## PRODUCT DATA SHEET

## NM-3

(Antitumor, angiogenesis inhibitor)


## Synonym

2-(8-hydroxy-6-methoxy-1-oxo-1H-isochromen-3-yl)propanoic acid

## Specifications

| Code No. | $: 16332$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| CAS\# | $: 181427-78-1$ |
| Molecular Formula | $: \mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ |
| Molecular Weight | $: 264.233$ |
| Source | $:$ Chemically synthesized |
| Supplied as | $:$ Powder |
| Purity | $:>98 \%$ (HPLC) |
| Long Term Storage | $:$ at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Solubility | $:$ Soluble in MeOH, DMSO |

The chemical structure was confirmed by NMR and HRMS.

## Application Notes

NM-3 is a biologically stable synthetic analogue of cytogenin. ${ }^{1-2)}$ Oral administration of NM-3 (0.3$10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{day}$ ) to mice dose-dependently suppressed angiogenesis induced by $\mathrm{S}-180$ tumor cells. ${ }^{3)}$ The combined treatment with NM-3 and chemotherapeutic agents (including 5-FU, docetaxel and ionizing radiation) significantly reduced mean tumor volume (including HT29, MKN28, MCF-7, LLC and A549) compared to either treatment alone, with no effects on body weight changes. ${ }^{4-6)}$

## References

1) Synthesis and biological evaluation of cytogenin derivatives. Matsumoto N, et al. J Antibiot. 2001 54(3) 285-296.
2) Convenient total synthesis of NM-3, an antiangiogenesis agent, and its optical resolution. Tsuchida T, et al. J Antibiot. 2003 56(1) 38-41.
3) Inhibition of angiogenesis by a new isocoumarin, NM-3. Nakashima T, et al. J Antibiot. 1999 52(4) 426-428.
4) NM-3, an isocoumarin, increases the antitumor effects of radiotherapy without toxicity. Salloum RM, et al. Cancer Res. 2000 60(24) 6958-6963.
5) Antineoplastic effects of chemotherapeutic agents are potentiated by NM-3, an inhibitor of angiogenesis. Reimer CL, et al. Cancer Res. 2002 62(3) 789-795.
6) The angiogenesis inhibitor NM-3 is active against human NSCLC xenografts alone and in combination with docetaxel. Agata N, et al. Cancer Chemother Pharmcol. 2005 56(6) 610-614.
