

## Monoclonal Antibody to Rat IgE - FITC

Catalog No.: SM1029F
Quantity: 0.5 mg
Concentration: 1.0 mg/ml

Background: IgE is the class of antibodies produced in the lungs, skin, and mucous membranes. It may

protect against parasite invasion, but it is a major factor in allergic reactions. The antigen-specific IgE interacts with mast cells and eosinophils, triggers the release of histamine, leukotrienes and other substances that lead to the itching, sneezing and congestion of allergies - and the life threatening respiratory distress of asthma and

anaphylactic shock.

Host / Isotype: Mouse / IgG1
Clone: MARE-1

Immunogen: Rat IgE myeloma proteins (IR162, IR1016, IR2 and IR410).

Format: State: Liquid purified IgG fraction.

Purification: Affinity Chromatography.

Buffer System: PBS, pH 7.4 containing 50% Glycerol and 0.09% Sodium Azide.

Label: FITC - Fluorescein Isothiocyanate Isomer 1

Applications: Flow Cytometry: Use 50 μl of 5 μg/ml diluted antibody to label 2 x 10e7 cells in 100 μl.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

**Specificity:** Specific for the epsilon chain of Rat IgE and does not cross-react with other classes of Rat

immunoglobulin. **Species:** Rat.

Other species not tested.

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.

General References: 1. Negrao-Cooea, D. et al. (1996) Intestinal Transport and catabolism of IgE. A major

Blood-Independent Pathway of IgE Dissemination during a Trichinella spirali Infection of

Rats. J. Immunol. 157: 4037-4044.

2. Bazin, H. et al. (1978) Transplantable IgD immunoglobulin-secreting tumors in rat. J.

Immunol. 121: 2077-2082.

3. Bazin, H. et al. (1984) Rat monoclonal antibodies. I. Rapid purification from in vitro

culture supernatants. J. Imm. Methods 66: 261-269.

4. Bazin, H. et al. (1984) Rat monoclonal antibodies. II. A rapid and efficient method of

purification from ascitic fluid or serum. J. Imm. Methods 71: 9-16.