



A division of Gene Therapy Systems, Inc.

## NeuroPure™ E18 Primary Rat Spinal Cord Cells

### PRODUCT SUMMARY

**Cat. No:** N600200

**Description:** NeuroPure™ Primary Rat Spinal Cord Cells are live neurons isolated from micro-surgically dissected regions of embryonic day 18 Sprague/Dawley or Fischer 344 rat brain. These cells are prepared fresh each week and shipped in a nutrient rich medium that keeps the cells alive for up to 14 days under refrigeration. NeuroPure™ cells are ideal for a wide variety of applications including: transfection, pharmacology studies, immunocytochemistry, and neuron development studies.

**Please note: NeuroPure™ Primary Rat Spinal Cord Cells are intended FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

### Components:

Description	Quantity
Embryonic Day 18 Sprague/Dawley or Fischer 344 Rat Spinal Cord Cells	1 vial x 2 ml (1 spinal cord)
Neurobasal/B27/0.5 mM glutamine culture medium	1 vial x 12 ml

**Shipping and Storage:** NeuroPure™ Primary Rat Spinal Cord Cells are shipped refrigerated. Cells are stable for up to 2 weeks when stored at 4-8°C. However, best transfection efficiency is usually obtained within 1 week.

### METHODS AND PROCEDURES

#### 1. Substrate Preparation

1.1 Prepare culture plate by coating with poly-D-lysine (0.15 ml/cm<sup>2</sup>, 50 µg/ml, 135 kD) 1-20 hr., and rinse one time with 18 Mohm deionized water, and let dry.

#### 2. Preparation of Isolated Neurons

2.1. After receiving the cells, let them settle at 4°C for 2 hours, OR spin down at 1,100 rpm (200xg) for 1 min.

2.2. Transfer 1 ml of medium from the cells tube into a 50ml screw cap sterile tube; be careful not to disturb or remove cells from the original cells tube.

2.3. Using a 1 ml pipettor with a sterile blue plastic tip, or a silanized 9-inch Pasteur pipette with the tip barely fire polished (preferable), suck the cells with the medium into the pipette and immediately dispense the contents back into the same container. Take care not to create bubbles. Repeat this tituration step about 10 times or until most all the cells are dispersed.

2.4. Transfer the dispersed cells into the 50ml tube that contains the 1ml of media from Step 2.2, and gently mix the cells by swirling.

2.5. Spin the cells at 1,100 rpm (200xg) for 1 minute. Discard the supernatant while being careful not to remove any of the cells from the cell pellet.

2.6. Flick the tube a few times to loosen the cell pellet. Resuspend pellet in 1 ml of the provided B27/Neurobasal/0.5 mM glutamine medium. Resuspend cells by gently pipetting up and down.

2.7. Aliquot 20 µl and mix with 20 µl of 0.4% trypan blue.

2.8. Count cells with a hemocytometer.

2.9. Further dilute the cells with B27/Neurobasal/0.5 mM glutamine to the desired plating density. We recommend 32 x 10<sup>3</sup> cells/2 cm<sup>2</sup> of substrate in 0.4 ml/2 cm<sup>2</sup> substrate.

2.10. Incubate the cells at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> and/or 9% or 20% oxygen.

2.11. After 4 days or longer, neurons are well differentiated. If further culture is desired, change half of medium with fresh, warm B27/Neurobasal/0.5 mM glutamine (you will need to purchase additional medium for longer culture times). Change half the medium every 3-4 days.

#### 3. Viability Assay

3.1. Rinse cells twice with PBS.

3.2. From an acetone stock of 15 mg/ml fluorescein diacetate (Sigma), add 15 µl (1:100 dilution of the stock) into 1.5 ml HBSS. From an aqueous stock of 4.6 ml/ml propidium iodide, add 15 µl of the stock into the same 1.5 ml HBSS (1:100 dilution). Add 40 µl of that dilution to each well with 0.4 ml HBSS (further 1:100 dilution).

3.3. After approximately 1 minute, count using Nikon B1A filter or other blue excitation appropriate for fluorescein fluorescence. Green cells are alive. Small red nuclear stain indicates a dead cell.

3.4. If desired, fix and stain with 0.25% Coomassie blue R in ethanol/HAc/water (45/10/45), 1 min., rinse with 10% HAc, aspirate and dry.

## RELATED PRODUCTS

<b>Product</b>	<b>Cat. No.</b>
<i>For a wide variety of neuronal cell culture applications:</i>	
NeuroPure™ Primary E18 Hippocampal Cells 1 vial x ~10 <sup>6</sup> cells	N100200
NeuroPure™ Primary E18 Cortical Cells 1 vial x ~2 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cells	N200200
NeuroPure™ Primary P8 Cerebellar Cells 1 vial x ~10 <sup>7</sup> cells	N300200
NeuroPure™ Primary E18 Hypothalamus Cells 1 vial x 1 hypothalamus pair	N400200
NeuroPure™ Primary E18 Striatum Cells 1 vial x 1 striatum pair	N500200

*For efficient transfection of plasmids into primary neurons:*

NeuroPORTER Transfection Reagent 1.5 ml (75-300 rxn.)	T400150
5 x 1.5 ml (375-1500 rxn.)	T400750

*For efficient siRNA transfection into primary neurons:*

GeneSilencer™ siRNA Transfection Reagent 200 reactions (0.75 ml)	T500750
GeneSilencer™ siRNA Transfection Reagent 5 x 200 reactions (5 x 0.75 ml)	T505750

Please contact us or visit our web site for a complete list of transfection and RNA interference products.

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