

DetectX[®] High Sensitivity Prostaglandin E₂

Enzyme Immunoassay Kit

1 Plate Kit Catalog Number K018-HX1 5 Plate Kit Catalog Number K018-HX5

SPECIES INDEPENDENT

Sample Types Validated:

Saliva, Urine, Serum, EDTA and Heparin Plasma and Tissue Culture Media

Please read this insert completely prior to using the product.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

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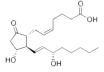
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BACKGROUND

Eicosanoid signal transduction pathways are highly conserved and are involved in a number of physiological processes. Prostaglandins are synthesized from arachidonic acid by cyclooxygenase (COX)-1 or -2, which convert the acid into PGH $_2$. This is further processed by cytosolic or microsomal prostaglandin synthases to become PGE $_2$ or one of several other prostanoids $^{1-3}$. Prostacyclin is the major cyclooxygenase product in blood vessel walls and it is present in



Prostaglandin E,

inflammatory fluids in similar concentrations to PGE_2 . Prostacyclin is a potent vasodilator and is more potent than PGE_2 in producing hyperalgesia⁴. PGE_2 is produced by a wide variety of tissues⁵⁻¹⁴ and in several pathological conditions, including inflammation, arthritis, fever, tissue injury, endometriosis, and a variety of cancers^{5,6}.

Other biological actions of PGE_2 include vasodilation, modulation of sleep/wake cycles, and facilitation of human immunodeficiency virus replication. It elevates cAMP levels, stimulates bone resorption, and has thermoregulatory effects. It has been shown to be a regulator of sodium excretion and renal hemodynamics⁷⁻¹².

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- 2. Vane, JR. (1971). "Inhibition of prostaglandin synthesis as a mechanism of action for aspirin-like drugs." Nature, 231, 232-235.3.
- 3. Willis, AL. (1969). "Release of histamine, kinin and prostaglandins during carrageenin-induced inflammation in the rat." In Prostaglandins, Peptides and Amines. Pp. 31-38. Ed. Mantegazza, P. & Horton, E.W. London: Academic Press.
- 4. Higgs, GA., Cardinal, DC., Moncada, S. & Vane, JR. (1979). "Microcirculatory effects of prostacyclin (PGI2) in the hamster cheek pouch." Microvascular Res., 18, 245-254.
- 5. Kargman, S. et al. "Mechanism of selective inhibition of human prostaglandin G/H synthase-1 and -2 in intact cells" (1996) Biochem Pharmacol. 52(7):1113-25
- 6. Thun MJ, Namboodiri MM, Heath CW Jr. "Aspirin use and reduced risk of fatal colon cancer." New Engl. J. Med. 1991: 325: 1593-6.
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- 8. O. Hayaishi, "Sleep-Wake Regulation by Prostaglandins D_2 and E_2 ." J. Biol. Chem., (1988) 263: 14593-14596.
- 9. S. Kuno, et al., "Prostaglandin E₂, a seminal constituent, facilitates the replication of acquired immune deficiency syndrome virus in vitro. "Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA, (1986) 83: 3487-3490.
- D.L. Bareis, et al., "Bradykinin stimulates phospholipid methylation, calcium influx, prostaglandin formation, and cAMP accumulation in human fibroblasts". Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA, (1983) 80: 2514-2518.
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- 12. C.R. Long, Kinoshita Y, Knox FG., "Prostaglandin E₂ induced changes in renal blood flow, renal interstitial hydrostatic pressure and sodium excretion in the rat." Prostaglandins, (1990) 40: 591-601.



WEB INSERT ASSAY PRINCIPLE

The DetectX® Prostaglandin E_2 (PGE $_2$) **High Sensitivity** Immunoassay kit is designed to quantitatively measure PGE $_2$ present in serum, plasma, urine, saliva and tissue culture media samples. Please read the complete kit insert before performing this assay. A PGE $_2$ standard is provided to generate a standard curve for the assay and all samples should be read off the standard curve. Standards or diluted samples are pipetted into a clear microtiter plate coated with an antibody to capture mouse IgG. A PGE $_2$ -peroxidase conjugate is added to the standards and samples in the wells. The binding reaction is initiated by the addition of a monoclonal antibody to PGE $_2$ to each well. After an overnight incubation at 4°C, the plate is washed and substrate is added. The substrate reacts with the bound PGE $_2$ -peroxidase conjugate. After a short incubation, the reaction is stopped and the intensity of the generated color is detected in a microtiter plate reader capable of measuring 450nm wavelength. The concentration of the PGE $_2$ in the sample is calculated, after making suitable correction for the dilution of the sample, using software available with most plate readers.

