page 5.
- The recommended microplates, buffers, diluents, substrates, and solutions are used.

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED

- Aprotinin (Sigma # A6279)
- Leupeptin (Tocris # 1167)
- NP-40 Alternative (EMD/Calbiochem # 492016)
- Sodium Azide (NaN₃) (Sigma # S2002)
- Sodium Orthovanadate (Na₃VO₄) (Sigma # S6508), activated
- Pipettes and pipette tips
- Deionized or distilled water
- 96 well microplates (R&D Systems, Catalog # DY990)
- Plate sealers (R&D Systems, Catalog # DY992)
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.

SOLUTIONS REQUIRED

PBS - 137 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 8.1 mM Na₂HPO₄, 1.5 mM KH₂PO₄, pH 7.2-7.4, 0.2 μ m filtered (R&D Systems, Catalog # DY006).

Wash Buffer - 0.05% Tween® 20 in PBS, pH 7.2-7.4 (R&D Systems, Catalog # WA126).

Block Buffer - 1% BSA*, 0.05% NaN₃ in PBS, pH 7.2-7.4.

IC Diluent #12** - 1% NP-40 Alternative, 20 mM Tris (pH 8.0), 137 mM NaCl, 10% glycerol, 2 mM EDTA, 1 mM activated sodium orthovanadate.

IC Diluent #14 - 20 mM Tris, 137 mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 20, 0.1% BSA*, pH 7.2-7.4.

Lysis Buffer #9** - 1% NP-40 Alternative, 20 mM Tris (pH 8.0), 137 mM NaCl, 10% glycerol, 2 mM EDTA, 1 mM activated sodium orthovanadate, 10 μ g/mL Aprotinin, 10 μ g/mL Leupeptin.

Note: Lysis Buffer #9 consists of IC Diluent #12 plus 10 μ g/mL Aprotinin and 10 μ g/mL Leupeptin. Approximately 50 mL of IC Diluent #12 is required to run the assay on one 96 well plate.

Substrate Solution - 1:1 mixture of Color Reagent A (H_2O_2) and Color Reagent B (Tetramethylbenzidine) (R&D Systems, Catalog # DY999).

Stop Solution - 2 N H₂SO₄ (R&D Systems, Catalog # DY994).

^{*}The use of R&D Systems Reagent Diluent Concentrate 2 (Catalog # DY995) or Millipore Bovine Serum Albumin, Fraction V, Protease free (Catalog # 82-045) is recommended. All buffers containing BSA must be stored at 2-8°C.

^{**}Alternatively, use Sample Diluent Concentrate 2 (2X) (R&D Systems, Catalog # DYC002), prepared as described in the DYC002 insert.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Human Total ROR1 Capture Antibody (Part 843440) - Each vial contains 1800 mg/mL of rat anti-human ROR1 antibody when reconstituted with 200 μ L of PBS. After reconstitution, store at 2-8 °C for up to 30 days or aliquot and store at \leq -20 °C in a manual defrost freezer or at \leq -70 °C for up to 3 months.*

Human Total ROR1 Detection Antibody (Part 843441) - Each vial contains 72 μ g/mL of biotinylated goat anti-human ROR1 antibody when reconstituted with 1.0 mL of IC Diluent #14. After reconstitution, store at 2-8 °C for up to 30 days or aliquot and store at \leq -20 °C in a manual defrost freezer or at \leq -70 °C for up to 3 months.*

Human Total ROR1 Standard (Part 843442) - Each vial contains 130 ng/mL of recombinant human ROR1 when reconstituted with 500 μL of IC Diluent #12. **Use within one hour of reconstitution.** Use a fresh standard for each assay. A seven point standard curve using 2-fold serial dilutions and a high standard of 20 ng/mL is recommended.

Streptavidin-HRP (Part 890803) - 1 mL of Streptavidin conjugated to horseradish-peroxidase. Store at 2-8 °C. **DO NOT FREEZE.** Immediately before use, dilute the Streptavidin-HRP to the working concentration specified on the vial using Diluent #14.

PREPARATION OF SAMPLES

Cell Lysates - Rinse cells two times with PBS, making sure to remove any remaining PBS after the second rinse. Solubilize cells at 1×10^7 cells/mL in Lysis Buffer #9 and allow samples to sit on ice for 15 minutes. Assay immediately or store at \leq -70 °C. Before use, centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 5 minutes and transfer the supernate to a clean test tube. Sample protein concentration may be quantified using a total protein assay. If needed, further dilutions should be made in IC Diluent #12.

