

CD57 (Natural Killer Cell)

Concentrated and Prediluted Monoclonal Antibody

Control Number: 902-007-082217

Catalog Number:ACR 007 B, CAPR 007 AADescription:0.5, 1.0 ml, concentrated6.0 ml, predilutedDilution:1:50-1:100Ready-to-useDiluent:Da Vinci GreenN/A

Intended Use:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Summary and Explanation:

This antibody recognizes a 110 kDa protein on human lymphocyte cell surface that is identified as CD57. The CD57 clone NK-1 marks a subset of lymphocytes known as natural killer (NK) cells. Follicular center cell lymphomas often contain many NK cells within the neoplastic follicles. NK-1 reportedly also reacts with a variety of cell types in non-lymphoid tissues. NK-1 stains neuroendocrine cells and their respective tumors.

Source: Mouse monoclonal **Species Reactivity:** Human

Clone: NK-1 Isotype: IgM/kappa

Total Protein Concentration: ~10 mg/ml. Call for lot specific Ig concentration.

Epitope/Antigen: CD57

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane in germinal centers of lymph nodes or tonsils

Positive Control: Single tonsil

Known Applications:

Immunohistochmistry (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues)

Supplied As: Buffer with protein carrier and preservative

Storage and Stability:

Store at 2°C to 8°C. Do not use after expiration date printed on vial. If reagents are stored under conditions other than those specified in the package insert, they must be verified by the user. Diluted reagents should be used promptly; any remaining reagent should be stored at 2°C to 8°C.

Staining Protocol Recommendations:

Peroxide Block: Block for 5 minutes with Biocare's Peroxidazed 1.

Pretreatment Solution: Reveal Pretreatment Protocol: Heat Retrieval Method:

Retrieve sections under pressure using Biocare's Decloaking Chamber, followed by a wash in distilled water; alternatively, steam tissue sections for 45-60 minutes. Allow solution to cool for 10 minutes then wash in distilled water.

Protein Block (Optional): Incubate for 5-10 minutes at RT with Biocare's Background

Punisher.

Primary Antibody: Incubate for 30 minutes at RT.

Probe: Incubate for 10 minutes at RT with a secondary probe. **Polymer:** Incubate for 10 minutes at RT with a tertiary polymer.

Chromogen

Incubate for 5 minutes at RT with Biocare's DAB - OR - Incubate for 5-7 minutes at RT with Biocare's Warp Red.

Counterstain:

Counterstain with hematoxylin. Rinse with deionized water. Apply Tacha's Bluing Solution for 1 minute. Rinse with deionized water.

Technical Note:

This antibody has been standardized with Biocare's MACH 4 detection system. It can also be used on an automated staining system and with other Biocare polymer detection kits. Use TBS buffer for washing steps.

Limitations:

This product is provided for Research Use Only (RUO) and is not for use in diagnostic procedures. Suitability for specific applications may vary and it is the responsibility of the end user to determine the appropriate application for its use.

Precautions:

- 1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (NaN $_3$) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976) (7)
- 2. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water. (8)
- 3. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.
- 4. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.
- 5. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.
- 6. The SDS is available upon request and is located at http://biocare.net.

Technical Support:

Contact Biocare's Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002 for questions regarding this product.

References:

- 1. Sanno N, *et al.* Immunohistochemical detection of human natural killer cell like immunoreactivity in human pituitary adenomas, using monoclonal antibody NK-1. J Neurooncol. 1997 Oct;35(1):29-38.
- 2. Papadimitriou CS, *et al.* Pheontype of Hodgkin and sternberg-Reed cells and expression of CD57 (Leu7) antigen. Leuk Lymphoma. 1995 Dec;20(1-2):125-30.
- 3. Atochina OV, *et al.* Monoclonal antibodies to the HNK-1 antigen of human natural killers. Tsitologiia. 1994;36(9-10):1006-11.
- 4. Liu XH, *et al.* The prognostic value of the HNK-1 (Leu-7) antigen in prostatic cancer--an immunohistochemical study. Hinyokika Kiyo. Acta Urologica Japonica. 1993;39 (5):439-44.
- 5. Kamel OW, *et al.* Leu 7 (CD57) reactivity distinguishes nodular lymphocyte predominance Hodgkin's disease from nodular sclerosing Hodgkin's disease, T-cell-rich-B-cell lymphoma and follicular lymphoma. Am J Pathol. 1993 Feb;142(2):541-6.
 6. Ghali VS, Jimenez EJ, Garcia RL. Distribution of Leu-7 antigen (HNK-1) in thyroid tumors: its usefulness as a diagnostic marker for follicular and papillary carcinomas. Human Pathology. 1992; 23(1):21-5.
- 7. Center for Disease Control Manual. Guide: Safety Management, NO. CDC-22, Atlanta, GA. April 30, 1976 "Decontamination of Laboratory Sink Drains to Remove Azide Salts."
- 8. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI). Protection of Laboratory workers from occupationally Acquired Infections; Approved guideline-Third Edition CLSI document M29-A3 Wayne, PA 2005.