# Anti-Mouse CD357 (AITR / GITR) FITC

Catalogue Number : 39612-50 RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **Product Information**

Clone: DTA-1 Format/Conjugate: FITC Concentration: 0.5 mg/mL Reactivity: Mouse Laser: Blue (488nm) Peak Emission: 520nm Peak Excitation: 494nm Filter: 530/30 Brightness (1=dim,5=brightest): 3 Isotype: Rat IgG2b Formulation: Phosphate-buffered aqueous solution, ≤0.09% Sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer, ph7.2. Storage: Product should be kept at 2-8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Applications: FC

### Description

The DTA-1 monoclonal antibody specifically reacts with mouse Glucocorticoid-Induced TNFR-related protein, also known as GITR and TNFRSF18, a 66-70 kDa homodimer glycoprotein, detected in the T cells treated with glucocorticoid dexamethasone. GITR is also expressed in naïve mice by CD25+/CD4+/CD8a- thymocytes and on CD25+/CD4+/CD45RB-low splenocytes. Low levels were detected in splenic CD25+/CD4+/CD45RB-low T cells, B cells, dendritic cells and macrophages. A GITR ligand was detected on dendritic cells, macrophages and B cells. The DTA-1 antibody stimulates GITR and abrogates suppression by T regulatory cells (Treg), without affecting their proliferation. DTA-1 administration or the removal of GITR-expressing cells led to organ specific autoimmune disease.

### **Preparation & Storage**

The product should be stored undiluted at 4°C and should be protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. The monoclonal antibody was purified utilizing affinity chromatography and unreacted dye was removed from the product.

### **Application Notes**

The antibody has been analyzed for quality through the flow cytometric analysis of the relevant cell type. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is  $\leq 0.06$  ug per million cells in 100 µl volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

### References

Ko, K., Yamazaki, S., Nakamura, K., Nishioka, T., Hirota, K., Yamaguchi, T., ...; Sakaguchi, S. (2005). Treatment of advanced tumors with agonistic anti-GITR mAb and its effects on tumor-infiltrating Foxp3+ CD25+ CD4+ regulatory T cells.; The Journal of experimental medicine,;202(7), 885-891.
Shimizu, J., Yamazaki, S., Takahashi, T., Ishida, Y., ; Sakaguchi, S. (2002). Stimulation of CD25+ CD4+ regulatory T cells through GITR breaks immunological self-tolerance.; Nature immunology; 3(2), 135-142.

3. Tone, M., Tone, Y., Adams, E., Yates, S. F., Frewin, M. R., Cobbold, S. P., ; Waldmann, H. (2003). Mouse glucocorticoid-induced tumor necrosis factor receptor ligand is costimulatory for T cells.; Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences,;100(25), 15059-15064.