

Rat Anti-Mouse IgG2a Monoclonal Antibody, R-PE Conjugated

Rat, Monoclonal (IgG2a)

Cat. No. DMAB4723

Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview: Mab to IgG2a; Rat Monoclonal Antibody to Mouse Immunoglobulin G2a(IgG2a), γ 2a heavy chain

Clone: TB84a

Ig Isotype: Rat IgG_{1k}

Format: R-phycoerythrin (R-PE) Conjugate

Quality: 0.1 mg

Specificity: Reacts with the heavy chain of IgG2a

Applications: Identification and enumeration of IgG2a⁺ cells by flow cytometry; Identification and enumeration of IgG2a⁺ cells by immunofluorescence microscopy; Second step reagent for mouse IgG2a monoclonal antibodies; Enzyme-Linked-Immunosorbent-Assay (ELISA)

Characterization: To ensure lot-to-lot consistency, each batch of monoclonal antibody is tested by ELISA and/or flow cytometry to conform to characteristics of a standard reference reagent. Representative data are included in this product insert.

Working Dilutions: Flow Cytometry: R-phycoerythrin conjugate $\leq 0.2\mu\text{g}/10^6$ cells; Other Applications: Since applications vary, each investigator should determine the optimum working dilutions of the product that is appropriate for their specific needs.

Handling And Storage: The R-phycoerythrin (R-PE) conjugate is supplied as 0.1 mg in 1.0 mL or 0.2 mg in 2.0 mL of PBS/NaN₃ and a stabilizing agent. Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze! Protect conjugated forms from light. Reagents are stable for the period shown on the label if stored as directed.

Warning: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.

BACKGROUND

Introduction: Immunoglobulin G (IgG) are antibody molecules. Each IgG is composed of four peptide chains -two heavy chains γ and two light chains. Each IgG has two antigen binding sites. Other Immunoglobulins may be described in terms of polymers with the IgG structure considered the monomer. IgG molecules are synthesized and secreted by plasma B cells. IgG antibodies are large molecules of about 150 kDa composed of 4 peptide chains. It contains 2 identical heavy chains of about 50 kDa and 2 identical light chains of about 25 kDa, thus a tetrameric quaternary structure. The two heavy chains are linked to each other and to a light chain each by disulfide bonds. The resulting tetramer has two identical halves, which together form the Y-like shape. Each end of the fork contains an identical antigen binding site. The Fc regions of IgGs bear a highly conserved N-glycosylation site. The N-glycans attached to this site are predominantly core-fucosylated diantennary structures of the complex type. In addition, small amounts of these N-glycans also bear bisecting GlcNAc and α -2,6-linked sialic acid residues.

Keywords: Immunoglobulin G2a; IgG2a; IgG2a γ 2a; Immunoglobulin G2a γ 2a; IgG2a heavy chain, Immunoglobulin G2a heavy chain; IgG2a γ 2a heavy chain; Immunoglobulin G2a γ 2a heavy chain

REFERENCES

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