RELATED PRODUCTS

KITS

Urinary Creatinine Detection Kit (2 Plate)
Urinary Creatinine Detection Kit (10 Plate)
Cortisol Enzyme Immunoassay Kits (Strip Wells)
Cortisol Enzyme Immunoassay Kits (Whole Plate)
Corticosterone Enzyme Immunoassay Kits
Cortisone Enzyme Immunoassay Kits
Prostaglandin E, Enzyme Immunoassay Kits

Catalog Number K002-H1
Catalog Number K002-H5
Catalog Number K003-H1/H5
Catalog Number K003-H1W/H5W
Catalog Number K014-H1/H5
Catalog Number K017-H1/H5
Catalog Number K018-H1/H5



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SUPPLIED COMPONENTS

Coated Clear 96 Well Plates

Clear plastic microtiter plate(s) coated with goat anti-mouse IgG.

Kit K018-HX1 **or** -HX5 1 **or** 5 Each Catalog Number X012-1EA

Prostaglandin E, Standard

Must be stored at -20°C.

Prostaglandin E₂ at 20,000 pg/mL in a special stabilizing solution.

Kit K018-HX1 **or** -HX5 70 **or** 350 µL Catalog Number C057-70UL **or** -350UL

DetectX® Prostaglandin E, High Sensitivity Antibody

A mouse monoclonal antibody specific for Prostaglandin E₂.

Kit K018-HX1 **or** -HX5 3 mL **or** 13 mL Catalog Number C059-3ML **or** -13ML

DetectX® Prostaglandin E, Conjugate

Must be stored at -20°C.

A Prostaglandin E_2 -peroxidase conjugate in a special stabilizing solution.

Kit K018-HX1 **or** -HX5 3 mL **or** 13 mL Catalog Number C060-3ML **or** -13ML

Assay Buffer (or Concentrate)

One plate kit uses a ready-to-use Assay Buffer. Five plate kit uses a 5X concentrate that should be diluted with deionized or distilled water.

Kit K018-HX1 28 mL Catalog Number X066-28ML Kit K018-HX5 28 mL (Conc) Catalog Number X067-28ML

Wash Buffer Concentrate

A 20X concentrate that should be diluted with deionized or distilled water.

Kit K018-HX1 OR -HX5 30 mL OR 125 mL Catalog Number X007-30ML OR -125ML

TMB Substrate

Kit K018-HX1 or -HX5 11mL or 55 mL Catalog Number X019-11ML or -55ML

Stop Solution

A 1M solution of hydrochloric acid. CAUSTIC.

Kit K018-HX1 **or** -HX5 5 mL **or** 25 mL Catalog Number X020-5ML **or** -25ML

Plate Sealer

Kit K018-HX1 **or** -HX5 1 **or** 5 Each Catalog Number X002-1EA

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

The unopened kit should be stored at -20°C.

Once opened the kit can be stored at 4°C up to the expiration date on the kit label, **except for the PGE_Standard** and **PGE_Conjugate**. **These must be stored at -20°C.** The frozen PGE_Conjugate can be freeze-thawed multiple times.



WEB INSERT OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED

Distilled or deionized water.

Repeater pipet, such as an Eppendorf repeater, with disposable tips to accurately dispense 25, 50 and 100 μ L.

A microplate shaker.

A 4°C refrigerator.

Colorimetric 96 well microplate reader capable of reading optical density at 450 nm.

Software for converting raw relative optical density readings from the plate reader and carrying out four parameter logistic curve (4PLC) fitting. Contact your plate reader manufacturer for details.

PRECAUTIONS

As with all such products, this kit should only be used by qualified personnel who have had laboratory safety instruction. The complete insert should be read and understood before attempting to use the product.

