

Polyclonal Antibody to Rat IgG [H&L] -Texas Red-

Catalog No.: R1378TR
Quantity: 1 mg

Concentration: 1.0 mg/ml Host: Goat

Immunogen: Rat IgG whole molecule.

Format: State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction.

Purification: Immunoaffinity chromatography.

Buffer System: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 with 10 mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) (IgG and Protease free) as stabilizer and 0.01% (w/v)

Sodium Azide as preservative.

Label: Texas Red – -- Sulfonyl Chloride (Molecular Weight 625 daltons)

Absorption / Emission: 596 nm / 620 nm

Molar Ratio: 2.8 moles Texas Red per mole of Goat IgG.

Reconstitution: Restore with 1.0 ml of deionized water (or equivalent).

Applications: Suitable for Immunomicroscopy and Flow cytometry or FACS analysis as well as other

antibody based fluorescent assays requiring lot-to-lot consistency.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

Specificity: This product was prepared from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity

chromatography using Rat IgG coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase

adsorption(s) to remove any unwanted reactivities.

Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Goat

Serum, Rat IgG and Rat Serum.

No reaction was observed against Bovine, Chicken, Goat, Guinea Pig, Hamster, Horse,

Human, Mouse, Rabbit and Sheep Serum Proteins.

Conjugation Reference: J. Titus, P. Haugland, S. Sharrow, D. Segal J. Immun

Store vial at 4°C prior to restoration. For extended storage reconstitute product with 50%

glycerol instead of water and then aliquot contents and freeze at -20°C or below. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature.

This antibody is stable for one month at 4°C as an undiluted liquid.

Dilute only prior to immediate use. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Shelf life: One year from despatch.

General References: 1. J. Titus, P. Haugland, S. Sharrow, D. Segal J. Immunol. Methods 50; 193, 1982.