TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

THUNDER™ Phospho-p70 S6K (T389) + Total p70 S6K TR-FRET Cell Signaling Assay Kit



CATALOG NUMBERS KIT-P70S6KPT-500

400 points for phospho-p70 S6K For research use only. and 100 points for total p70 S6K

Store at -80°C Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

SPECIFICITY SPECIES REACTIVITY

This assay kit contains two specific and selective antibody pairs, one that recognizes p70 S6K phosphorylated at Thr389 and another that recognizes total (both phosphorylated and unphosphorylated) p70 S6K.

Human (Swiss-Prot Acc.: P23443; Entrez-Gene Id: 6198).

Other species should be tested on a case-by-case basis.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

This assay kit measures intracellular levels of phospho-p70 S6K (T389) and total p70 S6K protein in cell lysates using a simple, rapid and sensitive immunoassay based on the homogeneous (nowash) THUNDER™ TR-FRET technology. The kit is compatible with both adherent and suspension cells.

TR-FRET ASSAY PRINCIPLE

The Phospho-p70 S6K (T389) + Total p70 S6K assay kit is a homogeneous time-resolved Förster resonance energy transfer (TR-FRET) sandwich immunoassay (Figure 1). The THUNDER™ Cell Signaling assay workflow consists of 3 steps (Figure 2). Following cell treatment, cells are first lysed with the specific Lysis Buffer provided in the kit. Then Phospho-p70 S6K (T389) and Total p70 **S6K** in the cell lysates are detected in separate wells with two pairs of fluorophore-labeled antibodies in a simple "add-incubatemeasure" format (single-step reagent addition; no wash steps). For detection of the phosphorylated protein, one antibody is labeled with a donor fluorophore (Europium chelate; Eu-Abl) and the second with a far-red acceptor fluorophore (FR-Ab2). The same approach is used for the second antibody pair detecting the total protein (Eu-Ab3 and FR-Ab4). The binding of the two matched labeled antibodies to distinct epitopes on the target protein (either phospho-p70 S6K or total p70 S6K) takes place in solution and brings the two dyes into close proximity. Excitation of the donor Europium chelate molecules with a flash lamp (320 or 340 nm) or a laser (337 nm) triggers a FRET from the donor to the acceptor molecules, which in turn emit a TR-FRET signal at 665 nm. Residual energy from the Eu chelate generates light at 615 nm. The signal at 665 nm is proportional to the concentration of Phospho-p70 S6K (T389) and Total p70 S6K in the cell lysate. Data can be expressed as either the signal at 665 nm or the 665 nm/615 nm ratio.

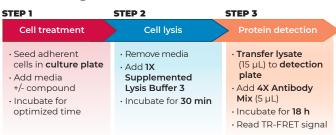


Figure 2 Assay workflow using the 2-plate (transfer) protocol

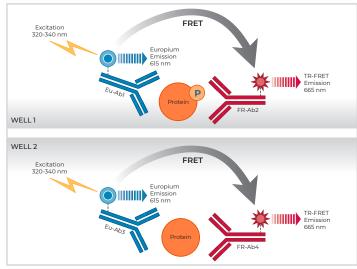


Fig. 1 Schematic representation of the TR-FRET cell signaling assay principle.

KIT COMPONENTS	500 points*
Eu-labeled phospho-p70 S6K (T389) antibody (Eu-Ab1)	20 μL
Acceptor-labeled phospho-p70 S6K (T389) antibody (FR-Ab2)	80 µL
Eu-labeled total-p70 S6K antibody (Eu-Ab3)	5 µL
Acceptor-labeled total-p70 S6K antibody (FR-Ab4)	20 µL
Lysis Buffer 3 (5X)	5 mL
Detection Buffer (10X)	250 μL
Positive control cell lysate	500 μL

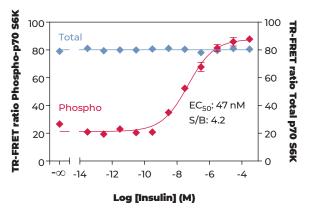
^{*} The number of assay points is based on an assay volume of 20 µL in half-area 96-well or low-volume 384-well assay plates using the kit components at the recommended concentrations (refer to the User Manual).

