## Human/Mouse Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Sheep IgG Catalog Number: AF5169

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse		
Specificity	Detects human and mouse Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase in direct ELISAs and Western blots.		
Source	Polyclonal Sheep IgG		
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified		
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant human Enolase 2/Neuron-specific Enolase Met1-Leu434 Accession # P09104		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.		

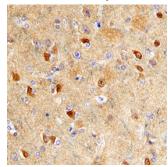
### **APPLICATIONS**

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 μg/mL	See Below
Immunohistochemistry	5-15 μg/mL	See Below

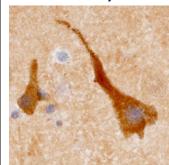
#### DATA

#### Immunohistochemistry

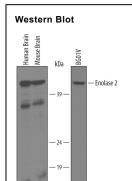


Enolase 2 in Human Brain. Enolase 2 was detected in immersion fixed paraffinembedded sections of human brain (cortex) using Human/Mouse Englase 2 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF5169) at 10 µg/mL overnight at 4 °C. Before incubation with the primary antibody, tissue was subjected to heatinduced epitope retrieval using Antigen Retrieval Reagent-Basic (Catalog # CTS013). Tissue was stained using the Anti-Sheep HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # CTS019) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was localized to cytoplasm. View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC Staining of Paraffin-embedded Tissue Sections.

#### Immunohistochemistry



Enolase 2 in Human Brain. Enolase 2 was detected in immersion fixed paraffinembedded sections of human brain (cortex) using Human/Mouse Englase 2 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF5169) at 10 µg/mL overnight at 4 °C. Before incubation with the primary antibody, tissue was subjected to heatinduced epitope retrieval using Antigen Retrieval Reagent-Basic (Catalog # CTS013). Tissue was stained using the Anti-Sheep HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # CTS019) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was localized to cytoplasm. View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC Staining of Paraffin-embedded Tissue Sections.



Detection of Human/Mouse Enolase 2 by Western Blot. Western blot shows lysates of human brain, mouse brain tissue, and BG01V human embryonic stem cells. PVDF membrane was probed with 1  $\mu$ g/mL of Human/Mouse Enolase 2 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF5169) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Sheep IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF016). A specific band was detected for Enolase 2 at approximately 46 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 8.

### PREPARATION AND STORAGE

**Reconstitution** Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

\*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

RED SYSTEMS®



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### BACKGROUND

Enolase 2 (2-phospho-D-glycerate hydrolyase; also neural enolase and  $\gamma$ -enolase) is a 46 kDa member of the Enolase family of enzymes. It is expressed in developing neurons and glia, is known to catalyze the generation of phosphoenolpyruvate, and is suggested to possess neurotrophic activity for neurons, likely through an extracellular mechanism. Human Enolase 2 is 434 amino acids (aa) in length. The enzymatic site spans most of the length of the molecule. Enolase 2 exists as both a noncovalently-linked homodimer, or heterodimer with  $\alpha$ -enolase. Full-length human Enolase 2 is 99% as identical to both mouse and canine Enolase 2. It shares 83% as identity with human enolases # 1 and # 3.

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