

## Human VEGF-B<sub>167/186</sub> Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF751

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human VEGF-B <sub>167</sub> and human VEGF-B <sub>186</sub> in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, less than 1% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse (rm) VEGF-B <sub>186</sub> , rmVEGF-B <sub>167</sub> , rmVEGF-B <sub>206</sub> , recombinant human (rh) VEGF-A, rhVEGF-C, and rhVEGF-D is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant human VEGF-B <sub>186</sub>
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.
APPLICATIONS	
Please Note: Optimal diluti	ons should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.
	Recommended Sample Concentration
Western Blot	0.1 μg/mL Recombinant Human VEGF-B <sub>167</sub> (Catalog # 751-VE) and Recombinant Human VEGF-B <sub>186</sub>
PREPARATION AND S	STORAGE
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.  12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.  1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.  6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

## **BACKGROUND**

Vascular endothelial growth factor B (VEGF-B), also known as vascular endothelial growth factor-related factor (VRF), is a member of the VEGF family of growth factors that share structural and functional similarity (1, 2). Five mammalian members, including VEGF-A, -B, -C, -D and P/GF, have been identified. VEGF family members are disulfide-linked dimeric proteins that are important regulators of physiological and pathological vasculogenesis, angiogenesis and lymphangiogenesis. VEGF-B is expressed in most tissues, especially in heart, skeletal muscle and pancreas. In many tissues, VEGF-B is co-expressed and can heterodimerize with VEGF (3). By alternative splicing, two isoforms of mature VEGF-B containing 16r or 186 amino acid (aa) residues exist (3, 4). The two VEGF-B isoforms have identical amino-terminal cysteine-knot VEGF homology domains but the carboxyl end of VEGF-B<sub>167</sub> differs from that of VEGF-B<sub>186</sub> by the presence of a highly basic cysteine-rich heparin binding domain. Whereas VEGF-B<sub>186</sub> is a secreted diffusible protein, VEGF-B<sub>167</sub> is sequestered into the cell matrix after secretion. Both VEGF-B isoforms bind VEGF receptor 1 (VEGF R1), but not VEGF R2 or VEGF R3 (5). On endothelial cells, ligation of VEGF R1 by VEGF-B has been shown to regulate the expression and activity of urokinase type plasminogen activator and plasminogen activator inhibitor 1. VEGF-B<sub>167</sub> and a proteolytically processed form of VEGF-B<sub>186</sub> (VEGF-B<sub>127</sub>) also bind neuropilin-1 (NP-1), a type I transmembrane receptor for semaphorins/collapsins, ligands involved in neuron guidance (6). Besides VEGF-B, NP-1 has been shown to bind PLGF-2, VEGF<sub>165</sub> and VEGF R1 (6, 7). The many interactions of NP-1 with VEGF ligands and receptor suggests that NP-1 may function as a regulator of angiogenesis (7).

## References:

- 1. Li, X. and U. Eriksson (2001) Int. J. Biochem Cell Biol. 33:421.
- 2. Olofsson, B. et al. (1999) Curr. Opin. Biotechnol. 10:528.
- 3. Olofsson, B. et al. (1996) Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 93:2576.
- 4. Grimmond, S. et al. (1996) Benome Res. 6:124.
- 5. Olofsson, B. et al. (1998) Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 95:11709.
- 6. Makinen, T. et al. (1999) J. Biol. Chem. **274**:21217.
- 7. Fuh, G. et al. (2000) J. Biol. Chem. 275:26690.