PRECAUTIONS

The Stop Solution recommended for use with this kit is an acid solution.

Some components in this kit contain a preservative which may cause an allergic skin reaction. Avoid breathing mist.

Color Reagent B recommended for use with this kit may cause skin, eye, and respiratory irritation. Avoid breathing fumes.

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Please refer to the MSDS on our website prior to use.

TECHNICAL HINTS AND LIMITATIONS

- This DuoSet® IC ELISA should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
- Individual results may vary due to differences in technique, plasticware, and water sources.
- It is important that the diluents selected for reconstitution and for dilution of the standard reflect the environment of the samples being measured. The diluent suggested in this protocol should be suitable for most cell lysates.
- The type of enzyme and substrate and the concentrations of capture/detection antibodies used can be varied to create an immunoassay with a different sensitivity and dynamic range. A basic understanding of immunoassay development is required for the successful use of these reagents in immunoassays.
- A thorough and consistent wash technique is essential for proper assay performance. Wash Buffer should be dispensed forcefully and removed completely from the wells by aspiration or decanting. Remove any remaining Wash Buffer by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels.
- Use a fresh reagent reservoir and pipette tips for each step.
- It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
- Avoid microbial contamination of reagents and buffers. This may interfere with the sensitivity of the assay. Buffers containing protein should be made under aseptic conditions and stored at 2-8 °C or be prepared fresh daily.

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

A plate layout is provided to record controls and samples assayed.

Plate Preparation

- 1. Dilute the Capture Antibody to a working concentration of 10 μ g/mL in PBS, without carrier protein. Immediately coat a 96 well microplate with 100 μ L per well of the diluted Capture Antibody. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at room temperature.
- 2. Aspirate each well and wash with Wash Buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of 3 washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (400 μ L) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels.
- 3. Block plates by adding 300 μ L of Block Buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 1-2 hours.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2. The plates are now ready for sample addition.

Assay Procedure

- 1. Add 100 μ L of sample or control in IC Diluent #12 per well. Use IC Diluent #12 as the blank. Cover with a plate sealer and incubate 2 hours at room temperature.
 - **Note:** A seven point standard curve using 2-fold serial dilutions and a high standard of 20 ng/mL is recommended.
- 2. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of Plate Preparation.
- 3. Immediately before use, dilute the Detection Antibody to a working concentration of 2.0 μ g/mL in IC Diluent #14. Prepare only as much Detection Antibody as required to run each assay. Add 100 μ L of the diluted Detection Antibody to each well. Cover with a new plate sealer and incubate 2 hours at room temperature.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of Plate Preparation.
- 5. Add 100 mL of the diluted Streptavidin-HRP to each well. Incubate for 20 mintues at room temperature. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 6. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of Plate Preparation.
- 7. Add 100 μ L of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 8. Add 50 µL of Stop Solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 9. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

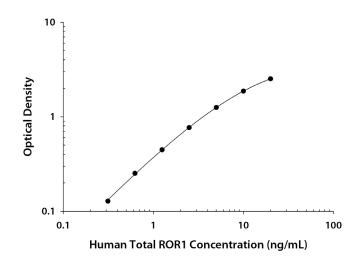
CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard and sample, and then subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the human ROR1 concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

TYPICAL DATA

A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. The graph below represents typical data generated when using the Human Total ROR1 DuoSet® IC ELISA. The standard curve was calculated using a computer generated 4-PL curve-fit. This standard curve is for demonstration purposes only.



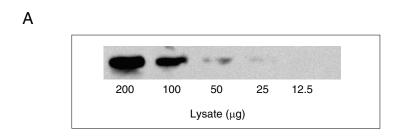
CALIBRATION

The Human Total ROR1 DuoSet® IC ELISA is calibrated against a highly purified NS0-expressed recombinant human ROR1/Fc Chimera produced at R&D Systems. Samples containing natural ROR1 showed linear dilution parallel to the standard curve obtained using the Human Total ROR1 Standard. These results indicate that O.D. values from this DuoSet® IC ELISA can be used to determine the relative concentration of ROR1 in natural samples.

SPECIFICITY

To determine specificity, recombinant human (rh) ROR2/Fc Chimera, rhTrkA/Fc Chimera, rhTrkB/Fc Chimera, and rhTrkC/Fc Chimera were assayed at 200 ng/mL and did not cross-react or interfere in the assay.

