

BioVendor

Research
and Diagnostic Products



Human Anti-SARS-CoV-2 NP IgM ELISA

Product Data Sheet

Cat. No.: RAI011R

For Research Use Only

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**»» This kit is manufactured by:
BioVendor – Laboratorní medicína a.s.**

»» Use only the current version of Product Data Sheet enclosed with the kit!

1. INTENDED USE

SARS-CoV-2 NP IgM ELISA kit is an specific enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) for the detection and qualitative measurement of IgM class antibodies against the nucleocapsid protein (NP) of SARS-CoV-2 virus in human blood.

"For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures."

2. SUMMARY

In December 2019, a novel coronavirus, now officially named as severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), has been identified in Wuhan China, which caused the outbreak of a coronavirus-associated acute respiratory disease called coronavirus disease 19 (COVID-19). Signs and symptoms of COVID-19 may occur 2 to 14 days after infection, which include fever, cough, shortness of breath or difficulties in breathing, pain in the muscle and tiredness. In severe cases, the infection can further lead to pneumonia, severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS), kidney failure and death.

Nucleocapsid protein (NP) is the most abundant protein on the helical nucleocapsid of coronaviruses, which envelopes the entire genomic RNA. NP also interacts with other viral structural proteins to play important roles during host cell entry and virus particle assembly and release. Anti-NP antibodies have been shown to be the earliest and the most predominant antibodies detectable in patient's blood samples after coronavirus infection.

3. PRINCIPLES OF THE TEST

SARS-CoV-2 NP IgM ELISA kit is a two-step incubation immunoassay kit. Recombinant nucleocapsid protein (NP) of SARS-CoV-2 pre-coated onto the polystyrene microwell strips can specifically recognize anti-NP antibodies in human serum or plasma specimens.

After a 1-hour incubation, anti-NP antibodies are captured by immobilized NP protein while the unbound components are washed away.

Afterwards, a detection solution containing HRP-conjugated anti-human IgM is added for another 1-hour incubation, wherein HRP-conjugated anti-human IgM binds to the IgM class antibodies previously bound to NP protein on the plate. After removal of nonspecific bindings, a HRP substrate solution containing 3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) is added, resulting in the formation of a blue color. Color reaction is stopped by 2M H₂SO₄, transforming the blue color to yellow signals, which is quantified by an absorbance microplate reader at 450nm. The color intensity is proportional to the amount of anti- NP IgM antibodies captured inside the wells.

4. SUPPLIED REAGENTS AND MATERIALS

Kit Components	Quantity
SARS-CoV-2 NP coated ELISA plate Each well contains recombinant NP of SARS-CoV-2. The microwell strips can be used separately. Place unused wells or strips in the provided plastic sealable storage bag together with the desiccant and return to 2-8°C. Once opened, stable for 4 weeks at 2-8°C.	12 strips x 8 wells (96 wells in total) in a white strip holder and sealed in a foil bag with desiccant.
Assay Buffer (5x)	1 x 20 ml
Wash Buffer (10x)	1 x 40 ml
Detection Antibody Solution (100x)	1 x 0.12 ml
Substrate Solution	1 x 12 ml
Stop Solution	1 x 12 ml
Blank Control	2 x 1 ml

5. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- 96-well plate or manual strip washer.
- Buffer and reagent reservoirs.
- Paper towels or absorbent paper.
- A microplate reader capable of reading absorbency at 450 nm.
- Distilled water or deionized water.

6. STORAGE AND PREPARATION OF TEST SAMPLES

- Test samples are suggested to be assayed immediately after separation of serum or plasma, or preferably stored frozen (-20°C or below) in aliquots. Multiple freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided. Duplicate test is recommended.
- Serum or plasma specimens with EDTA, sodium citrate or heparin can be tested. Highly lipaemic, icteric, or hemolytic specimens are not recommended. Specimens with visible microbial contamination should not be used.
- When required, vortex test serum or plasma samples at room temperature to ensure homogeneity. Then centrifuge samples at 10,000 to 15,000 rpm for 5 minutes prior to assay to remove particulates. Please do not omit this centrifugation step if samples are cloudy and containing particles.

7. STORAGE AND STABILITY

- The kit is stable until the expiry date only when stored at 2-8°C in sealed foil pouches. The expiry date is the last day of the month stated on the foil pouch and kit container.
- The kit should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt, and all reagents should be equilibrated to room temperature before use. Remove any unused antigen-coated strips from the microplate, return them to the foil pouch and re-seal. Once opened, the strips may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month. To assure maximum performance, protect the reagents from contamination with microorganism or chemicals during storage.

8. PREPARATION OF REAGENTS SUPPLIED

8.1 Assay Buffer (1x)

Prepare 1x assay buffer by mixing the 5x Assay buffer (20 ml) with 80 ml of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 5x Assay buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. The 1x Assay buffer may be stored at 2- 8°C for up to one month.

