

PH Domain-containing family E member 1. Rabbit Antigen Immunoaffinity Purified Polyclonal KIAA0606, PHLPP, PLEKHE1, SCOP, PHLPP1, PH domain leucine-rich repeat-containing protein phosphatase 1; Pleckstrin homology domain-containing family E member 1; Suprachiasmatic nucleus circadian oscillatory protein

### BACKGROUND

PHLPP1 is a 1717 aa protein with phosphatase activity that mediates dephosphorylation of 'Ser-473' of AKT1, 'Ser-660' of PRKCB isoform beta-II and 'Ser-657' of PRKCA. AKT1 regulates the balance between cell survival and apoptosis through a cascade that primarily alters the function of transcription factors that regulate pro- and antiapoptotic genes. Dephosphorylation of 'Ser-473' of AKT1 triggers apoptosis and suppression of tumor growth. Controls the phosphorylation of AKT2 and AKT3 more efficiently than that of AKT1. Dephosphorylation of PRKCA and PRKCB leads to their destabilization and degradation. Inhibits cancer cell proliferation and may act as a tumor suppressor. May act as a negative regulator of K-Ras signaling in membrane rafts.

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

CATALOG NUMBER

X2736P

SIZE

100 μg **F**ORM

Pure

HOST/CLONE

Rabbit

**FORMULATION** 

Provided as solution in phosphate buffered saline with 0.08% sodium azide

CONCENTRATION

See vial for concentration

ISOTYPE

g

**APPLICATIONS** 

Immunohistochemistry, Western Blot,

**ELISA** 

SPECIES REACTIVITY

Human

ACCESSION NUMBER

O60346, Human

### **I**MMUNOGEN

Synthetic peptide derived from the human PHLPP1 protein

# Positive Control/Tissue Expression

## **C**OMMENTS

Optimal concentration should be evaluated by serial dilutions.



# **Purification**

Antigen Immunoaffinity Purification

# SHIP CONDITIONS

Ship at ambient temperature, freeze upon arrival

### STORAGE CUSTOMER

Product should be stored at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid freeze/thaw cycles

#### STABILITY

Products are stable for one year from purchase when stored properly

### REFERENCES

- 1. Gao, T., et al. 'PHLPP: a phosphatase that directly dephosphorylates Akt, promotes apoptosis, and suppresses tumor growth' Mol. Cell, 18, 13-24, 2005
- 2. Bragnard, J., et al. 'PHLPP and a second isoform, PHLPP2, differentially attenuate the amplitude of Akt signaling by regulating distinct Akt isoforms.' Mol. Cell, 25, 917-931, 2007
- 3. Gao, T., et al. 'The phosphatase PHLPP controls the cellular levels of protein kinase C.' J. Biol. Chem., 283, 6300 -6311, 2008