SENSITIVITY



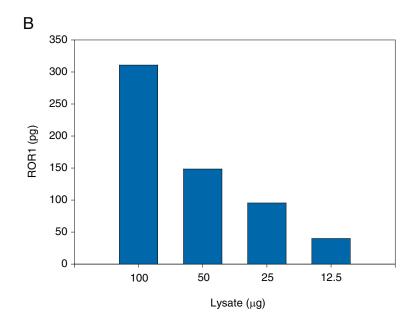


Figure 1: The Human Total ROR1 DuoSet® IC ELISA is more sensitive than immunoprecipitation (IP)-Western blot analysis. Lysates prepared from HT-29 human colon adenocarcinoma cells were serially diluted and analyzed by **(A)** IP-Western blot and **(B)** this DuoSet® IC ELISA. IPs were performed using an anti-ROR1 monoclonal antibody and goat anti-mouse IgG agarose. Immunoblots were incubated with a biotinylated anti-ROR1 polyclonal antibody (R&D Systems, Catalog # BAF2000) to detect total ROR1. Bands were visualized by chemiluminescent detection. Human ROR1 can be detected with this DuoSet® IC ELISA by using approximately 2 times less lysate than is needed for a conventional IP-Western blot.

QUANTIFICATION

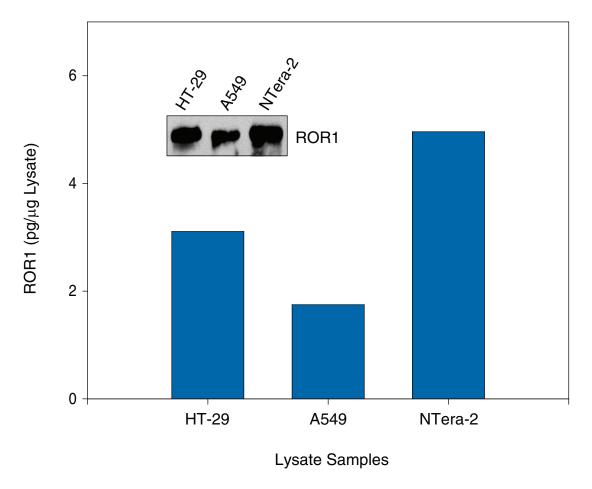
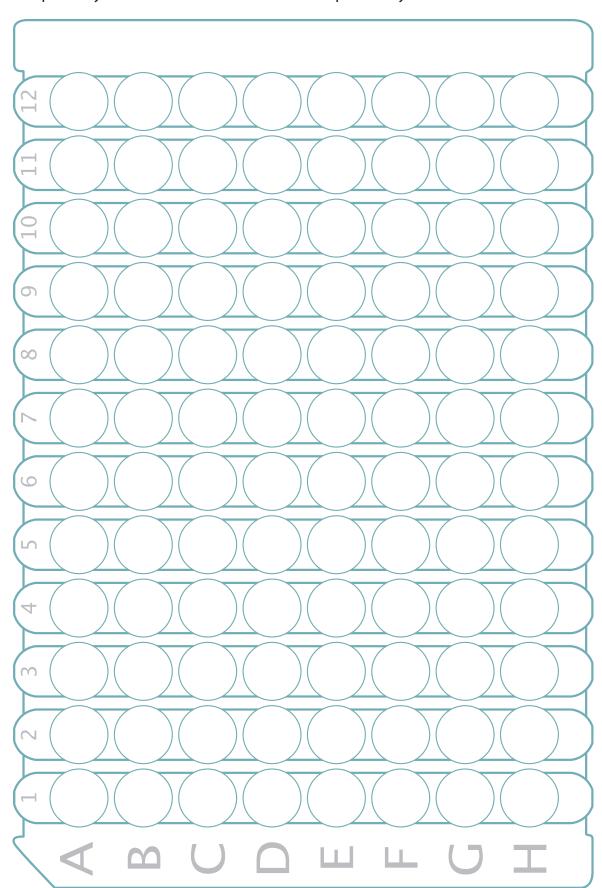


Figure 2: The Human Total ROR1 DuoSet® IC ELISA measures the level of ROR1. Lysates were prepared from HT-29 human colon adenocarcinoma cells, A549 human lung carcinoma cells, and NTera-2 human testicular embryonic carcinoma cells. ELISA and IP-Western blot (inset) analyses were performed using 100 μg and 200 μg of cell lysate, respectively. The IP-Western blot was performed as described in Figure 1.

PLATE LAYOUT

Use this plate layout to record standards and samples assayed.





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