VALIDATION DATA

This assay kit has been validated for the relative quantification of phospho-p70 S6K (T389) and total p70 S6K in MCF7 cell lysates using the 2-plate assay protocol.

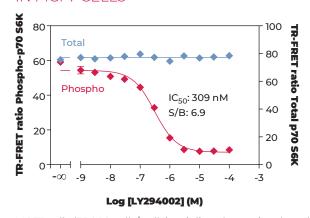
- · Adherent cells were cultured overnight in a 96-well tissue culture plate (EMEM +10% FBS).
- Following cell treatment, the media was removed and cells were lysed with the 1X **Lysis Buffer 3** (50 µL) supplemented with the phosphatase inhibitors sodium fluoride (1 mM) and sodium orthovanadate (2 mM).
- · Following a 30-min incubation at room temperature (RT) on an
- orbital shaker (400 rpm), lysates (15 μ L) were then transferred to a 384-well assay plate followed by addition to separate wells of either the labeled antibodies Eu-Ab1 and FR-Ab2 (5 μ L) for detection of phospho-p70 S6K (T389) or Eu-Ab3 and FR-Ab4 (5 μ L) for detection of total p70 S6K.
- The plate was incubated at RT for **18 hours** and the TR-FRET signal was recorded at 665 and 615 nm (EnVision®; lamp excitation).

STIMULATION OF PHOSPHO-P70 S6K (T389) IN MCF7 CELLS



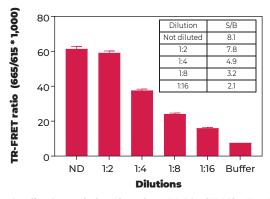
MCF7 cells (75,000 cells/well; in triplicate) were incubated with serial dilutions of insulin for 60 min at RT. Data show that treatment of MCF7 cells with Insulin stimulates phosphorylation of p70 S6K at T389, but does not affect the levels of total p70 S6K.

INHIBITION OF PHOSPHO-P70 S6K (T389) IN MCF7 CELLS

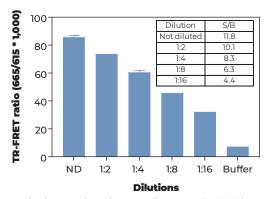


MCF7 cells (75,000 cells/well; in triplicate) were incubated with serial dilutions of the inhibitor LY294002 for 60 min at RT. Cells were then stimulated with 1 μM of insulin for 60 min at RT. Data show that treatment of MCF7 cells with LY294002 inhibits phosphorylation of p70 S6K at T202/Y204 by insulin, but does not affect the levels of total p70 S6K.

MCF7 CONTROL LYSATE TITRATION (QC TEST) PHOSPHO-P70 S6K (T389)



MCF7 CONTROL LYSATE TITRATION (QC TEST) TOTAL P70 S6K



Quality Control: the Phospho-p70 S6K (T389) + Total p70 S6K assay kit is routinely tested against Insulin-treated MCF7 lysates. MCF7 cells were cultured in a T175 flask to 90% confluence and stimulated with 30 μ M of insulin for 60 min at RT. Following cell lysis using 8 mL of 1X Lysis Buffer 3, lysates were serially diluted with 1X Lysis Buffer 3 and tested in triplicate and in separate wells for phospho-p70 S6K (T389) and total p70 S6K. Data show a linear relationship between lysate dilutions and TR-FRET ratio values.



FOR MORE INFORMATION ON DEVELOPING AND OPTIMIZING TR-FRET CELL SIGNALING ASSAYS, CONSULT THE USER MANUAL.