8.2 Wash Buffer (1x)

Prepare 1xWash buffer by mixing the 10xWash buffer (40ml) with 360ml of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 10xWash buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water batch until the precipitates disappear. The 1xWash buffer may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

8.3 Detection antibody solution (1x)

Spin down the 100xDetection antibody solution briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:100 with 1xAssay buffer, 100 µl of the 1xDetection antibody solution is required per well. **Prepare only as much 1xDetection antibody solution as needed.** Return the 100xDetection antibody solution to 2-8°C immediately after the necessary volume is removed.

9. SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum or plasma sample is generally required a 100-fold dilution in the 1xAssay buffer. A suggested dilution step is to add 10 µl of sample to 990 µl of 1xAssay buffer.

10. ASSAY PROCEDURES

Please equilibrate all the reagents to room temperature (20-25°C) for at least 30 minutes before use.

Step 1	Adding control and sample: Add 100µl of test sample and 100µl of Blank Control into their respective wells. Duplicate test is recommended. Note: Use a separate disposal pipette tip for each sample and Blank Control to avoid cross-contamination. Mix by tapping the plate gently.
Step 2	Incubation: Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
Step 3	Washing: Discard the content and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual solution in each well. Add 300 µl of 1xWash buffer to each well and incubate for 1 minute. Discard the 1xWash buffer and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual wash buffer. Repeat the wash step for a total 3 washes.
Step 4	Adding HRP-conjugated Detection Solution: Add 100 µl of 1xDetection Solution to each well.
Step 5	Incubation: Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
Step 6	Washing: Wash each well 4 times as described in step 3.
Step 7	Colouring: Add 100 µl of Substrate solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. Protect from light.
Step 8	Stopping Reaction: Add 100 µl of Stop solution to each well, gently tap the plate frame for a few seconds to ensure thorough mixing.

Step 9	Measurement: Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm immediately. Note: read the absorbance within 10 minutes after stopping the reaction.
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11. QUALITY CONTROL

Each microplate should be considered separately when calculating and interpreting the results of the assay, regardless of the number of plates concurrently processed.

The test results are valid if the Quality Control criteria are fulfilled. It is recommended that each laboratory must establish appropriate quality control system with quality control material similar to or identical with the patient specimen being analyzed.

- The Absorbance value of the Blank Control should be < 0.100 at 450nm.

12. TYPICAL RESULTS

Samples	OD450
Negative Control	0.113
	0.098
	0.121
Serum from healthy subjects	0.127
	0.154
	0.097
Serum from COVID-19 patients	1.052
	0.380
	0.242

Clinical validation study of SARS-CoV-2 NP IgM ELISA was conducted in 2020 in Shenzhen, China. Samples were collected from COVID-19 confirmed cases with clinical symptoms, laboratory abnormalities or pulmonary imaging manifestations. No tests have been performed on specimens from latent infections or patients in the incubation period. The kit showed higher positive detection rate in specimens from patients with delayed onset. Therefore, the interpretation of the test results should consider the specimen's collection time.

13. PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Inter Assay Precision	
Samples	CV
1	7.16 %
2	5.35 %
3	6.19 %
Intra Assay Precision	
Samples	CV
1	4.93 %
2	6.77 %
3	5.89 %

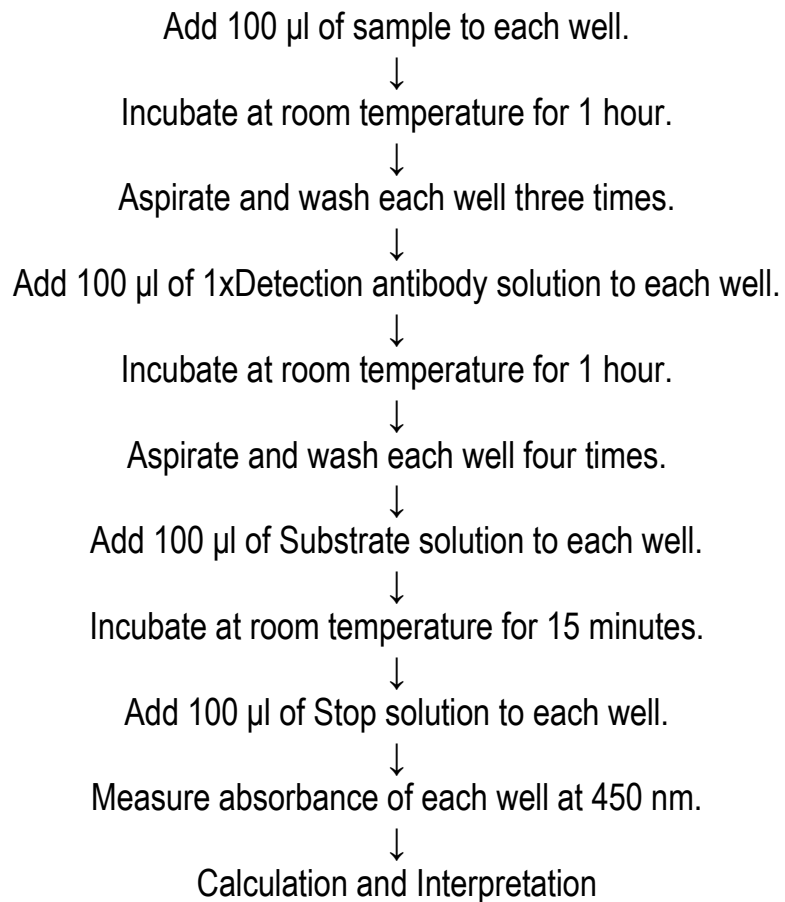
14. PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY

