

# NeuroPure<sup>™</sup> E18 Primary Rat Hippocampal Cells

#### PRODUCT SUMMARY

Cat. No: N100200

**Description:** NeuroPure<sup>™</sup> Primary Rat Hippocampal Cells are live neurons isolated from micro-surgically dissected regions of day 18 embryonic Sprague/Dawley or Fischer 344 rat brain. These cells are prepared fresh each week and shipped in a nutrient rich medium that keeps the cells alive for up to 14 days under refrigeration. NeuroPure<sup>™</sup> cells are ideal for a wide variety of applications including: transfection, pharmacology studies, immunocytochemistry, and neuron development studies.

# Please note: NeuroPure™ Primary Rat Hippocampal Cells are intended FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

#### Components:

Description	Quantity
Day 18 Embryonic Sprague/Dawley or Fischer 344 Rat Hippocampal Cells	1 vial x 2 ml (~1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cells)
Neurobasal/B27/0.5 mM glutamine/25 µM glutamate culture medium	1 vial x 12 ml

**Shipping and Storage:** NeuroPure<sup>™</sup> Primary Rat Hippocampal Cells are shipped refrigerated. Cells are stable for up to 2 weeks when stored at 4-8°C. However, best transfection efficiency is usually obtained within 1 week.

#### METHODS AND PROCEDURES

#### 1. Substrate Preparation

Prepare culture plate by coating with poly-D-lysine (0.15 ml/cm<sup>2</sup>, 50 μg/ml, 135 kD) 1-20 hr., and rinse one time with 18 Mohm deionized water, and let dry.

#### 2. Preparation of Isolated Neurons

- 2.1. After receiving the cells, let them settle at 4°C for 2 hours, OR spin down at 1,100 rpm (200xg) for 1 min.
- 2.2. Transfer 1 ml of medium from the cells tube into a 50ml screw cap sterile tube; be careful not to disturb or remove cells from the original cells tube.

- 2.3. Using a 1 ml pipettor with a sterile blue plastic tip, or a silanized 9-inch Pasteur pipette with the tip barely fire polished (preferable), suck the cells with the medium into the pipette and immediately dispense the contents back into the same container. Take care not to create bubbles. Repeat this tituration step about 10 times or until most all the cells are dispersed.
- 2.4. Transfer the dispersed cells into the 50ml tube that contains the 1ml of media from Step 2.2, and gently mix the cells by swirling.
- 2.5. Spin the cells at 1,100 rpm (200xg) for 1 minute. Discard the supernatant while being careful not to remove any of the cells from the cell pellet.
- 2.6. Flick the tube a few times to loosen the cell pellet. Resuspend pellet in 1 ml of the provided B27/Neurobasal/0.5 mM glutamine/25 µM glutamate medium. Resuspend cells by gently pipetting up and down.
- 2.7. Aliquot 20 µl and mix with 20 µl of 0.4% trypan blue.
- 2.8. Count cells with a hemocytometer.
- 2.9. Further dilute the cells with B27/Neurobasal/0.5 mM glutamine/25  $\mu$ M glutamate to the desired plating density. We recommend 32 x 10<sup>3</sup> cells/2 cm<sup>2</sup> of substrate in 0.4 ml/2 cm<sup>2</sup> substrate.
- 2.10. Incubate the cells at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> and/or 9% or 20% oxygen.
- 2.11. After 4 days or longer, neurons are well differentiated. If further culture is desired, change half of medium with fresh, warm B27/Neurobasal/0.5 mM glutamine and <u>no glutamate</u> (you will need to purchase additional medium for longer culture times). Change half the medium every 3-4 days.

#### 3. Viability Assay

- 3.1. Rinse cells twice with PBS.
- 3.2. From an acetone stock of 15 mg/ml fluorescein diacetate (Sigma), add 15  $\mu$ l (1:100 dilution of the stock) into 1.5 ml HBSS. From an aqueous stock of 4.6 ml/ml propidium iodide, add 15  $\mu$ l of the stock into the same 1.5 ml HBSS (1:100 dilution). Add 40  $\mu$ l of that dilution to each well with 0.4 ml HBSS (further 1:100 dilution).
- 3.3. After approximately 1 minute, count using Nikon B1A filter or other blue excitation appropriate for fluorescein fluorescence. Green cells are alive. Small red nuclear stain indicates a dead cell.
- 3.4. If desired, fix and stain with 0.25% Coomassie blue R in ethanol/HAc/water (45/10/45), 1 min., rinse with 10% HAc, aspirate and dry.

### **RELATED PRODUCTS**

<b>Product</b> For a wide variety of neuronal cell culture application	Cat. No. ations:	
NeuroPure™ Primary E18 Cortical Cells 1 vial x ~2 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cells NeuroPure™ Primary P8 Cerebellar Cells	N200200	
1 vial x ~10 <sup>7</sup> cells NeuroPure™ Primary E18 Hypothalamus Cells	N300200	
1 vial x 1 hypothalamus pair NeuroPure™ Primary E18 Striatum Cells	N400200	
1 vial x 1 striatum pair NeuroPure™ Primary E18 Spinal Cord Cells	N500200	
1 vial x 1 spinal cord	N600200	
For efficient transfection of plasmids into primary neurons:		
NeuroPORTER Transfection Reagent   1.5 ml (75-300 rxn.) T400150   5 x 1.5 ml (375-1500 rxn.)	T400750	
For efficient siRNA transfection into primary neurons:		
GeneSilencer™ siRNA Transfection Reagent 200 reactions (0.75 ml) GeneSilencer™ siRNA Transfection Reagent	T500750	
5 x 200 reactions (5 x 0.75 ml)	T505750	

Please contact us or visit our web site for a complete list of transfection and RNA interference products.

## Genlantis

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