

Mouse Anti-Human CD2 Monoclonal Antibody

Mouse, Monoclonal (CD2)

Cat. No. DMAB2490MH Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description: CD2 is a surface antigen of the human T-lymphocyte lineage that is expressed on all peripheral blood T cells. It is one of the earliest T-cell markers, being present on more than 95% of thymocytes; it is also found on some natural killer cells but not on B lymphocytes. Monoclonal antibodies directed against CD2 inhibit the formation of rosettes with sheep erythrocytes, indicating that CD2 is the erythrocyte receptor or is closely associated with it.

Immunogen: Human peripheral T cells.

Isotype: IgG_{2a} **Specificity:** CD2 **Clone:** H12

Host animal: Mouse Source: Cell culture Format: Phyco, Liquid

Purification: This fluorochrome has been covalently conjugated to Anti-CD2 and Chromategraphically purified to remove unconjugated antibody and dye, while achieving a fluorochrome/protein (F/P) molar ratio between 0.7 - 1.3. Rphycoerythrin has a maximum absorbance at 565.5nm and an emission maximum at 578nm. The fluorochrome/protein (F/P) molar ratio of this conjugate is 1.043.

Application: Appropriate pairs of anti-CD2 antibodies will stimulate peripheral T-cell proliferation and effector function antigen (LFA-3/CD58), the binding of which augments T-cell activation mediated by the T-cell antigen receptor (TCR). Anti-Human CD2 can be used to deplete CD2 positive cells by complement-mediated cytotoxicity. We recommend using 1µg to satin 1.0 x 10⁶ cells in flow cytometric applications. Each laboratory should determine an optimum working titer for use in its particular application. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

PACKAGING

Concentration: 100µg/ml (OD280nm)

Buffer: 00.01M PBS, pH 7.2, containing 1.0% BSA and

2mM EDTA

Preservative: 0.1% Sodium azide

Storage: Store (protected from light) at 2-8°C. DO NOT

FREEZE

Warning: This product contains sodium azide, which has been classified as Xn (Harmful), in European Directive 67/548/EEC in the concentration range of 0.1-1.0 %. When disposing of this reagent through lead or copper plumbing, flush with copious volumes of water to prevent azide buildup in drains.

IMMUNOGEN GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name: CD2 CD2 molecule [Homo sapiens]

Official Symbol: CD2

Synonyms: T11; SRBC; FLJ46032; CD2; T-cell surface antigen CD2; LFA-2; LFA-3 receptor; Rosette receptor; OTTHUMP00000024366; erythrocyte receptor; lymphocyte-function antigen-2; T-cell surface antigen T11/Leu-5; CD2

antigen (p50), sheep red blood cell receptor

GeneID: 914

mRNA Refseq: NM 001767 Protein Refseq: NP 001758

MIM: 186990

UniProt ID: P06729

Chromosome Location: 1q13

Pathway: Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), organism-specific biosystem; Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), conserved biosystem; Cell surface interactions at the vascular wall, org-anism-specific biosystem; Hematopoietic cell lineage, organism-specific biosystem; Hematopoietic cell lineage, conserv- ed biosystem; Hemostasis, organism-specific biosystem; T Cell Receptor Signaling Pathway, organism-specific biosystem

Function: eukaryotic cell surface binding; protein binding; protein homodimerization activity; receptor activity

REFERENCES

- 1. Brown, M. H., Gorman, P. A., Sewell, W. A., Spurr, N. K., Sheer, D., Crumpton, M. J. The gene coding for the human T-lymphocyte CD2 antigen is located on chromosome 1p. Hum. Genet. 76: 191-195, 1987.
- 2. Clayton, L. K., Ramachandran, H., Pravtcheva, D., Chen, Y.-F., Diamond, D. J., Ruddle, F. H., Reinherz, E. L. The gene for T11 (CD2) maps to chromosome 1 in humans and to chromosome 3 in mice. J. Immun. 140: 3617-3621, 1988.