The antibody coated plate needs to be stored desiccated. The silica gel pack included in the foil ziploc bag will keep the plate dry. The silica gel pack will turn from blue to pink if the ziploc has not been closed properly.

This kit utilizes a peroxidase-based readout system. Buffers, including other manufacturers Wash Buffers, containing sodium azide will inhibit color production from the enzyme. Make sure <u>all</u> buffers used for samples are **azide free**. Ensure that any plate washing system is rinsed well with deionized water prior to using the supplied Wash Buffer as prepared on Page 8.

The Stop Solution is acid. The solution should not come in contact with skin or eyes. Take appropriate precautions when handling this reagent.



WEB INSERT SAMPLE TYPES

This assay has been validated for saliva, urine, serum, EDTA and heparin plasma samples and for tissue culture samples. A general cyclooxygenase inhibitor, such as meclofenamic acid or indomethacin at $15 \, \mu M$ should be added immediately after collection of any biological samples, such as serum and plasma. All samples should be frozen rapidly in dry ice/ethanol and **stored at -80°C**.

Samples containing visible particulate should be centrifuged prior to using. Severely hemolyzed samples should not be used in this kit. All samples containing lipids may interfere with the measurement of PGE_2 . Samples containing high lipid content may be extracted as described below. A useful online resource for the extraction of bioactive lipids can be found at: http://lipidlibrary.aocs. org/topics/spe alm/index.htm#ext .

Prostaglandin $\rm E_2$ is identical across all species and we expect this kit may measure Prostaglandin $\rm E_2$ from sources other than human. The end user should evaluate recoveries of Prostaglandin $\rm E_2$ in other samples being tested.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum and Plasma Samples

Serum and plasma samples should be diluted \geq 1:10 with the supplied Assay Buffer prior running in the assay. **Mouse serum and plasma samples** need to be diluted \geq 1:20 with the supplied Assay Buffer prior running in the assay to minimize any interference of mouse IgG on the assay. Typical normal mouse PGE₂ serum levels are 45-150 ng/mL.

Urine Samples

Urine samples should be diluted \ge 1:8 with the supplied Assay Buffer prior running in the assay.

Saliva Samples

Saliva samples should be diluted ≥ 1:2 with the supplied Assay Buffer prior running in the assay. See our Saliva Sample Handling Instructions at http://www.arborassays.com/documents/.

Tissue Culture Media

For measuring prostaglandin $\rm E_2$ in tissue culture media (TCM), samples should be read off a standard curve generated in TCM. Samples may need to be diluted further in TCM. We have validated the assay using RPMI-1640.

Extracted Samples

We have a detailed Extraction Protocol available on our web site at: http://www.ArborAssays.com/resources/lit.asp. The ethanol concentration in the final Assay Buffer dilution added to the well should be <5%.

Use all samples within 2 hours of preparation.



WEB INSERT REAGENT PREPARATION

Allow the kit reagents to thaw and come to room temperature for 30-60 minutes. We recommend that all standards and samples be run in duplicate to allow the end user to accurately determine prostaglandin $\rm E_2$ concentrations. Ensure that all samples have reached room temperature and have been diluted as appropriate prior to running them in the kit.

Assay Buffer (Dilute ONLY for the Five Plate Kit, K018-HX5)

For the Five Plate Kit, K018-HX5, prepare the Assay Buffer by diluting the Assay Buffer Concentrate 1:5 by adding one part of the concentrate to four parts of deionized water. Once diluted this is stable at 4°C for 3 months. **Do not** dilute the Assay Buffer in the One Plate Kit, K018-HX1.

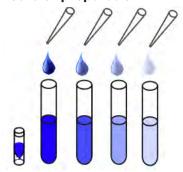
Wash Buffer

Dilute Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 by adding one part of the concentrate to nineteen parts of deionized water. Once diluted this is stable at room temperature for 3 months.

Standard Preparation

Label six test tubes as #1 through #6. Pipet 588 μ L of Assay Buffer into tube #1 and 300 μ L into tubes #2 to #6. **The Prostaglandin E2 stock solution contains an organic solvent. Prerinse the pipet tip several times to ensure accurate delivery.** Carefully add 12 μ L of the Prostaglandin E2 stock solution to tube #1 and vortex completely. Take 300 μ L of the Prostaglandin E2 solution in tube #1 and add it to tube #2 and vortex completely. Repeat the serial dilutions for tubes #3 through #6. The concentration of Prostaglandin E2 in tubes 1 through 6 will be 400, 200, 100, 50, 25, and 12.5 pg/mL.

