

PC-553-C100

## Monoclonal Antibody to CD45 (mouse) PerCP (0.1 mg)

Clone: EM-05
Isotype: Rat IgG

Specificity: The antibody EM-05 reacts with mouse CD45 antigen (Leukocyte Common

Antigen), a single chain type I transmembrane protein expressed at high level on

cells of hematopoietic origin, except erythrocytes and platelets.

Regulatory Status: RUO

**Immunogen:** Murine peripheral blood leukocytes

Species Reactivity: Mouse

**Preparation:** The purified antibody is conjugated with Peridinin-chlorophyll-protein complex

(PerCP) under optimum conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion

chromatography.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 15 mM sodium azide, approx. pH 7.4

Storage / Stability: Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. Do not

use after expiration date stamped on vial label.

**Usage:** The reagent is designed for Flow Cytometry analysis.

Suggested working concentration is 4 µg/ml Indicated dilution is recommended starting point for use of this product. Working concentrations should be determined

by the investigator.

**Expiration:** See vial label **Lot Number:** See vial label

Background: CD45 (LCA, leukocyte common antigen) is a receptor-type protein tyrosine

phosphatase ubiquitously expressed in all nucleated hematopoietic cells, comprising approximately 10% of all surface proteins in lymphocytes. CD45 glycoprotein is crucial in lymphocyte development and antigen signaling, serving as an important regulator of Src-family kinases. CD45 protein exists as multiple isoforms as a result of alternative splicing; these isoforms differ in their extracellular domains, whereas they share identical transmembrane and cytoplasmic domains. These isoforms differ in their ability to translocate into the glycosphingolipid-enriched membrane domains and their expression depends on cell type and physiological state of the cell. Besides the role in immunoreceptor signaling, CD45 is important in promoting cell survival by modulating integrin-mediated signal transduction pathway and is also involved in DNA

fragmentation during apoptosis.



## PRODUCT DATA SHEET

## References:

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\*Townsend KP, Vendrame M, Ehrhart J, Faza B, Zeng J, Town T, Tan J: CD45 isoform RB as a molecular target to oppose lipopolysaccharide-induced microglial activation in mice. Neurosci Lett. 2004 May 13;362(1):26-30.

\*Dawes R, Petrova S, Liu Z, Wraith D, Beverley PC, Tchilian EZ. Combinations of CD45 isoforms are crucial for immune function and disease. J Immunol. 2006 Mar 15;176(6):3417-25.

\*Desharnais P, Dupéré-Minier G, Hamelin C, Devine P, Bernier J: Involvement of CD45 in DNA fragmentation in apoptosis induced by mitochondrial perturbing agents. Apoptosis. 2007 Dec 19.

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