



Certificate of Analysis

www.tocris.com

Product Name: Acetyl-Calpastatin (184-210) (human) Catalog No.: 2950 Batch No.: 2

CAS Number: 123714-50-1

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{142}H_{230}N_{36}O_{44}S$

Batch Molecular Weight: 3177.65

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Net Peptide Content: 79.6% Counter Ion: TFA

Solubility: Soluble to 5 mg/ml in water

Storage: Desiccate at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Ac-Asp-Pro-Met-Ser-Ser-Thr-Tyr-Ile-Glu-Glu-

Leu-Gly-Lys-Arg-Glu-Val-Thr-He-Pro-Pro-Lys-

Tyr-Arg-Glu-Leu-Leu-Ala-NH₂

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 95.1% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual	Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual
Ala	1.00	1.16	Lys	2.00	2.01
Arg	2.00	2.03	Met	1.00	0.90
Asx	1.00	0.99	Phe		
Cys			Pro	3.00	3.20
Glx	4.00	3.97	Ser	2.00	1.62
Gly	1.00	1.00	Thr	2.00	1.74
His			Trp		
lle	2.00	1.97	Tyr		
Leu	3.00	3.13	Val	1.00	1.01



Product Information

Print Date: Apr 28th 2015

www.tocris.com

Product Name: Acetyl-Calpastatin (184-210) (human) Catalog No.: 2950 Batch No.: 2

CAS Number: 123714-50-1

Description:

Selective calpain inhibitor. Strongly inhibits calpain I (K_i = 0.2 nM) and II but does not inhibit papain, trypsin and cathepsin L (K_i = 6 μ M). Increases secretion of amyoid β -protein (A β) 42, A β 40 and A β 42 ratio.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{142}H_{230}N_{36}O_{44}S$

Batch Molecular Weight: 3177.65

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Ac-Asp-Pro-Met-Ser-Ser-Thr-Tyr-He-Glu-Glu-Leu-Gly-Lys-Arg-Glu-Val-Thr-He-Pro-Pro-Lys-Tyr-Arg-Glu-Leu-Leu-Ala-NH₂ Storage: Desiccate at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 5 mg/ml in water

Net Peptide Content: 79.6% (Remaining weight made up of counterions and residual water).

Counter Ion: TFA

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Maki *et al* (1989) Inhibition of calapin by a synthetic oligopeptide corresponding to an exon of the human calpastatin gene. J.Biol.Chem. **264** 18866. PMID: 2553724.

Yamazaki et al (1997) Specific increase in amyloid β-protein 42 secretion ratio by calpain inhibition. Biochem. 36 8377.

Fiorino et al (2007) A new cell-permeable calpain inhibitor. J.Peptide Sci. 13 70.

