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## **Acris Antibodies GmbH**

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## Monoclonal Antibody to CD4 (non-polymorphic epitope)

- PE

Alternate names: T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3, T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4

Catalog No.: SM019R
Quantity: 100 Tests
Concentration: 1.0 mg/ml

Background: CD4 is a single chain transmembrane glycoprotein and belongs to immunoglobulin

supergene family. In extracellular region there are 4 immunoglobulin-like domains (1 Ig-like V-type and 3 Ig-like C2-type). Transmembrane region forms 25 aa, cytoplasmic tail consists of 38 aa. Domains 1,2 and 4 are stabilized by disulfide bonds. The intracellular domain of CD4 is associated with p56Lck, a Src-like protein tyrosine kinase. It was described that CD4

segregates into specific detergent-resistant T-cell membrane microdomains.

Extracellular ligands: MHC class II molecules (binds to CDR2-like region in CD4 domain 1); HIV envelope protein gp120 (binds to CDR2-like region in CD4 domain 1); IL-16 (binds to CD4 domain 3), Human seminal plasma glycoprotein gp17 (binds to CD4 domain 1),

L-selectin

Intracellular ligands: p56Lck

CD4 is a co-receptor involved in immune response (co-receptor activity in binding to MHC class II molecules) and HIV infection (human immunodeficiency virus; CD4 is primary receptor for HIV-1 surface glycoprotein gp120). CD4 regulates T-cell activation, T/B-cell adhesion, T-cell diferentiation, T-cell selection and signal transduction. Defects in antigen presentation (MHC class II) cause dysfunction of CD4+ T-cells and their almost complete

absence in patients blood, tissue and organs (SCID immunodeficiency).

Uniprot ID: P06332

NCBI: <u>NP\_038516.1</u>

GenelD: <u>12504</u>

Host / Isotype: Rat / IgG2a Clone: YTS177.9

Immunogen: Mouse spleen cells.

Spleen cells from immunised DA rats were fused with cells of the Y3/Ag1.2.3 rat myeloma

cell line.

Format: State: Lyophilized purified IgG fraction.

Purification: Affinity chromatography on Protein G

Buffer System: PBS, pH 7.2 containing 0.09% Sodium Azide as preservative and 1% BSA as

stabilizer.

**Label:** PE – R. Phycoerythrin (RPE)

Reconstitution: Restore with 1 ml (SM019R) or 0.25 (SM019RT) distilled water.

For research and in vitro use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic work.

Material Safety Datasheets are available at www.acris-antibodies.com or on request.



## SM019R: Monoclonal Antibody to CD4 (non-polymorphic epitope) - PE

Applications: Flow Cytometry: Use 10 µl of neat antibody to label 10e6 cells. The Fc region of monoclonal

antibodies may bind non-specifically to cells expressing low affinity Fc receptors.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

**Specificity:** This antibody reacts with the CD4 antigen; non polymorphic epitope.

The antibody is reported to block MHC class II dependant T-cell responses in vitro and in

vivo and induces tolerance. We recommend SM019A for such studies.

**Species:** Mouse.

Other species not tested.

Storage: Prior to and following reconstitution store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C.

DO NOT FREEZE!

This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Shelf life: one year from despatch.

General References: 1. Qin, S. et al. (1990) Induction of tolerance in peripheral T-cells with monoclonal

antibodies. Eur. J. Immunol. 20: 2737-2745.

2. Cobbold, S.P. et al. (1990) The induction of skin graft tolerance in MHC-mismatched or primed recipients: primed T-cells can be tolerised in the periphery with CD4 and CD8

antibodies. Eur. J. Immunol. 20: 2747-2755.

3. Wise, M.P. et al. (1998) Cutting Edge: Linked suppression of skin graft rejection can

operate through indirect recognition. J. Immunol. 161: 5813-5816.