

**Product Name:** Jingzhaotoxin III

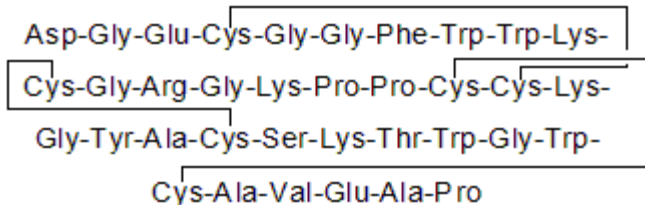
**Catalog No.:** 4913

**Batch No.:** 1

CAS Number: 925463-91-8

**1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Batch Molecular Formula:** C<sub>174</sub>H<sub>241</sub>N<sub>47</sub>O<sub>46</sub>S<sub>6</sub>  
**Batch Molecular Weight:** 3919.47  
**Physical Appearance:** White lyophilised solid  
**Net Peptide Content:** 100%  
**Counter Ion:** TFA salt  
**Solubility:** Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water  
**Storage:** Store at -20°C  
**Peptide Sequence:**



**2. ANALYTICAL DATA**

**HPLC:** Shows 99.3% purity  
**Mass Spectrum:** Consistent with structure

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

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**Description:**

Selective blocker of Na<sub>v</sub>1.5 channels (IC<sub>50</sub> = 348 nM); displays no effect on other isoforms, including Na<sub>v</sub>1.2, Na<sub>v</sub>1.4, Na<sub>v</sub>1.6 and Na<sub>v</sub>1.7. Thought to inhibit sodium channel activation by binding to the Na<sub>v</sub>1.5 S3-S4 linker of domain II. Selectively inhibits the activation of cardiac sodium channels, but has no effect on sodium channels in dorsal root ganglion neurons.

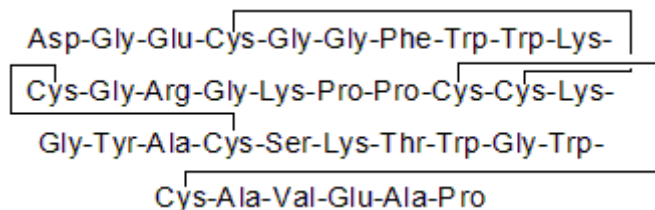
**Physical and Chemical Properties:**

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Batch Molecular Weight: 3919.47

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

**Peptide Sequence:**



**Storage:** Store at -20°C

**Solubility & Usage Info:**

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

**Net Peptide Content:** 100% (Remaining weight made up of counterions and residual water).

**Counter Ion:** TFA salt

**Stability and Solubility Advice:**

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such as Cys, Met, Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 µm filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

**References:**

**Xiao *et al*** (2004) Jingzhaotoxin-III, a novel spider toxin inhibiting activation of sodium channel in rat cardiac myocytes. *J.Biol.Chem.* **279** 26220. PMID: 15084603.

**Rong *et al*** (2011) Molecular basis of the tarantula toxin jingzhaotoxin-III (β-TRTX-Cj1α) interacting with voltage sensors in sodium channel subtype Nav1.5. *FASEB J.* **25** 3177. PMID: 21665957.

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USA & CANADA Tel: (800) 343-7475 EUROPE Tel: +44 (0)1235 529449 CHINA Tel: +86 (21) 52380373

[www.RnDSystems.com](http://www.RnDSystems.com)

