

Polyclonal Antibody to Monkey IgA alpha (alpha chain specific) -TRITC-

Alternate names: Monkey Immunoglobulin A

Catalog No.: R1346T Quantity: 1 mg

Concentration: 1.0 mg/ml (by UV absorbance at 280 nm)

Host: Goat

Immunogen: Monkey IgA α alpha chain.

Format: State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction.

Purification: Immunoaffinity chromatography.

Buffer System: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2, containing 10 mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA, IgG and Protease free) as stabilizer and 0.01% (w/v)

Sodium Azide as preservative.

Label: TRITC – Tetramethylrhodamine isothiocyanante; Molecular Weight 444 daltons)

Absorption / Emission: 550 nm / 570 nm

Molar Ratio: 2.9 moles TRITC per mole of Goat IgG.

Reconstitution: Restore with 1.0 ml of deionized water (or equivalent).

Applications: Suitable for Immunomicroscopy and Flow cytometry or FACS analysis as well as other

antibody based fluorescent assays requiring lot-to-lot consistency.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

Specificity: This product was prepared from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity

chromatography using Monkey IgA coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase

adsorption(s) to remove any unwanted reactivities.

Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Goat

Serum, Monkey IgA and Monkey Serum.

No reaction was observed against Monkey IgG or Monkey IgM. Specificity was confirmed by ELISA at less than 1% cross reactivity against other Monkey heavy or light chain isotypes.

Storage: Store vial at 2-8°C prior to restoration. For extended storage add glycerol to 50% and then

aliquot contents and freeze at -20°C or below. Centrifuge product if not completely clear

after standing at room temperature.

This antibody is stable for one month at 2-8°C as an undiluted liquid.

Dilute only prior to immediate use. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: One year from despatch.

General References: Conjugation Reference: J.A. Titus, et al. J. Immunol. Methods 50; 193, 1982.