Mouse Anti-Rat Immunoglobulin G_1 CY5 Monoclonal Antibody

Mouse, Monoclonal (Immunoglobulin G_1)
Cat. No. DMAB4808
Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview: Mab to IgG_1
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to Rat Immunoglobulin G_1(IgG_1), γ1 heavy chain
Clone: H18E8
Ig Isotype: Mouse $IgG_1κ$
Format: Cyanine 5 (CY™5) Conjugate
Quality: 0.1 mg
Specificity: Reacts with the γ1 heavy chain (Fc) of rat IgG1; may also react with other species
Applications: Identification and enumeration of IgG1; cells by immunofluorescence microscopy; Second step reagent for rat IgG1 monoclonal antibodies; ELISA
Characterization: To ensure lot-to-lot consistency, each batch of monoclonal antibody is tested as a second step reagent by flow cytometry and/or ELISA to conform to characteristics of a standard reference reagent. Representative data are included in this product insert.
Working Dilutions:
Flow Cytometry: ≤0.3 µg/10^6 cells
Other Applications: Since applications vary, each investigator should determine the optimum working dilutions of the product that is appropriate for their specific needs
Handling And Storage: Protect conjugated forms from light. Each reagent is stable for the period shown on the bottle label if stored as directed.
Warning: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.

BACKGROUND

Introduction: Immunoglobulin G (IgG) are antibody molecules. Each IgG is composed of four peptide chains — two heavy chains γ and two light chains. Each IgG has two antigen binding sites. Other Immunoglobulins may be described in terms of polymers with the IgG structure considered the monomer. IgG molecules are synthesized and secreted by plasma B cells. IgG antibodies are large molecules of about 150 kDa composed of 4 peptide chains. It contains 2 identical heavy chains of about 50 kDa and 2 identical light chains of about 25 kDa, thus a tetrameric quaternary structure. The two heavy chains are linked to each other and to a light chain each by disulfide bonds. The resulting tetramer has two identical halves, which together form the Y-like shape. Each end of the fork contains an identical antigen binding site. The Fc regions of IgGs bear a highly conserved N-glycosylation site. The N-glycans attached to this site are predominantly core-fucosylated diantennary structures of the complex type. In addition, small amounts of these N-glycans also bear bisecting GlcNAc and α-2,6-linked sialic acid residues.
Keywords: Ig gamma 1 chain C region; IGHG1; Immunoglobulin heavy constant gamma 1 (G1m marker); IgG1; Immunoglobulin G1; IgG1γ1; Immunoglobulin G1γ1; IgG1 heavy chain, Immunoglobulin G1 heavy chain; IgG1 γ1heavy chain; Immunoglobulin G1γ1heavy chain

REFERENCES

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45-16 Ramsey Road Shirley, NY 11967, USA
Tel: 631-624-4882 ·Fax:631-614-7828
E-mail: info@creative-diagnostics.com
www.creative-diagnostics.com