

1A-482-T025

## Monoclonal Antibody to CD5 Allophycocyanin (APC) conjugated (25 tests)

Clone:	CRIS1
lsotype:	Mouse IgG2a
Specificity:	The antibody CRIS1 reacts with the cell surface glycoprotein CD5, a 67kDa single-chain transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on mature T lymphocytes, most of thymocytes and B lymphocytes subset (B-1a lymphocytes). HLDA I; WS Code T 29 HLDA III; WS Code T 530
Regulatory Status:	RUO
Immunogen:	stimulated human leukocytes
Species Reactivity:	Human, Other species Not tested
Preparation:	The purified antibody is conjugated with cross-linked Allophycocyanin (APC) under optimum conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography and adjusted for direct use. No reconstitution is necessary.
Storage Buffer:	The reagent is provided in stabilizing phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution containing 15mM sodium azide.
Storage / Stability:	Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial label.
Usage:	The reagent is designed for Flow Cytometry analysis of human blood cells using 10 $\mu$ I reagent / 100 $\mu$ I of whole blood or 10 <sup>6</sup> cells in a suspension. The content of a vial (0.25 mI) is sufficient for 25 tests.
Expiration:	See vial label
Lot Number:	See vial label
Background:	CD5 antigen (T1; 67 kDa) is a human cell surface T-lymphocyte single-chain transmembrane glycoprotein. CD5 is expressed on all mature T-lymphocytes, most of thymocytes, subset of B-lymphocytes and on many T-cell leukemias and lymphomas. It is a type I membrane glycoprotein whose extracellular region contains three scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) domains. The CD5 is a signal transducing molecule whose cytoplasmic tail is devoid of any intrinsic catalytic activity. CD5 modulates signaling through the antigen-specific receptor complex (TCR and BCR). CD5 crosslinking induces extracellular Ca++ mobilization, tyrosine phosphorylation of intracellular proteins and DAG production. Preliminary evidence shows protein associations with ZAP-70, p56lck, p59fyn, PC-PLC, etc. CD5 may serve as a dual receptor, giving either stimulatory or inhibitory signals depending both on the cell type and development stage. In thymocytes it acts as a costimulatory signal receptor. CD5 is the phenotypic marker of a B cell subpopulation involved in the production of autoreactive antibodies. Disease relevance: CD5 is a phenotypic marker for some B cell lymphoproliferative disorders (B-CLL, Hairy cell leukemia, etc.). The CD5+ popuation is expanded in some autoimmune disorders (Rheumatoid Arthritis, etc.). Herpes virus infections induce loss of CD5 expression in the expanded CD8+ human T cells.

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EXBIO Praha | Nad Safinou II 341 | 252 50 Vestec u Prahy | Czech Republic Tel: +420 261 090 666 | Fax: +420 261 090 660 | orders@exbio.cz | www.exbio.cz



## Antibodies References:

\*Freedman AS, Freeman G, Whitman J, Segil J, Daley J, Levine H, Nadler LM: Expression and regulation of CD5 on in vitro activated human B cells. Eur J Immunol. 1989 May;19(5):849-55.

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\*Arrizabalaga P, Mirapeix E, Darnell A, Torras A, Revert L: Cellular immunity analysis using monoclonal antibodies in human glomerulonephritis. Nephron. 1989;53(1):41-9.

\*Alberola-Ila J, Places L, Cantrell DA, Vives J, Lozano F: Intracellular events involved in CD5-induced human T cell activation and proliferation. J Immunol. 1992 Mar 1;148(5):1287-93.

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