

## Monoclonal Antibody to CD284 / TLR4 - FITC

Alternate names: Toll-like receptor 4

Catalog No.: SM1677FT Quantity:  $25 \mu g$  Concentration: 0.1 mg/ml

Background: TLR4, also known as CD284, has been demonstrated to act as a receptor for LPS on human

monocytes and macrophages. TLR4 signalling of LPS stimulation requires the presence of the MD-2 molecule. TLR4 is weakly expressed by resting cells, but is upregulated following

stimulation with LPS.

**Uniprot ID:** <u>000206</u>

NCBI: NM\_138554.3
Host / Isotype: Mouse / IgG2a

Clone: HTA125

Immunogen: Ba/F3 cell line expressing TLR4 (CD284).

Spleen cells from immunised Balb/c mice were fused with cells of the mouse SP2/0

myeloma cell line.

Format: State: Liquid purified IgG fraction.

Purification: Affinity Chromatography on Protein G.

Buffer System: PBS containing 0.09% Sodium Azide as preservative and 1% BSA as

stabilizer.

Label: FITC - Fluorescein Isothiocyanate Isomer 1

Applications: Flow Cytometry: Use 10 μl of neat antibody to label 10e6 cells or 100 μl whole blood.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

Specificity: This antibody recognises the human Toll like receptor 4 (TLR4) cell surface antigen. This

antibody has been demonstrated to block activation of monocytes with LPS. We

recommend the use of SM1677LE for this purpose.

Species: Human, Guinea Pig, Rhesus Monkey, Canine and Pig.

Other species not tested.

Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.

General References: 1. Shimazu, R. et al. (1999) MD-2, a molecule that confers lipopolysaccharide

responsiveness on Toll like receptor 4. J. Exp. Med. 189: 1777-1182.

2. Jiang, Q. et al. (2000) Cutting edge: lipopolysaccharide induces physical proximity

For research and in vitro use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic work.

Material Safety Datasheets are available at www.acris-antibodies.com or on request.

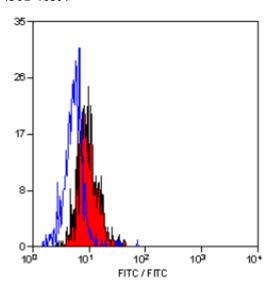




between CD14 and Toll like receptor 4 (TLR4) prior to nuclear translocation of NF-Kappa B. J. Immunol. 165: 3541-3544.

- 3. Yang, S. et al. (2001) Synergistic effect of muramyldipeptide with lipopolysaccharide or lipoteichoic acid to induce inflammatory cytokines in human monocytic cells in culture. Infect. Immun. 69: 2045-2053.
- 4. Triantafilou, M. et al. (2002) Mediators of innate immune recognition of bacteria concentrate in lipid rafts and facilitate lipopolysaccharide-induced cell activation. J. Cell Sci. 115: 2603-2611.
- 5. Kawahara, T. et al. (2001) Type I Helicobacter pylori lipopolysaccharide stimulates toll-like receptor 4 and activates mitogen oxidase 1 in gastric pit cells. Infect. Immun. 69: 4382-4839.

## **Pictures:**



Staining of human peripheral blood monocytes with Mouse Anti Human CD284-FITC (SM1677F/FT).