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DATASHEET

Fluorescent Antibody Kit Atto532

gar IgG (H+L) Atto532

Goat-anti rabbit IgG (H+L) Atto532

For Laboratory Use Only.

Not for Use in Diagnostic Processes.

Kit Content (Cat. #: 2304-1MG)

1.0mg gar IgG (H+L) Atto532 50µg mono-anti actin Product documentation & Certificate of Analysis

Product Documentation

Goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) Atto532

Goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) is an antigen-specific antibody. Affinity purification removed essentially all goat serum proteins, including immunoglobulins not specifically binding to rabbit IgG. Goat anti-rabbit IgG is conjugated to Atto532 (Abs.max. 532 nm; Em.max. 553 nm) and further purified by gel filtration.

Goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) Atto532 is supplied in unit sizes of 1.0mg.

In solution: 0.5ml (2mg/ml) in 0.1M sodium phosphate, 0.1M NaCl, pH 7.4, 10mM NaN $_3$ in 50% glycerol (fluorescence free).

Freeze dried products are reconstituted with 0.5ml glycerol buffer provided with the kit.

Working Dilution

Each individual user should determine the optimum working dilution empirically for the systems. Dilutions of 1:300 – 1:1000 are sufficient for many applications.

Determining the Degree of Labeling (DOL)

1. Protein Concentration

Determination of the protein concentration by UV absorption measurement at 280nm ($\epsilon_{max} = 203,000 \ M^{-1} cm^{-1}$).







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2. Degree of Labelling

The degree of labeling (DOL or dye/protein ratio) is usually determined by absorption spectroscopy making use of the Lambert-Beer law: Absorbance (A) = extinction coefficient (\mathcal{E}) × molar concentration × path length (d). Simply measure the UV-VIS spectrum of the conjugate in solution in a quartz cuvette. Dilute the solution, if necessary to measure within the linear range.

$$DOL = \frac{A_{532} \cdot 203,000}{A_{280} - (A_{532} \cdot 0.11) \cdot 115,000}$$

 A_{532} = maximal absorbance at 532nm measured in a cuvette with a pathlength of 1 cm.

 A_{280} = maximal absorbance at 280nm measured in a cuvette with a pathlength of 1 cm.

203,000 = molar extinction coefficient (£) at the longest-wavelength absorption maximum (M⁻¹cm⁻¹).

115,000 = molar extinction coefficient (ϵ) at the longest-wavelength absorption maximum (M⁻¹cm⁻¹). 0.11 = correction factor for the fluorophore's absorbance at 280nm.

Storage and Stability

For continuous use, store at 2-8 °C for up to three months. For extended storage, the solution may be frozen in working aliquots at -20 °C. Frozen aliquots are stable for at least six months. Avoid repeated freeze/thawing. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use. Protect fluorescent conjugates from light.

Mono-anti actin

Monoclonal anti actin (98% purity) recognizes skeletal and non-muscle actin isoforms. Although isotype-classified as IgM, it reacts even to stronger with goat-anti mouse IgG. In immunofluorescence microscopy samples are fixed with methanol to detect cytoplasmic actin, while fixation with para-formaldehyde leads to nuclear actin detection (Gonsior et al., 1999).

As immunogen for mono-anti actin a profilin-actin complex from calf thymus was used, and epitope mapping localized the following sequence (Gonsior et al.): NVPAMYVAVLDSGVTHNVPIYHAIMRLDLA.

Mono-anti actin was tested on PtK2, SR-NRK, NRK-49F, L6 cells, C2C12, NIH-3T3, rabbit myoblast and myotube cells.

The antibody is supplied in unit sizes of $50\mu g$, either in solution or freeze dried. In solution: $50\mu l$ (1mg/ml) in 0.1M sodium phosphate, 0.1M NaCl, pH 7.4, 5mM NaN₃ in 50% glycerol (fluorescence free).

Freeze dried products are reconstituted with 50µl glycerol buffer provided with the kit.









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Fluorescent Antibody Kit Atto532

Mono-anti actin

Working Dilution

Each individual user should determine the optimum working dilution empirically for the systems. Dilutions of 1:100 - 1:300 with respect to the above mentioned fixation methods are sufficient for many applications.

Storage and Stability

For continuous use, store at 2-8 °C for up to three months. For extended storage, the solution may be frozen in working aliquots at -20 °C. Frozen aliquots are stable for at least six months. Avoid repeated freeze/thawing. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use.

Reference:

Gonsior SM, et al.: Conformational difference between nuclear and cytoplasmic actin as detected by a monoclonal antibody. J Cell Sci 112, 797-809 (1999)

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