CD103 (RM)

Concentrated and Prediluted Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody 902-3117-120516



Catalog Number:	ACR 3117 A, B	APR 3117 AA
Description:	0.1, 0.5 ml, concentrated	6.0 ml, prediluted
Dilution:	1:100	Ready-to-use
Diluent:	Renoir Red	N/A

Intended Use:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Summary and Explanation:

CD103 antibody recognizes the integrin subunit CD103 cell surface antigen, which is characteristically expressed in hairy cell leukemia (HCL), a B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder (1-3). CD103 [EP206] has demonstrated reactivity in FFPE (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded) tissue, eliminating the need for flow cytometric analysis or frozen section IHC, making it a valuable addition to an immunohistochemistry (IHC) panel for the diagnosis of HCL (1). Other antibodies that have been used in conjunction with CD103 for the detection of HCL include CD25, TIA-1, DBA44 and CD11c (2-3). Intraepithelial CD8 (+) tumorinfiltrating lymphocytes (TIL) that express CD103 have been shown to be strongly associated with patient survival in high-grade serous ovarian cancer (HGSC) (4).

Principle of Procedure:

Antigen detection in tissues and cells is a multi-step immunohistochemical process. The initial step binds the primary antibody to its specific epitope. After labeling the antigen with a primary antibody, an enzyme labeled polymer is added to bind to the primary antibody. The detection of the bound antibody is evidenced by a colorimetric reaction.

Source: Rabbit monoclonal

Species Reactivity: Human; others not tested

Clone: EP206

Isotype: IgG

Total Protein Concentration: ~10 mg/ml. Call for lot specific Ig concentration.

Epitope/Antigen: A synthetic peptide corresponding to the residues of human CD103 protein

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

Positive Tissue Control: Hairy cell leukemia

Known Applications:

Immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues) **Supplied As:** Buffer with protein carrier and preservative

Storage and Stability:

Store at 2°C to 8°C. Do not use after expiration date printed on vial. If reagents are stored under conditions other than those specified in the package insert, they must be verified by the user. Diluted reagents should be used promptly; any remaining reagent should be stored at 2°C to 8°C.

Staining Protocol Recommendations:

Peroxide Block: Block for 5 minutes with Biocare's Peroxidazed 1. **Pretreatment Solution (recommended):** Diva

Pretreatment Protocol:

Heat Retrieval Method:

Preheat the retrieval solution to 95°C for 30 minutes and then place slides in the preheated solution if using Biocare's Decloaking Chamber Pro or Decloaking Chamber Plus. If using Biocare's Decloaking Chamber NxGen, place slides into the retrieval solution without preheating. Retrieve at 95°C for 40 minutes. Allow solution to cool for 20 minutes and then wash in distilled water.

Protein Block (Optional): Incubate for 5-10 minutes at RT with Biocare's Background Punisher.

Primary Antibody: Incubate for 30 minutes at RT. **Probe:** N/A

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Staining Protocol Recommendations Cont'd:

Polymer: Incubate for 30 minutes at RT with a secondary-conjugated polymer.

Chromogen:

Incubate for 5 minutes at RT with Biocare's DAB – OR – Incubate for 5-7 minutes at RT with Biocare's Warp Red.

Counterstain:

Counterstain with hematoxylin. Rinse with deionized water. Apply Tacha's Bluing Solution for 1 minute. Rinse with deionized water.

Technical Note:

This antibody has been standardized with Biocare's MACH 4 detection system. Use TBS buffer for washing steps.

Limitations:

This product is provided for Research Use Only (RUO) and is not for use in diagnostic procedures. Suitability for specific applications may vary and it is the responsibility of the end user to determine the appropriate application for its use.

Precautions:

1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (NaN₃) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976) (5)

2. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come into contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water. (6)

3. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.

4. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.

5. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.

6. The SDS is available upon request and is located at http://biocare.net.

Technical Support:

Contact Biocare's Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002 for questions regarding this product.

References:

1. Morgan EA, *et al.* Immunohistochemical detection of hairy cell leukemia in paraffin sections using a highly effective CD103 rabbit monoclonal antibody. Am J Clin Pathol. 2013 Feb; 139(2):220-30.

2. Dong HY, *et al.* Immunophenotypic analysis of CD103+ Blymphoproliferative disorders: hairy cell leukemia and its mimics. Am J Clin Pathol. 2009 Apr; 131(4):586-95.

3. Mori N, *et al.* TIA-1 expression in hairy cell leukemia. Mod Pathol. 2004 Jul; 17 (7):840-6.

4. Webb JR, *et al.* Tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes expressing the tissue resident memory marker CD103 are associated with increased survival in high-grade serous ovarian cancer. Clin Cancer Res. 2014 Jan 15; 20(2):434-44.

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References Cont'd:

5. Center for Disease Control Manual. Guide: Safety Management, NO. CDC-22, Atlanta, GA. April 30, 1976 "Decontamination of Laboratory Sink Drains to Remove Azide Salts."

6. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI). Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections; Approved Guideline-Fourth Edition CLSI document M29-A4 Wayne, PA 2014.

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