

1B-210-C100

Monoclonal Antibody to CD11a Biotin conjugated (0.1 mg)

Clone: MEM-25

Isotype: Mouse IgG1

Specificity: The antibody MEM-25 reacts with CD11a (alpha subunit of human LFA-1), a

170-180 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on B and T lymphocytes, monocytes, macrophages, neutrophils, basophils and eosinophils.

HLDA IV; WS Code NL 209

Regulatory Status: RUO

Immunogen: Leukocytes from a pacient suffering from a LGL-type leukaemia.

Species Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The purified antibody is conjugated with Biotin-LC-NHS under optimum conditions.

The reagent is free of unconjugated biotin.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 15 mM sodium azide, approx. pH 7.4

Storage / Stability: Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial

label.

Usage: Biotinylated antibody is designed for indirect immunofluorescence analysis by Flow

Cytometry.

Suggested working dilution is 1:120. Indicated dilution is recommended starting point for use of this product. Working concentrations should be determined by the

investigator.

Expiration: See vial label

Lot Number: See vial label

Background: CD11a (LFA-1 alpha) together with CD18 constitute leukocyte function-associated

antigen 1 (LFA-1), the alphaLbeta2 integrin. CD11a is implicated in activation of LFA-1 complex. LFA-1 is expressed on the plasma membrane of leukocytes in a low-affinity conformation. Cell stimulation by chemokines or other signals leads to induction the high-affinity conformation, which supports tight binding of LFA-1 to its ligands, the intercellular adhesion molecules ICAM-1, -2, -3. LFA-1 is thus involved in interaction of various immune cells and in their tissue-specific settlement, but participates also in control of cell differentiation and proliferation and of T-cell effector functions. Blocking of LFA-1 function by specific antibodies or small molecules has become an important therapeutic approach in treatment of multiple inflammatory diseases. For example, humanized anti-LFA-1 antibody Efalizumab (Raptiva) is being used to interfere with T cell migration to sites of inflammation; binding of cholesterol-lowering drug simvastatin to CD11a allosteric site leads to

immunomodulation and increase in lymphocytic cholinergic activity.



PRODUCT DATA SHEET

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- *And many other.

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