Use all Standards within 2 hours of preparation.



	Std 1	Std 2	Std 3	Std 4	Std 5	Std 6
Assay Buffer (µL)	588	300	300	300	300	300
Addition	Stock	Std 1	Std 2	Std 3	Std 4	Std 5
Vol of Addition (µL)	12	300	300	300	300	300
Final Conc (pg/mL)	400	200	100	50	25	12.5



WEB INSERT Assay Protocol

- 1. Use the plate layout sheet on the back page to aid in proper sample and standard identification. Determine the number of wells to be used and return unused wells to the foil pouch with desiccant. Seal the ziploc plate bag and store at 4°C.
- 2. Pipet 100 µL of samples or standards into wells in the plate.
- 3. Pipet 125 µL of Assay Buffer into the non-specific binding (NSB) wells.
- 4. Pipet 100 μL of Assay Buffer into wells to act as maximum binding wells (B0 or 0 pg/mL).
- 5. Add 25 µL of the DetectX® Prostaglandin E, Conjugate to each well using a repeater pipet.
- Add 25 μL of the DetectX® Prostaglandin E₂ High Sensitivity Antibody to each well, except the NSB wells, using a repeater pipet.
- 7. Cover the plate with the plate sealer and shake the plate for 15 minutes at room temperature.
- 8. Place the covered plate in a 4°C refrigerator for 16 hours.
- 9. The next morning take the plate from the refrigerator and wash each well 4 times with 300 µL wash buffer. Tap the plate dry on clean absorbent towels.
- 10. Add 100 μL of TMB Substrate to each well, using a repeater pipet. (Note change in TMB volume!!)
- 11. Incubate the plate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 12. Add 50 µL of the Stop Solution to each well, using a repeater pipet.
- 13. Read the optical density generated from each well in a plate reader capable of reading at 450 nm.
- 14. Use the plate reader's built-in 4PLC software capabilities to calculate Prostaglandin $\rm E_2$ concentration for each sample.



WEB INSERT CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate OD readings for each standard and sample. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using the 4PLC fitting routine on the plate reader, after subtracting the mean OD's for the NSB. The sample concentrations obtained, calculated from the %B/BO curve, should be multiplied by the dilution factor to obtain neat sample values.

Or use the online tool from www.myassays.com/arbor-assays-pge2-enzyme-immunoassay-high-sensitivity-kit.assay to calculate the data.

MyAssaysi

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TYPICAL DATA

Sample	Mean OD	Net OD	% B/B0	PGE ₂ Conc. (pg/mL)
NSB	0.069	0	-	-
Standard 1	0.397	0.328	12.8	400
Standard 2	0.713	0.644	25.1	200
Standard 3	1.220	1.151	44.9	100
Standard 4	1.683	1.614	63.0	50
Standard 5	2.196	2.127	83.1	25
Standard 6	2.319	2.250	87.1	12.5
ВО	2.630	2.561	100.0	0
Sample 1	0.900	0.831	32.4	148.8
Sample 2	1.376	1.307	51.0	80.65

Always run your own standard curve for calculation of results.

Do not use this data.

Conversion Factor: 100 pg/mL of prostaglandin E₂ is equivalent to 283.7 pM.





Always run your own standard curves for calculation of results.

Do not use this data.

VALIDATION DATA

Sensitivity and Limit of Detection

Sensitivity was calculated by comparing the OD's for twelve wells run for each of the BO and standard #6. The detection limit was determined at two (2) standard deviations from the BO along the standard curve.

Sensitivity was determined as 10.9 pg/mL.

The Limit of Detection for the assay was determined in a similar manner by comparing the OD's for twenty runs for each of the zero standard and a low concentration human sample.

