

T7-506-T100

Monoclonal Antibody to CD22 PE-Cy™7 conjugated (100 tests)

Clone:	IS7
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1
Specificity:	<p>The antibody IS7 reacts with CD22 (BL-CAM), a 130 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein (immunoglobulin superfamily) expressed in the cytoplasm of pro-B and pre-B lymphocytes, and on the surface of mature and activated B lymphocytes; it is lost on plasma cells, peripheral blood T lymphocytes, granulocytes and monocytes.</p> <p>HLDA IV; WS Code B 227 HLDA V; WS Code B CD22.8</p>
Regulatory Status:	RUO
Immunogen:	human cell line Reh
Species Reactivity:	Human
Preparation:	The purified antibody is conjugated with tandem dye PE-Cy™7 under optimum conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography and adjusted for direct use. No reconstitution is necessary.
Storage Buffer:	The reagent is provided in stabilizing phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution containing 15mM sodium azide.
Storage / Stability:	Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial label.
Usage:	<p>The reagent is designed for Flow Cytometry analysis of human blood cells using 4 µl reagent / 100 µl of whole blood or 10⁶ cells in a suspension.</p> <p>The content of a vial (0.4 ml) is sufficient for 100 tests.</p>
Expiration:	See vial label
Lot Number:	See vial label
Background:	<p>CD22, also known as Siglec-2 (sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin-2) is a transmembrane glycoprotein binding alpha2,6-linked sialic acid-bearing ligands. Intracellular domain of CD22 recruits protein tyrosine phosphatase SHP-1 through the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motifs (ITIMs), thus setting a threshold for B cell receptor-mediated activation. CD22 also regulates B-cell response by involvement in controlling the CD19/CD21-Src-family protein tyrosine kinase amplification pathway and CD40 signaling. CD22 exhibits hallmarks of clathrin-mediated endocytic pathway.</p>
References:	<p>*Tedder TF, Poe JC, Haas KM: CD22: A Multifunctional Receptor That Regulates B Lymphocyte Survival and Signal Transduction. Adv Immunol. 2005;88:1-50.</p> <p>*Tateno H, Li H, Schur MJ, Bovin N, Crocker PR, Wakarchuk WW, Paulson JC: Distinct endocytic mechanisms of CD22 (Siglec-2) and Siglec-F reflect roles in cell signaling and innate immunity. Mol Cell Biol. 2007 Aug;27(16):5699-710.</p> <p>*Walker JA, Smith KG: CD22: an inhibitory enigma. Immunology. 2007 Dec 7</p> <p>*Leukocyte Typing IV., Knapp W. et al. (Eds.), Oxford University Press (1989).</p> <p>*Leukocyte Typing V., Schlossman S. et al. (Eds.), Oxford University Press (1995).</p>

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Antibodies

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EXBIO Praha | Nad Safinou II 341 | 252 50 Vestec u Prahy | Czech Republic
Tel: +420 261 090 666 | Fax: +420 261 090 660 | orders@exbio.cz | www.exbio.cz