

A6-465-C100

Monoclonal Antibody to gamma-tubulin 1 Alexa Fluor® 647 conjugated (0.1 mg)

Clone:	TU-30
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1
Specificity:	The antibody TU-30 recognizes C-terminus (amino acids 434-449 in human) of gamma-tubulin, a 48 kDa structural constituent of cytoskeleton and microtubule organizing center (MTOC). The epitope was located in the amino acid sequence TRPDYI (aa439-444 in human), which is present on human gamma-tubulin 1 but not on human gamma-tubulin 2.
Regulatory Status:	RUO
Immunogen:	C-terminal peptide of gamma-tubulin counjugated to KLH.
Species Reactivity:	Human, Porcine, Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Chicken, Protozoa, Plants
Preparation:	The purified antibody is conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimum conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography.
Concentration:	1 mg/ml
Storage Buffer:	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 15 mM sodium azide, approx. pH 7.4
Storage / Stability:	Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial label.
Usage:	Immunocytochemistry on fixed and permeabilized cells.
Expiration:	See vial label
Lot Number:	See vial label
Background:	The gamma-tubulin (TUBG1; relative molecular weight about 48 kDa) is a minor member of tubulin family (less that 0.01% of tubulin dimer). The gamma-tubulin ring structures, however, serve to provide structural primer for initiation of microtubular nucleation and growth, thereby being crutial for microtubule-based cellular processes, above all for mitotic spindle formation. In animal cells, a center of microtubule organization is the centrosome composed of a pair of cylindrical centrioles surrounded by fibrous pericentriolar material containing gamma-tubulin. Formation of the mitotic spindle is preceded by duplication of centrosome during S phase. Before mitosis, both centrosomes increase their microtubule nucleation capacity and form two microtuble asters that are pushed apart from each other by the forces of motor proteins associated at the microtubule surface. Humans possess two gamma-tubulin genes. Gamma-tubulin 1 represents a ubiquitous isotype, whereas gamma-tubulin 2 is found predominantly in the brain, where it may be endowed with divergent functions beyond microtubule nucleation.

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

EXBIO Praha | Nad Safinou II 341 | 252 50 Vestec u Prahy | Czech Republic Tel: +420 261 090 666 | Fax: +420 261 090 660 | orders@exbio.cz | www.exbio.cz



Antibodies References:

*Wiese C, Zheng Y: Microtubule nucleation: gamma-tubulin and beyond. J Cell Sci. 2006 Oct 15;119(Pt 20):4143-53.

*Haren L, Remy MH, Bazin I, Callebaut I, Wright M, Merdes A. NEDD1-dependent recruitment of the gamma-tubulin ring complex to the centrosome is necessary for centriole duplication and spindle assembly. J Cell Biol. 2006 Feb 13;172(4):505-15. *Draberova L, Draberova E, Surviladze Z, Draber P, Draber P: Protein tyrosine kinase p53/p56 (lyn) forms complexes with gamma-tubulin in rat basophilic leukemia cells. Int Immunol. 1999 Nov;11(11):1829-39.

*Sulimenko V, Dráberová E, Sulimenko T, Macurek L, Richterová V, Dráber P, Dráber P: Regulation of microtubule formation in activated mast cells by complexes of gamma-tubulin with Fyn and Syk kinases. J Immunol. 2006 Jun 15;176(12):7243-53.

*Novakova M, Draberova E, Schurmann W, Czihak G, Viklicky V, Draber P: gamma-Tubulin redistribution in taxol-treated mitotic cells probed by monoclonal antibodies. Cell Motil Cytoskeleton. 1996;33(1):38-51.

*Binarova P, Cenklova V, Hause B, Kubatova E, Lysak M, Dolezel J, Bogre L, Draber P: Nuclear gamma-tubulin during acentriolar plant mitosis. Plant Cell. 2000 Mar;12(3):433-42.

*Libusova L, Sulimenko T, Sulimenko V, Hozak P, Draber P: gamma-Tubulin in Leishmania: cell cycle-dependent changes in subcellular localization and heterogeneity of its isoforms. Exp Cell Res. 2004 May 1;295(2):375-86.

*Katsetos CD, Reddy G, Dráberová E, Smejkalová B, Del Valle L, Ashraf Q, Tadevosyan A, Yelin K, Maraziotis T, Mishra OP, Mörk S, Legido A, Nissanov J, Baas PW, de Chadarévian JP, Dráber P: Altered cellular distribution and subcellular sorting of gamma-tubulin in diffuse astrocytic gliomas and human glioblastoma cell lines. J Neuropathol Exp Neurol. 2006 May;65(5):465-77.

*Dráberová E, Sulimenko V, Vinopal S, Sulimenko T, Sládková V, D'Agostino L, Sobol M, Hozák P, Křen L, Katsetos CD, Dráber P: Differential expression of human γ-tubulin isotypes during neuronal development and oxidative stress points to a γ-tubulin-2 prosurvival function. FASEB J. 2017 May;31(5):1828-1846.

*Černohorská M, Sulimenko V, Hájková Z, Sulimenko T, Sládková V, Vinopal S, Dráberová E, Dráber P: GIT1/βPIX signaling proteins and PAK1 kinase regulate microtubule nucleation. Biochim Biophys Acta. 2016 Jun;1863(6 Pt A):1282-97.

Unless indicated otherwise, all products are For Research Use Only and not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. Not for resale or transfer either as a stand-alone product or as a component of another product without written consent of EXBIO. EXBIO will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products. All orders are accepted subject to EXBIO's term and conditions which are available at www.exbio.cz.

This product is provided under an agreement between Molecular Probes, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of Invitrogen Corporation), and Exbio Praha, a.s., and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product may be subject to one or more U.S. patents, pending applications, and corresponding non-U.S. equivalents, owned by Molecular Probes, Inc. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity), including use in flow cytometry that does not utilize a bead based array, but excluding use in combination with microarrays or High Content Screening. The buyer cannot sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product (b) its components or (c) materials made using this product or its components to a third party or otherwise use this product or its components or materials made using this product or its components for Commercial Purposes. Commercial Purposes means any activity by a party for consideration and may include, but is not limited to: (1) use of the product or its components in manufacturing; (2) use of the product or its components to provide a service, information, or data; (3) use of the product or its components are resold for use in research. For information on purchasing a license to this product for any other use, contact Molecular Probes, Inc., Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402, USA, Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0504.

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

EXBIO Praha | Nad Safinou II 341 | 252 50 Vestec u Prahy | Czech Republic Tel: +420 261 090 666 | Fax: +420 261 090 660 | orders@exbio.cz | www.exbio.cz