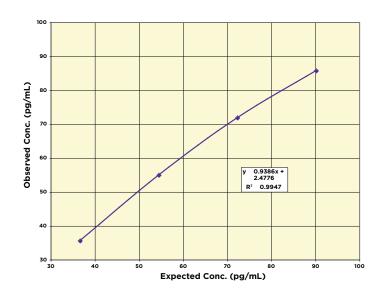
Limit of Detection was determined as 16.8 pg/mL



Linearity

Linearity was determined by taking two diluted human urine samples, one with a low Prostaglandin $\rm E_2$ level of 18.8 pg/mL and one with a higher level of 108.0 pg/mL, and mixing them in the ratios given below. The measured concentrations were compared to the expected values based on the ratios used.

Low Serum	High Serum	Observed Conc. (pg/mL)	Expected Conc. (pg/mL)	% Recovery
80%	20%	35.6	36.7	97.0
60%	40%	54.9	54.5	100.8
40%	60%	71.8	72.4	99.3
20%	80%	85.7	90.2	95.1
			Mean Recovery	98.0%





Intra Assay Precision

Three human samples were diluted with Assay Buffer and run in replicates of 20 in an assay. The mean and precision of the calculated Prostaglandin E_2 concentrations were:

Sample	Prostaglandin E ₂ Conc. (pg/mL)	%CV
1	134.8	5.9
2	76.2	8.7
3	166.3	7.6

Inter Assay Precision

Three human samples were diluted with Assay Buffer and run in duplicates in fifteen assays run over multiple days by four operators. The mean and precision of the calculated Prostaglandin $\rm E_2$ concentrations were:

Sample	Prostaglandin E ₂ Conc. (pg/mL)	%CV
1	156.1	8.8
2	81.4	7.7
3	148.2	14.7



WEB INSERT SAMPLE VALUES

Eleven human serum and plasma samples that did not contain COX inhibitors that would suppress PGE_2 production were tested in the assay. Neat sample were diluted > 1:10 in Assay Buffer and values ranged from 2,007 to 11,764 pg/mL with an average for the human samples of 7,400 pg/mL. The normal reference range for serum Prostaglandin E_2 (containing COX inhibitors) is 25-200 pg/mL¹³. Five normal human urine samples were diluted > 1:8 in Assay Buffer and values ranged from 485 to 2,309 pg/mL with an average for the human samples of 1,275 pg/mL

13. Tietz, NW, In "Textbook of Clinical Chemistry", WB Saunders, 1986.

CROSS REACTIVITY

The following cross reactants were tested in the assay and calculated at the 50% binding point.

Eicosanoid	Cross Reactivity (%)
Prostaglandin E_2	100%
Prostaglandin E ₁	108.9%
Prostaglandin F_{2lpha}	2.00%
Thromboxane B ₂	0.30%
6-keto-Prostaglandin F _{1α}	<0.3%
15-keto-Prostaglandin E ₁	<0.3%
13,14-dihydro-15-keto-Prostaglandin $F_{2\alpha}$	<0.1%
16,16-dimethyl-Prostaglandin E ₂	<0.1%
Arachidonic Acid	<0.1%

INTERFERENTS

A variety of solvents were tested as possible interfering substances in the assay. Organic solvents such as DMSO, Dimethylformamide (DMF), methanol and ethanol were tested in the assay at 0.1%. DMSO and DMF caused a 1.2% and 0.8% decrease in measured PGE_2 levels, whereas methanol and ethanol caused an increase of 2.5% and 4.6% in measured PGE_2 levels. A solvent only control should be run by the end user when appropriate.

Hemoglobin at 0.02 mg/dL caused a 1% decrease in measured PGE_2 levels.

Elevated lipids will also interfere with the measurement of PGE_2 . Follow the extraction recommendations described on page 7.



WEB INSERT LIMITED WARRANTY

Arbor Assays warrants that at the time of shipment this product is free from defects in materials and workmanship. This warranty is in lieu of any other warranty expressed or implied, including but not limited to, any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

We must be notified of any breach of this warranty within 48 hours of receipt of the product. No claim shall be honored if we are not notified within this time period, or if the product has been stored in any way other than outlined in this publication. The sole and exclusive remedy of the customer for any liability based upon this warranty is limited to the replacement of the product, or refund of the invoice price of the goods.

CONTACT INFORMATION

For details concerning this kit or to order any of our products please contact us:

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