



DESCRIPTION

α HFab-CL-MMAE is anti-human IgG Fab specific antibody conjugated to monomethyl auristatin E (MMAE) with a cleavable linker. The antibody portion is a polyclonal antibody (full length IgG) which is specific to the Fab region of human IgGs. Monomethyl auristatin E (MMAE) is a cytotoxic small molecule which inhibits cell division by blocking the polymerization of tubulin. The cleavable linker connecting MMAE to the antibody is stable in extracellular fluid, but is cleaved by cathepsin in endosome once the conjugate has entered a cell via endocytosis.

APPLICATIONS

Antibody-drug conjugates (ADCs), which have become a new targeted therapy against cancer, consist of an antibody linked to a cytotoxic drug. The ADCs bind selectively to the target cancer cells via the monoclonal antibody portion. Internalization of the ADCs releases the drug to do its damage. Prior to testing the function of ADCs in cell-based assays, each monoclonal antibody is typically conjugated directly with a cytotoxic drug. This step is time consuming and expensive, requiring milligram quantities of purified antibody, separate conjugation of each antibody, and further isolation of the ADC from the unconjugated drug. Using secondary antibody-drug conjugates (2^oADC) in a cell-based cytotoxic assay is a quick and economical alternative to pre-screening monoclonal antibodies as ADC candidates against tumor cells. Instead of conjugating the monoclonal antibody with a cytotoxic drug, the naked monoclonal antibody is added directly to the cells in the presence of the 2^oADC. Internalization of the monoclonal antibody/2^oADC complex can achieve a similar effect of targeted drug release within the cells as the monoclonal antibody-drug conjugate. Furthermore, the 2^oADC can also be applied to screen protein ligands for receptor-mediated cell targeting.

α HFab-CL-MMAE is a 2^oADC for pre-screening antibodies with a human Fab moiety to determine their cytotoxicity as MMAE bioconjugates. **α HFab-CL-MMAE** alone displays no obvious toxicity against multiple cell lines at 2 μ g/ml (13 nM) or lower concentration. When applied in combination with tumor specific monoclonal antibodies, **α HFab-CL-MMAE** can help determine the cytotoxic potential for these antibodies against target cell lines.

EXAMPLE DATA

It has been demonstrated that Herceptin antibody-drug conjugate (T-DM1) displayed potent killing activity against Her2-overexpressing tumor cells but not normal Her2 expression or Her2 negative cells¹. SKBR3 is a Her2 overexpressing cell line, MDA-MB468 is Her2 negative. In the presence of 2:1 ratio of Herceptin Fab/ **α HFab-CL-MMAE**, potent killings are observed for the Her2 overexpressing SKBR3 cells, while the Her2 negative MDAMB468 cells are not affected (Fig A). The 2^oADC **α HFab-CL-MMAE** alone has minimal toxicity towards these cells (Fig B).

Fig A. Cytotoxic Profile of Herceptin Fab in the Presence of 2:1 Ratio of α HFab-CL-MMAE

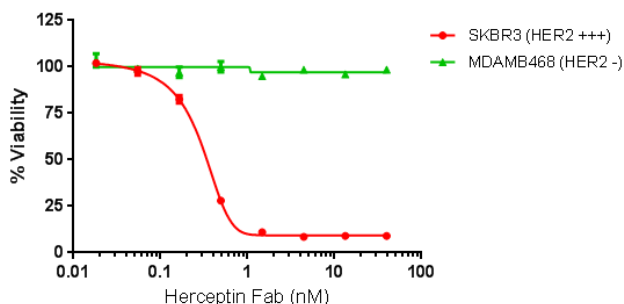
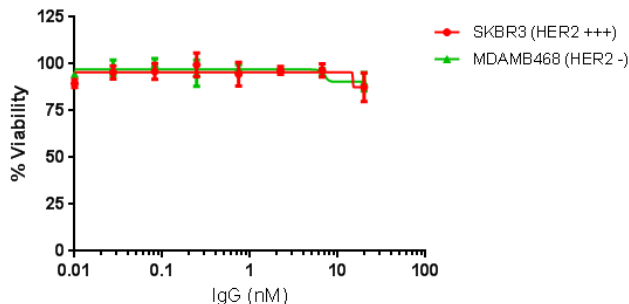


Fig B. Cytotoxic Profile of the α HFab-CL-MMAE Alone



Please Note: Optimal dilutions of **α HFab-CL-MMAE** should be determined for each specific antibody or recombinant Fab fusion in each assay.

STORAGE

Store in -20°C or -70°C manual defrosted freezer. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycle.

REFERENCE

1. Lewis Phillips GD, et al. Targeting Her2-positive breast cancer with trastuzumab-DM1, an antibody-cytotoxic drug conjugate. (2008), Cancer Res, **68(22)**, page 9280-90.