The ELISA assays are time and temperature sensitive. To avoid incorrect result, strictly follow the test procedure steps.

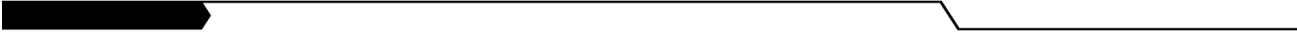
1. Do not exchange reagents from different lots or use reagents from other commercially available kits. The components of the kit are precisely matched for optimal performance of the tests.
2. Make sure that all reagents are within the validity indicated on the kit box and of the same lot. Never use reagents beyond their expiry date stated on labels or boxes.
3. CAUTION - CRITICAL STEP: Allow the reagents and specimens to reach room temperature (20-25°C) before use. Shake reagent gently before use. Return at 2-8°C immediately after use.
4. Use only sufficient volume of specimen as indicated in the procedure steps. Failure to do so, may cause low sensitivity of the assay.
5. Do not touch the exterior bottom of the wells; fingerprints or scratches may interfere with the reading. When reading the results, ensure that the plate bottom is dry and there are no air bubbles inside the wells.
6. Never allow the microplate wells to dry after the washing step. Immediately proceed to the next step. Avoid the formation of air bubbles when adding the reagents.
7. Avoid long time interruptions of assay steps. Assure same working conditions for all wells.
8. Calibrate the pipette frequently to assure the accuracy of specimens/reagents dispensing. Use different disposal pipette tips for each specimen and reagents in order to avoid cross-contaminations.

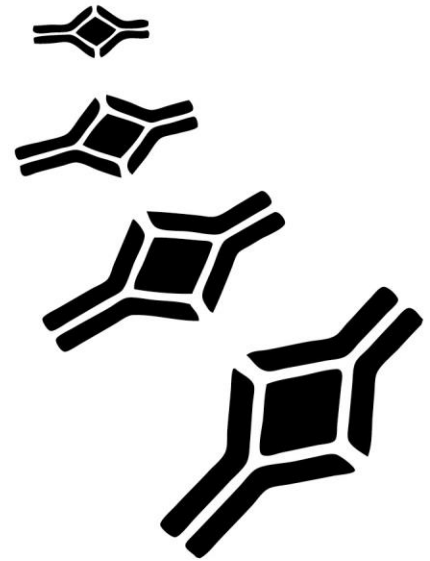
9. When adding specimens, do not touch the well's bottom with the pipette tip.
10. When measuring with a plate reader, determine the absorbance at 450nm.
11. The enzymatic activity of the HRP-conjugate might be affected from dust and reactive chemical and substances like sodium hypochlorite, acids, alkalis etc. Do not perform the assay in the presence of these substances.
12. All specimens from human origin should be considered as potentially infectious. Strict adherence to GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) regulations can ensure the personal safety.
13. Never eat, drink, smoke, or apply cosmetics in the assay laboratory. Never pipette solutions by mouth.
14. Chemical should be handled and disposed of only in accordance with the current GLP (Good Laboratory Practices) and the local or national regulations.
15. The pipette tips, vials, strips and specimen containers should be collected and autoclaved for not less than 2 hours at 121°C or treated with 10% sodium hypochlorite for 30 minutes to decontaminate before any further steps of disposal. Solutions containing sodium hypochlorite should NEVER be autoclaved. Materials Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) available upon request.
16. Some reagents may cause toxicity, irritation, burns or have carcinogenic effect as raw materials. Contact with the skin and the mucosa should be avoided but not limited to the following reagents: the Stop solution, the Substrate solution, and the Wash buffer.
17. The Stop solution 2M H₂SO₄ is an acid. Use it with appropriate care. Wipe up spills immediately and wash with water if come into contact with the skin or eyes.
18. ProClinTM 300 0.1% used as preservative, can cause sensation of the skin. Wipe up spills immediately or wash with water if come into contact with the skin or eyes.

15. TEST PROTOCOL SUMMARY



NOTES





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