# Anti-Mouse CD335 (NKp46) FITC

Catalogue Number : 37412-50 RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **Product Information**

Clone: 29A1.4Format/Conjugate: FITCConcentration: 0.5 mg/mlReactivity: MouseLaser: Blue (488nm)Peak Emission: 520nmPeak Excitation: 494nmFilter: 530/30Brightness (1=dim,5=brightest): 3Isotype: Rat IgG2b, kappaFormulation: Phosphate-buffered aqueous solution, ≤0.09% Sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer, ph7.2.Storage: Product should be kept at 2-8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light.Applications: FC

## Description

The 29A1.4 antibody specifically reacts with CD335 (NKp46), a 46kDA natural cytotoxicity receptor family molecule. It is expressed in only NK and a rare subset of NK-like T cells, not including the CD1d-restricted NKT division. CD335 is active during NK lysis of pathogen-infected and tumor cells.

The 29A1.4 in vitro activates NK cells, but does not deplete NK cells in vivo.

#### **Preparation & Storage**

The product should be stored undiluted at 4°C and should be protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. The monoclonal antibody was purified utilizing affinity chromatography and unreacted dye was removed from the product.

## **Application Notes**

The antibody has been analyzed for quality through the flow cytometric analysis of the relevant cell type. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is  $\leq 1$  ug per million cells in 100 µl volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

#### References

1. Walzer, T., Bléry, M., Chaix, J., Fuseri, N., Chasson, L., Robbins, S. H., ... ; Vivier, E. (2007). Identification, activation, and selective in vivo ablation of mouse NK cells via NKp46.;Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences,;104(9), 3384-3389.

2. Joncker, N. T., Fernandez, N. C., Treiner, E., Vivier, E., ; Raulet, D. H. (2009). NK cell responsiveness is tuned commensurate with the number of inhibitory receptors for self-MHC class I: the rheostat model.; The Journal of Immunology, 182(8), 4572-4580.

3. Gazit, R., Gruda, R., Elboim, M., Arnon, T. I., Katz, G., Achdout, H., ... ; Mandelboim, O. (2006). Lethal influenza infection in the absence of the natural killer cell receptor gene Ncr1.; Nature immunology,;7(5), 517-523.