

## **Monoclonal Antibody to CD8 - FITC**

Alternate names: CD8 alpha chain, CD8A, MAL, T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain, T-lymphocyte

differentiation antigen T8/Leu-2

Catalog No.: SM259FX
Quantity: 0.5 mg
Concentration: 0.1 mg/ml

Background: The CD8 antigen is a cell surface glycoprotein found on most cytotoxic T lymphocytes that

mediates efficient cell to cell interactions within the immune system. The CD8 antigen, acting as a coreceptor, and the T cell receptor on the T lymphocyte recognize antigen displayed by an antigen presenting cell (APC) in the context of class I MHC molecules. The

functional coreceptor is either a homodimer composed of two alpha chains, or a

heterodimer composed of one alpha and one beta chain. Both alpha and beta chains share

significant homology to immunoglobulin variable light chains.

Uniprot ID: P07725

NCBI: <u>NP 113726.1</u>

GenelD: <u>24930</u>

Host / Isotype: Mouse / IgG1

Clone: OX-8

**Immunogen:** Rat thymocyte membrane glycoproteins.

Spleen cells from immunised BALB/c mice were fused with cells of the NS1 mouse

myeloma cell line.

Format: State: Liquid purified IgG fraction.

**Purification:** Ion Exchange Chromatography

**Buffer System:** PBS, pH 7.4 containing 0.09% Sodium Azide as preservative and 1% BSA as

stabilizer.

Label: FITC - Fluorescein Isothiocyanate Isomer 1

Applications: Flow cytometry: Use 10µl of Neat-1/10 diluted antibody to label 10e6 cells in 100 µl.

This clone has been described reacting with paraffin-embedded material following PLP

Fixation (periodatelysine paraformaldehyde).

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

Specificity: This antibody recognises the CD8 alpha cell surface antigen, expressed by a subset of T

lymphocytes, most thymocytes and the majority of NK cells. Clone MRC OX-8 is suitable for use in in vitro blocking studies.

**Species:** Rat.

Other species not tested.



## SM259FX: Monoclonal Antibody to CD8 - FITC

## **Storage:**

Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.

- General References: 1. Brideau, R.J. et al. (1980) Two subsets of rat T lymphocytes defined with monoclonal antibodies. Eur. J. Immunol. 10: 609-615.
  - 2. Lyscom, N. and Brueton, M.J. (1982) Intraepithelial, lamina propria and Peyers patch lymphocytes of the rat small intestine: isolation and characterization in terms of immunoglobulin markers and receptors for monoclonal antibodies. Immunology 45: 775-783.
  - 3. Whiteland, J.L. et al. (1995) Immunohistochemical Detection of T-Cell Subsets and other Leucocytes in Paraffin-embedded Rat and Mouse Tissues with Monoclonal Antibodies. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 43: 313-320.
  - 4. Bukovsky, A. et al. (1984) Association of some cell surface antigens of lymphoid cells and cell surface differentiation antigens with early rat pregnancy. Immunology. 52:631-640.
  - 5. Popov, I. et al. (2001) The effect of an Anti-HLA-B27 Immune Response on CTL Recognition of Chlamydia. J. Immunol. 167: 3375 - 3382.