

## Product Information Sheet

Product Name:
Catalog Number:
Lot Number:
Amount/size:
Source:

Endotoxin (EU/ $\mu \mathrm{g}$ ):

Storage:

## Instructions:

Myelin Oligodendrocyte Glycoprotein (MOG) is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and is expressed exclusively in central nervous system (CNS). Although MOG protein constitutes only $0.01-0.05 \%$ of the CNS myelin proteins, it was demonstrated that MOG protein is a crucial autoantigen for multiple sclerosis in humans and experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE) in rodents and monkeys (1-5).
The purified human rMOG is recommended for in vitro studies such as $T$ cell and $B$ cell responses, cytokine response, antigen presentation, Western blotting, and ELISA as well as for in vivo study such as EAE induction in mice and monkeys. The following dosages are recommended: $5-20 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ for in vitro study and $50-100 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ per animal for in vivo study (1-5).
Please note, human MOG must be thoroughly mixed directly with Complete Freund's Adjuvant (CFA). Do not dilute recombinant human MOG with buffers that have pH greater than 4.5! Protein will precipitate at pH higher than 4.5!


Activity: $\quad$ Female C57BL/6 mice ( $8-10$ weeks old) were immunized (s.c.) with $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} /$ animal of human rMOG in complete Freund's adjuvant followed by $400 \mathrm{ng} /$ mouse of pertussis toxin on day 0 and day 2 (i.p.). Mice showed EAE symptoms such as limp tail, hind limb weakness, or hind limb paralysis after induction. DA rats immunized with $50 \mu \mathrm{~g} /$ animal of human rMOG at the base of the tail (s.c.) displayed EAE symptoms as well. Please note that no other EAE induction protocols were tested including IFA/cytokine model.

Purity: Greater than $95 \%$ as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Recombinant Human MOG Protein
55158-100, 55158-500, 55158-1000
See label on the vial
$100 \mu \mathrm{~g}, 500 \mu \mathrm{~g}, 1000 \mu \mathrm{~g}$
The sequence (Accession \# CAQ10087) corresponding to the extracellular domain of human MOG along with a $6 x$ His tag was expressed in E. coli. The recombinant human MOG (H-rMOG) was purified from urea denatured bacterial lysate using immobilized metal affinity chromatography (IMAC). The molecular weight of the recombinant human MOG is 14.2 kDa .

Less than 0.1 EU per $1 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ of the protein as determined by Limulus Amebocyte Lysate (LAL) quantitative kinetic assay.

The purified human rMOG is supplied as sterile and frozen at $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ in 25 mM sodium acetate buffer ( $\mathrm{pH}=4.0$ ). Store at $2-4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for immediate use within 3 weeks or at $-20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for up to 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Related Products

| Product Name | Cat. \# |
| :--- | :---: |
| Recombinant mouse MOG (1-125) | $\mathbf{5 5 1 5 0}$ |
| Recombinant rat MOG (1-125) | $\mathbf{5 5 1 5 2}$ |
| SensoLyte $®$ Anti-Human MOG (1-125) Mouse IgG Specific ELISA Kit | $\mathbf{5 5 1 5 3 - M}$ |
| SensoLyte $®$ Anti-Human MOG (1-125) Rat IgG Specific ELISA Kit | $\mathbf{5 5 1 5 3 - R}$ |
| SensoLyte $®$ Anti-Human MOG (1-125) Human IgG Specific ELISA Kit | $\mathbf{5 5 1 5 3 - H}$ |
| SensoLyte $®$ Anti-Mouse MOG (1-125) IgG Quantitative ELISA Kit | $\mathbf{5 5 1 5 6}$ |
| SensoLyte $®$ Anti-Rat MOG (1-125) IgG Quantitative ELISA Kit | $\mathbf{5 5 1 5 7}$ |

## References:

1. Jayaram Bettadapura et.al. (1998) Journal of Neurochemistry 70 (4): 1593-1599
2. Alfred R Oliver et al (2003) Journal of Immunology 171:462-468
3. Hans-Christian Von Budingen et.al. (2001) Journal of Clinical Immunology 21 (3): 155-170
4. Jerri-Anne Lyons et.al. (1999) European Journal of Immunology 29: 3432-3439
5. Hans-Christian Von Budingen et.al. (2004) European Journal of Immunology 34: 2072-2083

## For Research Use Only!

