

1P-797-T100

Monoclonal Antibody to CD169 / Siglec-1 Phycoerythrin (PE) conjugated (100 tests)

Clone: 7-239

Isotype: Mouse IgG1

Specificity: The mouse monoclonal antibody 7-239 recognizes CD169 (sialoadhesin, Siglec-1),

a 210 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on macrophages and

dendritic cells.

Regulatory Status: RUO

Immunogen: human rhinovirus 14-infected monocyte-derived dendritic cells

Species Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The purified antibody is conjugated with R-Phycoerythrin (PE) under optimum

conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography and

adjusted for direct use. No reconstitution is necessary.

Storage Buffer: The reagent is provided in stabilizing phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution

containing 15mM sodium azide.

Storage / Stability: Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. Do not

use after expiration date stamped on vial label.

Usage: The reagent is designed for Flow Cytometry analysis of human blood cells using

10 μ l reagent / 100 μ l of whole blood or 10 $^{\circ}$ cells in a suspension.

The content of a vial (1 ml) is sufficient for 100 tests.

Expiration: See vial label

Lot Number: See vial label

Background: CD169, also known as Siglec-1 or sialoadhesin, is a type I transmembrane

glycoprotein of the sialic acid binding Ig-like lectin family. It binds to sialylated glycoproteins on various haematopoietic cells to mediate cell-cell interactions. CD169 is expressed on a subset of macrophages and dendritic cells. On CD14+ monocytes its expression can be induced by interferon alpha and gamma. High expression of CD169 is observed in the spleen, lymph nodes, bone marrow, and under inflammatory conditions rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis, lower in the liver, lungs and gut. It has been shown to be involved in antigen presentation to invariant NKT cells, which play an important role in the innate arm of the immune

system to modulate the subsequent acquired immune responses.

References: *Schrauf C, Kirchberger S, Majdic O, Seyerl M, Zlabinger GJ, Stuhlmeier KM,

Sachet M, Seipelt J, Stöckl J: The ssRNA genome of human rhinovirus induces a type I IFN response but fails to induce maturation in human monocyte-derived

dendritic cells. J Immunol. 2009 Oct 1;183(7):4440-8.

*Kawasaki N, Vela JL, Nycholat CM, Rademacher C, Khurana A, van Rooijen N, Crocker PR, Kronenberg M, Paulson JC: Targeted delivery of lipid antigen to macrophages via the CD169/sialoadhesin endocytic pathway induces robust invariant natural killer T cell activation. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2013 May

7;110(19):7826-31.

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